



ARMY AT YANKEE STADIUM

14-21-5 • 40 GAMES

OCT. 17, 1925 – ARMY 27, NOTRE DAME 0

Army snapped a seven-game winless streak against Notre Dame with a victory at Yankee Stadium. Notre Dame had posted six wins and a tie in the previous seven contests but Army's stellar defense, led by Moe Daly, handed Notre Dame its second worst defeat. The game was the first college game to be played at Yankee Stadium.

NOV. 13, 1926 – NOTRE DAME 7, ARMY 0

A long touchdown run was the difference as Notre Dame edged Army at Yankee Stadium. Christy Flanagan broke off a 63-yard touchdown run in the second half for the only scoring.

NOV. 12, 1927 – ARMY 18, NOTRE DAME 0

Chris Cagle scored twice to lead Army to a win against Notre Dame at Yankee Stadium. Cagle covered 53 yards for his first touchdown and then closed the scoring with a 40-yard passing play.

NOV. 10, 1928 – NOTRE DAME 12, ARMY 6

In a game now known for "The Gipper," Notre Dame scored twice and then held off Army for a victory at Yankee Stadium. Notre Dame coach Knute Rockne delivered his famous "Win One For The Gipper," speech at halftime and the Irish scored twice in the second half. Rockne discussed the deathbed scene of George Gipp at intermission, who told the coach "When the going gets rough, and the breaks are against the boys, ask them to win one for the 'Gipper'."

Trailing by a touchdown, Army had possession on the Notre Dame six-inch-line when time ran out.

DEC. 1, 1928 – STANFORD 26, ARMY 0

Stanford rushed for 383 yards to cruise to a win against Army with 88,000 fans in attendance at Yankee Stadium. Stanford also threw for 77 yards on the way to 22 first downs. Army piled up 129 yards passing and 119 on the ground.

NOV. 30, 1929 – NOTRE DAME 7, ARMY 0

A long touchdown return by Jack Elder spoiled an Army scoring attempt and led Notre Dame to a win at Yankee Stadium. With Army inside the five-yard-line, Elder stepped in front of a Chris Cagle pass and rambled 96 yards to the end zone.

NOV. 8, 1930 – ARMY 13, ILLINOIS 0

Ray Stecker scored a rushing touchdown and intercepted a pass for another as Army cruised to a shutout victory in front of 70,000 wet spectators at Yankee Stadium. Stecker opened the scoring in the third quarter with a nine-yard run and closed out the victory with a 48-yard interception return in the final quarter.

DEC. 13, 1930 – ARMY 6, NAVY 0

A postseason game was played between Army and Navy as 70,000 jammed Yankee Stadium for the benefit of charity (victims of the Depression at the request of President Herbert Hoover). The lone score came in the final quarter on a 56-yard touchdown run by Ray Stecker - at that point the longest run from scrimmage in the series and second longest TD.

NOV. 28, 1931 – ARMY 12, NOTRE DAME 0

A capacity crowd was on hand in a snowstorm as Army beat Notre Dame at Yankee Stadium. Tom Kilday rushed for a short touchdown and Ray Stecker raced to a 68-yard touchdown for the Army scoring and the Cadets' first win against Notre Dame since 1927.

DEC. 12, 1931 – ARMY 17, NAVY 7

With the Great Depression having a grip on the entire nation, college football was chipping in with numerous benefit games. Army and Navy played their second charity game in a row with the Cadets winning by 10 points and charity by \$350,000. Army led 10-0 at the half, but Navy drew to 10-7 in the third quarter before the Cadets added an insurance touchdown on Ed Herb's one-yard scamper in the final period.

NOV. 26, 1932 – NOTRE DAME 21, ARMY 0

Notre Dame's second-quarter touchdown proved to be enough as the Irish beat Army at Yankee Stadium. Notre Dame scored once in the first half and twice in the third quarter for the victory.

DEC. 2, 1933 – NOTRE DAME 13, ARMY 12

A blocked punt resulted in a touchdown as Notre Dame beat Army at Yankee Stadium. Notre Dame scored twice in the final quarter to erase a 12-0 Army advantage. Wayne Millner recovered a blocked punt in the end zone and Ray Bonar kicked the ensuring conversion to secure the Notre Dame victory.

