

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
Arapahoe and Douglas Counties, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

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September 20, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority
Arapahoe and Douglas Counties, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the pollution abatement fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Fiscal Focus Partners, LLC

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages III through IX be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information on pages III through IX in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Fiscal Focus Partners, LLC

Lakewood, Colorado
July 25, 2018

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

Financial Highlights

- Assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,239,927 at the close of the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$1,709,495.
- Total net position increased by \$549,525.
- Total cash and investments increased by \$650,473 as compared to the prior year.
- Property tax revenue increased by \$122,801 as compared to the prior year.
- General government expenses increased by \$282,283 as compared to the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the governmental funds was \$766,059.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The Authority maintains two governmental funds - the general fund and the pollution abatement fund. Both funds are considered to be a major funds.

The Authority adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The Authority maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority uses an enterprise fund to account for its water monitoring activities of the pollution reduction facilities. These services are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water monitoring operations, which is considered to be a major fund of the Authority.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Authority, including a budgetary comparison schedule for the Authority's Water Activity Enterprise Fund and a five year summary of property taxes.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Statement of Net Position

	Net Position 2017		
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Current assets	\$ 3,885,153	\$ 1,186,446	\$ 5,071,599
Capital assets	-	350,000	350,000
Total assets	3,885,153	1,536,446	5,421,599
Current liabilities	242,362	6,014	248,376
Total liabilities	242,362	6,014	248,376
Deferred inflows of resources	1,933,296	-	1,933,296
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,933,296	-	1,933,296
Investment in capital assets	-	350,000	350,000
Restricted net position	660,023	-	660,023
Unrestricted net position	1,049,472	1,180,432	2,229,904
Total net position	\$ 1,709,495	\$ 1,530,432	\$ 3,239,927
	Net Position 2016		
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Current assets	\$ 2,971,385	\$ 1,258,685	\$ 4,230,070
Capital assets	-	350,000	350,000
Total assets	2,971,385	1,608,685	4,580,070
Current liabilities	61,491	52,865	114,356
Total liabilities	61,491	52,865	114,356
Deferred inflows of resources	1,775,312	-	1,775,312
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,775,312	-	1,775,312
Investment in capital assets	-	350,000	350,000
Restricted net position	54,000	231,758	285,758
Unrestricted net position	1,080,582	974,062	2,054,644
Total net position	\$ 1,134,582	\$ 1,555,820	\$ 2,690,402

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator for the Authority's financial position. In the Authority's case, 2017 and 2016 ended with total net position valued at \$3,239,927 and \$2,690,402, respectively, with outstanding liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$2,181,672 and \$1,889,668, respectively. Approximately 94% and 92%, respectively, of the Authority's assets consists of cash and investments and current receivables. The remaining assets represent the current value of the Authority's capital assets less accumulated depreciation.

The Authority's net position increased \$549,525 in 2017 and increased \$412,347 in 2016. The Authority's total revenues exceeded its total expenditures by 28% in 2017 and 22% in 2016. As of December 31, 2017, \$601,023 of monies designated for pollution abatement projects were unspent.

Change in Net Position

	2017		
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Revenue			
Program revenue			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 518,937	\$ 518,937
General revenue			
Property taxes	1,769,270	-	1,769,270
Specific ownership taxes	176,532	-	176,532
Net investment income	21,250	12,278	33,528
Other income	9,438	-	9,438
Reimbursed expenditures	1,059	-	1,059
Total revenue	<u>1,977,549</u>	<u>531,215</u>	<u>2,508,764</u>
Expenses			
General government	1,933,863	-	1,933,863
Water activities	-	25,376	25,376
Total expenses	<u>1,933,863</u>	<u>25,376</u>	<u>1,959,239</u>
Excess revenue over expenses	<u>43,686</u>	<u>505,839</u>	<u>549,525</u>
Transfers in (out)	<u>299,469</u>	<u>(299,469)</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in net position	343,155	206,370	549,525
Net position - Beginning, as restated	<u>1,366,340</u>	<u>1,324,062</u>	<u>2,690,402</u>
Net position - Ending	<u>\$ 1,709,495</u>	<u>\$ 1,530,432</u>	<u>\$ 3,239,927</u>

