

4 March 2026


GEDSI Forum

Session 6



Protective systems, Legal Policies and Enforcement





Victim/survivors don't experience systems as separate sectors — they experience whether help is there or not.

Protective systems, Legal Policies and Enforcement

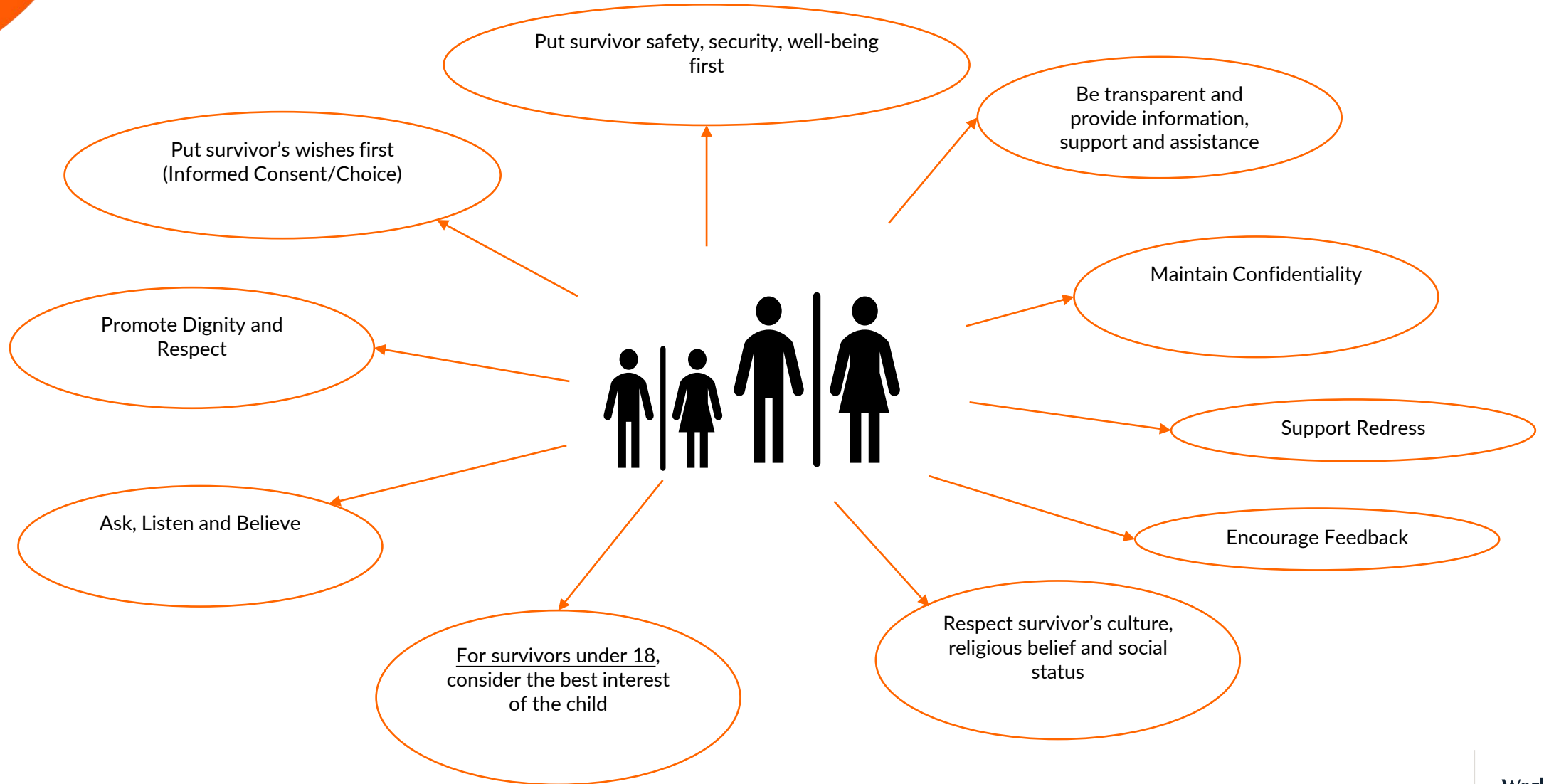
Systems include:

- Health; justice; social services; community-based mechanisms; safeguarding and referral pathways

Focuses on:

- Coordination, capacity, clear pathways; survivor-centred practice

Survivor-centred Approach



Discussion

- Where do systems not work for victim/survivors in your context?