NOV. 24, 1934 – NOTRE DAME 12, ARMY 6

A late touchdown pass was the difference as Notre Dame edged Army at Yankee Stadium. Quarterback Andy Pilney guided the Irish down the field, throwing to Dan Hanley for the game-winning touchdown with six minutes remaining in the game. Bill Shakespeare threw a scoring pass to Dom Vairo for an early Notre Dame lead but Army came back to tie the game on a pass from Jack Buckler to Bob Shuler.

NOV. 16, 1935 – ARMY 6, NOTRE DAME 6

Notre Dame used a late touchdown to secure a tie with Army, in a game played at Yankee Stadium. Monk Meyer and Whitey Grove connected for a 40-yard touchdown to give Army an early 6-0 lead. Notre Dame though, forced the tie with seconds remaining when Larry Danborn scored on a one-yard touchdown run.

OCT. 10, 1936 – ARMY 27, COLUMBIA 16

Before a crowd of 38,000 fans at Yankee Stadium, Army took to the air to come from behind twice to defeat Columbia, 27-16. Trailing 6-0 in the first quarter, Army quarterback Charles "Monk" Meyer threw a pair of touchdown passes that were sandwiched around a safety for a 15-6 halftime lead. The Lions rallied to pull ahead 16-15 in the third period with Army reclaiming the game with a pair of fourth quarter touchdowns on short runs by Bob Kasper and Meyer.

NOV. 14, 1936 – NOTRE DAME 20, ARMY 6

Bob Wilke scored a rushing touchdown and a stout Notre Dame defense led the Irish to a win at Yankee Stadium. Notre Dame turned away two Army scoring chances inside the 10-yard line and Wilke scored from one-yard out. Two third-quarter touchdowns provided insurance.

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NOV. 13, 1937 – #18 NOTRE DAME 7, ARMY 0

A muddy and wet field produced just one touchdown as Notre Dame beat Army at Yankee Stadium. Notre Dame recovered an Army fumble following a fake punt and Ed Simonich scored a rushing touchdown for the only scoring.

OCT. 29, 1938 – #7 NOTRE DAME 19, ARMY 7

Two rushing touchdowns propelled Notre Dame past Army at Yankee Stadium. Riggs Sullivan hauled in a touchdown pass for an early 7-0 Army lead before Notre Dame secured the victory. Benny Sheridan and Joe Thesing scored rushing touchdowns in the final quarter for the Irish.

NOV. 4, 1939 – #4 NOTRE DAME 14, ARMY 0

A rushing touchdown and an interception return for a touchdown were the difference as Notre Dame beat Army at Yankee Stadium. Harry Stevenson set up his five-yard rushing touchdown with a 25-yard completion in the second quarter and Steve Bagarus returned an interception for a 40-yard touchdown in the final quarter.

NOV. 2, 1940 – #2 NOTRE DAME 7, ARMY 0

A long interception return for a touchdown was the only scoring as Notre Dame beat Army at Yankee Stadium. Steve Juzwik intercepted a first-quarter pass and returned it 83 yards for a touchdown for the lone score of the contest.

NOV. 1, 1941 – #14 ARMY 0, #6 NOTRE DAME 0

On a muddy field at Yankee Stadium, neither team was able to generate much offense as Army and Notre Dame played to a scoreless tie.

NOV. 7, 1942 – #4 NOTRE DAME 13, #19 ARMY 0

Notre Dame scored both of its touchdowns in the second half to beat Army at Yankee Stadium. John Creevy plunged in on a short run in the third quarter and George Murphy caught a scoring strike from Angelo Bertelli late in the game.

NOV. 21, 1942 – ARMY 40, PRINCETON 7

Ed Kenna was responsible for three touchdowns as Army beat Princeton before 18,000 fans at Yankee Stadium.

NOV. 6, 1943 – #1 NOTRE DAME 26, #3 ARMY 0

Johnny Lujack was responsible for three touchdowns to help Notre Dame beat Army at Yankee Stadium. Lujack threw for two touchdowns and rushed for another as the Irish kept Army off the scoreboard for the fifth-straight year.