To reduce violence-tolerant social & gender norms (e.g. influencers incl. boys, men, faith leaders).

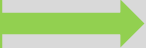
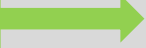
To strengthen positive parenting and couples' relationships.

To increase the protective and relational skills of the most vulnerable children/adolescents

To increase income and resilience decreasing economic stressors on families.

To strengthen the formal and informal CP system and laws to prevent DV and VAC; strengthen multi-sectoral support and response services

- CP Core:**
- Local CP Partner groups
 - Reporting and referral
 - Safeguarding & child participation
 - Online safety



Social/ gender norms or normative contexts

Caregivers: MH, IPV, lack of skills

Child/ Adolescent: disability/ behaviour

Poverty or material context

Lack of protective system

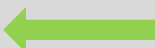
Government Services Depending on context

- ECD and parenting services

- Supportive services and case management

- Cash Transfers
- Child sensitive social protection

- Policies & laws to end corporal punishment
- One stop centres
- Child protection system



Protective systems, Legal Policies and Enforcement

Recommended interventions (addressing violence in the home)

- Child Protection Core
 - *Local CP Partner Groups*
 - *Reporting and Referral (R&R) Mechanisms*
 - *Safeguarding*
 - *Online Safety requirements.*
- Citizen Voice and Action (CVA)
- Child-led advocacy and research
- Training the social workforce and law enforcement

Protective systems, Legal Policies and Enforcement

Humanitarian Contexts

- Case Management

Complementary interventions

- Safety Planning (Abuse risk reduction strategies for survivors)
- Mobile Apps to Prevent Violence Against Women and Girls
- Budget Advocacy

Deep Dive: Response & Referral

Country experience: WV Zambia

Sharing experience

1. Identify one system you've worked on related to child protection or GBV
2. Choose one discussion point:
 - *One thing that strengthened the system...*
 - *One barrier we had to overcome...*
3. Find someone to share your experience with...



Ending violence against women and children

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Session 7

Inclusive Development for Youth and Adolescents

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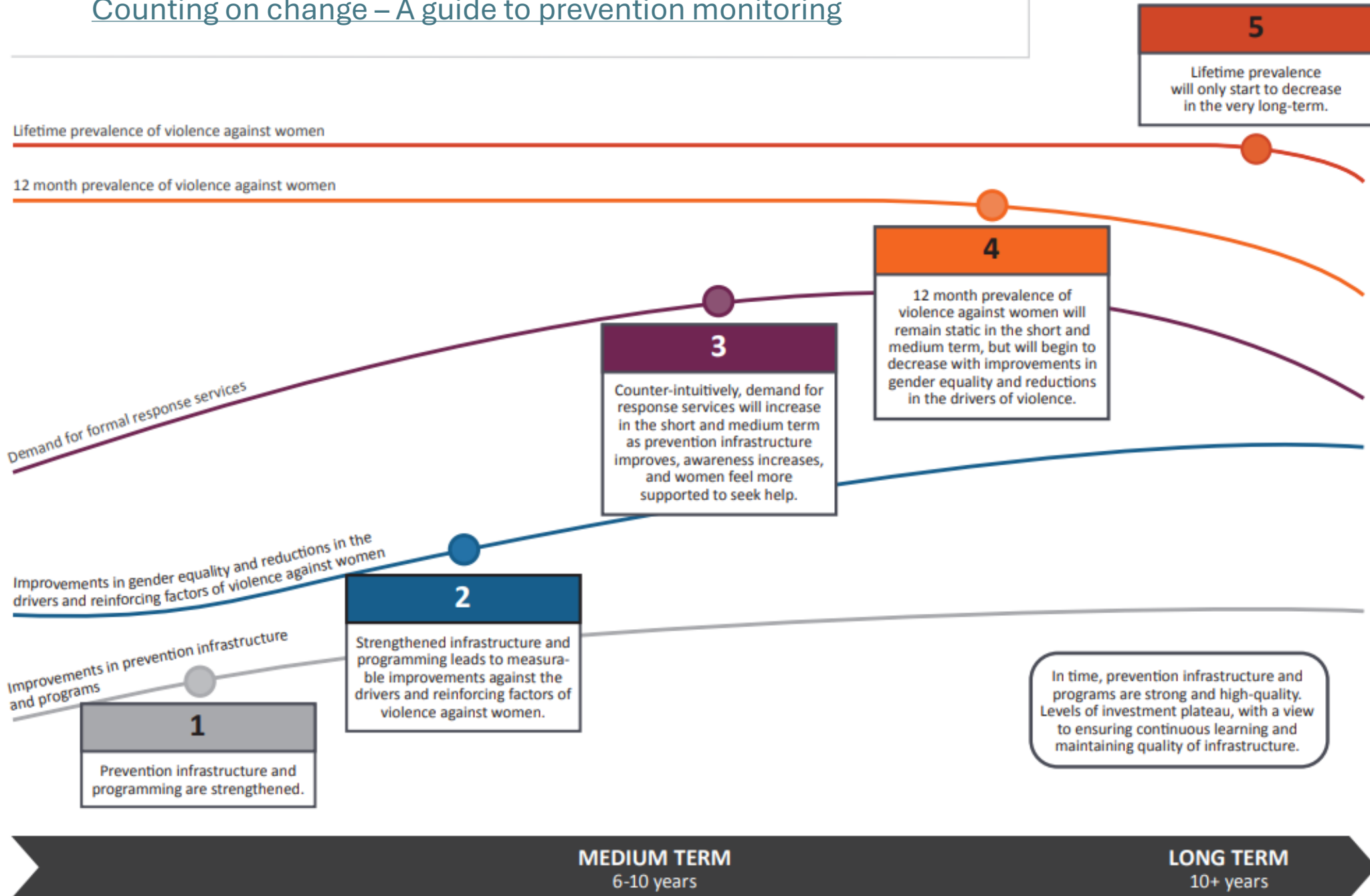
Session 8