NOV. 11, 1944 – #1 ARMY 59, #5 NOTRE DAME 0

Army ended a streak of five straight contests against Notre Dame without a point by routing Notre Dame at Yankee Stadium. Felix "Doc" Blanchard and Glenn Davis turned in stellar performances to help Army halt a 13-year winless streak to the Irish. Army scored nine touchdowns and handed Notre Dame its worst loss by posting the highest margin of victory in the series. Doug Kenna threw three touchdown passes, Davis ran for three touchdowns and Army's Max Minor scored on a punt return to pace the Black Knights.

OCT. 13, 1945 – #1 ARMY 28, #9 MICHIGAN 7

In the first meeting between these two schools, Army's Felix "Doc" Blanchard and Glenn Davis each scored on long runs in front of 70,000 spectators at Yankee Stadium. Thomas McWilliams capped a 68-yard drive with a five-yard scoring run and then Blanchard extended the lead with a 68-yard scoring jaunt. After Michigan cut its deficit in half, Blanchard forced a fumble and then later scored. Davis closed the scoring with a 70-yard run.

NOV. 10, 1945 – #1 ARMY 48, #2 NOTRE DAME 0

Glenn Davis and Felix "Doc" Blanchard accounted for five touchdowns as Army pasted Notre Dame for the second consecutive season at Yankee Stadium. On the heels of a 59-0 win in 1944, the Black Knights held Notre Dame off the scoreboard for the second consecutive season. Davis rushed for a pair of touchdowns and caught a scoring toss from Arnold Tucker while Blanchard powered his way to a rushing touchdown and returned an interception for six points.

NOV. 9, 1946 – #1 ARMY 0, #2 NOTRE DAME 0

At Yankee Stadium, the top two ranked teams in the country played to a scoreless tie. Neither Army, ranked first, nor Notre Dame, ranked second, were able to break the shutout. It marked the third straight season Army shutout Notre Dame.

OCT. 11, 1947 – #5 ARMY 0, #6 ILLINOIS 0

A crowd of 65,000 fans were treated to a defensive battle as Army and Illinois played to a scoreless tie at Yankee Stadium. The Black Knights posted eight first downs, 162 rushing yards and threw incomplete on all four of its pass attempts. The Illini had 15 first downs with 131 yards on the ground and 81 through the air.

NOV. 6, 1948 – #4 ARMY 43, STANFORD 0

Army scored in each quarter and utilized 50 players in a shutout win against Stanford with a crowd of 47,000 looking on at Yankee Stadium. Rudy Cosentino ran for a 78-yard touchdown, Harold Shultz broke off a 56-yard scoring run and Arnold Galiffa sprinted 41 yards for six points to aid the Black Knights. Robert Stuart had two rushing touchdowns, including one for 60 yards and Floyd Stephenson also found pay dirt on a short run. William Kellum blocked a punt for a safety as well.

OCT. 14, 1950 – #1 ARMY 27, #18 MICHIGAN 6

Army scored 27 unanswered points to post a win against Michigan in front of 67,000 spectators at Yankee Stadium. Michigan took advantage of an early Army turnover before the Cadets rallied with 27 consecutive points. James Cain bulled in to tie the game at 6 before Alfred Pollard scored on a lateral from Robert Blaik to put Army ahead to stay. Blaik hit Jack Martin for another score and Victor Pollack closed the scoring with a rushing touchdown.

NOV. 3, 1951 – #7 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA 28, ARMY 6

Army jumped out to an early lead but was unable to hold off Southern California in front of a rain-soaked crowd of 16,000 fans at Yankee Stadium. Richard Reich helped Army to a 6-0 advantage with a one-yard scoring run but it was all Southern California after that, led by quarterback Frank Gifford.

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OCT. 31, 1959 – ARMY 13, AIR FORCE 13

In the first meeting between service academy rivals, Army and Air Force played to a tie in front of 67,000 spectators and a regional television audience at Yankee Stadium.

Air Force, just two years after being established, was making its first appearance on the East Coast and pulled out all the stops, beginning with its pregame “march-on” ceremony.

Army fumbled five times on the muddy field and Air Force took advantage for an early 6-0 lead. The Black Knights responded with two rushing touchdowns, both by Bob Anderson, to take a 13-6 lead. Anderson's six-yard scoring run capped a 60-yard drive to tie the game and then the halfback put Army on top with a short scoring run after Dale Kuhns blocked a punt. Air Force tied the game with a rushing score by Mike Quinlan and a conversion kick from George Pupich but missed a 31-yard field goal with 41 seconds remaining to force the tie.