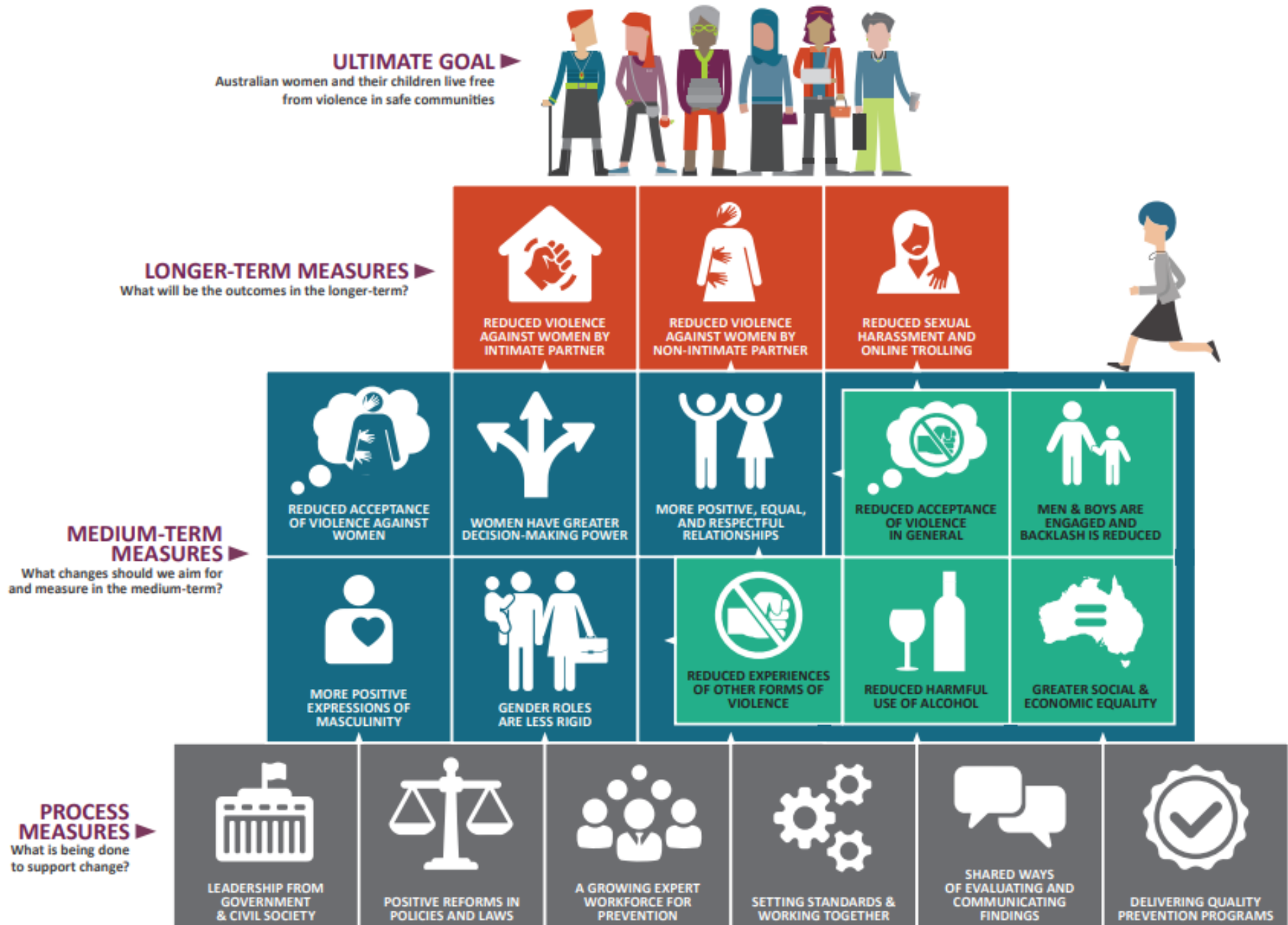


Ending violence against women and children

Measurement and Ethics

Counting on change – A guide to prevention monitoring





Our Impact, Our Story - Indicators

91 Proportion of mothers/female caregivers of children aged 0-17 who experienced physical violence by intimate partner in the past 12 months

60 Proportion of community members (adolescents and adults) who support gender equitable attitudes

93 Proportion of households with women actively engaged in decision making

94 Average number of hours spent on productive and domestic tasks [workload] by women and men

92 Proportion of women aged 15–49 years who make informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care

95 The percentage of women of reproductive age (15-49 years) who desire either to have no (additional) children or to postpone the next child and who are currently using a modern method of contraception

Our Impact, Our Story – DM Indicators

- 58 Number of girls and boys reached with attitude and behaviour change communication strategies that demonstrate increased knowledge of all forms of Gender-based violence (GBV) and how to access GBV services
- 59 Number of boys and girls accessing gender-based violence (GBV) response services
- 116 Number of women, men reached with attitude and behaviour change communication strategies that demonstrate increased knowledge of all forms of Gender-based violence (GBV) and prevention and how to access GBV services
- 117 Number of Gender-based violence (GBV)-specialised personnel (ex. case or social worker, counsellor) who have the knowledge, attitude and skills to provide quality GBV response services
- 118 Number of women, men accessing gender-based violence (GBV) response services

Our Impact, Our Story – CP Indicators

- 22 Proportion of adolescents who report having experienced any physical violence and/or psychological aggression by parent/caregivers in the past 12 months
- 25 Proportion of adolescents who have experienced sexual violence in the past 12 months by any perpetrator
- 26 Proportion of children and adolescents engaged in child labour
- 27 Proportion of adolescents who are married

Ethics in data collection

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Session 9



Ending violence against women and children

SGBV Prevention – Economic Empowerment Approaches





Ending violence against women and children



Staff care & bringing it all together



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Session 10





World Vision