NOV. 5, 1960 – ARMY 9, #9 SYRACUSE 6

Frank Blanda kicked a field goal and Ricgard Eckert plowed in for a rushing touchdown as Army edged Syracuse in front of 66,000 fans at Yankee Stadium. Following a scoreless first quarter, Blanda booted a 29-yard field goal for a 3-0 Army lead at intermission. Eckert added to the Army advantage with a two-yard burst before Syracuse used a 15-yard scoring pass to close the gap. Army rushed for 158 yards and completed five passes for 30 yards and also intercepted a pair of passes.

NOV. 18, 1961 – OKLAHOMA 14, ARMY 8

Oklahoma jumped out to a two-touchdown lead and then held off Army in front of 37,300 cold fans at Yankee Stadium. The Sooners got a long rushing touchdown in the first quarter and led 14-0 heading into the final quarter. Joseph Blackgrove hit Paul Zmuida with a five-yard scoring pass and then Arthur Lewis and Zmuida connected for the two-point conversion. Despite 145 yards rushing and 109 passing, Army was unable to get any closer.

NOV. 17, 1962 – PITTSBURGH 7, ARMY 6

In a defensive standoff, Pittsburgh held on to edge Army with a crowd of 23,917 in attendance at Yankee Stadium. Pittsburgh scored the game's first touchdown in the second quarter and then converted the extra point attempt for a 7-0 lead. Joseph Blackgrove closed the gap for Army, with a three-yard scoring run. The two-point conversion attempt failed though with a fumble, allowing Pittsburgh to hang on for the victory. Army had six first downs in the game while Pittsburgh had 10.

NOV. 7, 1964 – SYRACUSE 27, ARMY 15

Syracuse picked up 15 rushing first downs and scored four times on the ground on the way to a win in front of 37,552 fans at Yankee Stadium. Syracuse trailed by a point, 15-14, heading into the final quarter but scored twice in the stanza for the victory. After Syracuse jumped out to a 7-0 lead, Donald Parcels scored on a three-yard run to tie the game. Syracuse responded late in the half to take a 14-7 advantage into halftime. Army took the lead in the third quarter when Parcels scored for the second time, going off tackle on a two-yard run. The two-point conversion run by Carl Stichweh put Army on top, 15-14. Syracuse again came back, scoring twice in the final quarter for the win.

OCT. 11, 1969 – #15 NOTRE DAME 45, ARMY 0

Notre Dame scored double-digit points in each of the first three quarters on the way to a shutout victory in front of 63,786 fans at Yankee Stadium. Joe Theismann threw for 215 yards and a pair of touchdowns to pace the Irish, who posted 31 first downs and limited Army to 13. Notre Dame racked up 365 yards on the ground and four different players scored rushing touchdowns.

NOV. 20, 2010 – NOTRE DAME 27, ARMY 3

Tommy Rees threw for 214 yards and a touchdown, and Notre Dame converted two Army turnovers into 14 points en route to a 27-3 victory over the Black Knights in front of 54,215 spectators at Yankee Stadium.

Army finished with 135 rushing yards. Patrick Mealy led the Black Knights on the ground with 30 yards on six carries. Cierre Wood ran for 88 yards on 14 attempts for Notre Dame, which amassed 155 yards on the ground. The Fighting Irish outgained the Black Knights by a 369-174 margin.

NOV. 12, 2011 – RUTGERS 27, ARMY 12

Chas Dodd threw for 196 yards and two touchdowns, and Rutgers scored twice late in the fourth quarter as the Scarlet Knights defeated Army at Yankee Stadium.

Mohamed Sanu hauled in 13 of Dodd's aerials for a game-high 129 yards receiving to lead Rutgers (7-3) to its second straight victory.

Army freshman fullback Larry Dixon rushed for a career-high 93 yards and one touchdown to pace the Black Knights. Freshman quarterback Angel Santiago added 149 yards of total offense, throwing for 77 yards and rushing for 72 in his first career start. Senior wide receiver Davyd Brooks led Army's receiving corps with three catches for 35 yards.