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

	2016		
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Revenue			
Program revenue			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 487,771	\$ 487,771
General revenue			
Property taxes	1,646,469	-	1,646,469
Specific ownership taxes	141,160	-	141,160
Net investment income	10,116	6,766	16,882
Total revenue	<u>1,797,745</u>	<u>494,537</u>	<u>2,292,282</u>
Expenses			
General government	1,651,580	-	1,651,580
Water activities	-	228,355	228,355
Total expenses	<u>1,651,580</u>	<u>228,355</u>	<u>1,879,935</u>
Change in net position	146,165	266,182	412,347
Net position - Beginning	988,417	1,289,638	2,278,055
Net position - Ending	<u>\$ 1,134,582</u>	<u>\$ 1,555,820</u>	<u>\$ 2,690,402</u>

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Authority's net position by \$343,155 in 2017 and \$146,165 in 2016. Key elements of these changes in net position were as follows:

- Property taxes increased \$122,801 (7%) from 2016 to 2017. This increase was due to the increase of the Authority's assessed valuation.
- Specific ownership taxes increased \$35,372 (25%) from 2016 to 2017 due to economic growth in the area.
- Expenses increased \$282,283 (17%) from 2016 to 2017, which was due to the addition of the pollution abatement fund which reallocated expenses from the enterprise fund to the governmental funds.
- In 2017, pollution abatement expenses and 60% of enterprise revenue were shifted to the pollution abatement fund.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Authority's net position by \$206,370 in 2017 and increased by \$266,182 in 2016. Key elements of these changes in net position were as follows:

- The creation of the pollution abatement fund which reallocated \$231,738 of the December, 31 2016 ending net position to governmental activities.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental funds. The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,108,472, of which \$766,059 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Authority's discretion within the parameters established for the fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Authorities pollution abatement fund reported an ending fund balance of \$601,023, which is all restricted for pollution abatement projects.

Proprietary funds. The Authority's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,180,432. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Authority's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the final budgeted revenue of \$1,932,337 and the actual revenue of \$1,975,925 was \$43,588. Actual expenditures of \$838,979 were below the final budgeted expenditures of \$1,055,430 by \$216,551.

Capital Assets

The Authority added no capital assets during 2017.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had no outstanding long-term obligations.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Government funds. The 2018 budget reflects an increase in levied property tax revenue of \$157,984. General fund expenditures are expected to increase in 2018. The increase is due to the net change of increases in the sampling and analysis program and special projects expenses, and decreases in general and administrative and watershed management expenses.

Proprietary funds. The Authority is expecting fee collection to remain fairly consistent with fees received in 2017. Expenditures are also expected to increase in 2018. The increase is due to the addition of a contingency for unanticipated projects.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority
c/o CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
8390 E. Crescent Parkway, Suite 500
Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2017

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,206,014	\$ 1,076,749	\$ 2,282,763
Cash and investments - Restricted	723,716	-	723,716
Accounts receivable	1,059	109,697	110,756
Receivable - County	12,304	-	12,304
Property tax receivable	1,933,296	-	1,933,296
Prepaid expenses	8,764	-	8,764
Capital assets, not being depreciated	-	350,000	350,000
Total assets	<u>3,885,153</u>	<u>1,536,446</u>	<u>5,421,599</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	<u>242,362</u>	<u>6,014</u>	<u>248,376</u>
Total liabilities	<u>242,362</u>	<u>6,014</u>	<u>248,376</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property tax revenue	<u>1,933,296</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,933,296</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,933,296</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,933,296</u>
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	-	350,000	350,000
Restricted:			
Emergencies - TABOR	59,000	-	59,000
Pollution abatement	601,023	-	601,023
Unrestricted	<u>1,049,472</u>	<u>1,180,432</u>	<u>2,229,904</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,709,495</u>	<u>\$ 1,530,432</u>	<u>\$ 3,239,927</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,933,863	\$ -	\$ 9,438	\$ -	\$ (1,924,425)	\$ -	\$ (1,924,425)
Business-type activities:							
Water activities	25,376	518,937	-	-	-	493,561	493,561
	<u>\$ 1,959,239</u>	<u>\$ 518,937</u>	<u>\$ 9,438</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(1,924,425)</u>	<u>493,561</u>	<u>(1,430,864)</u>
General revenues:							
Property taxes					1,769,270	-	1,769,270
Specific ownership tax					176,532	-	176,532
Net investment income					21,250	12,278	33,528
Reimbursed expenditures					1,059	-	1,059
Transfers in (out)					299,469	(299,469)	-
Total general revenues					<u>2,267,580</u>	<u>(287,191)</u>	<u>1,980,389</u>
Change in net position					343,155	206,370	549,525
Net position - Beginning, as restated					1,366,340	1,324,062	2,690,402
Net position - Ending					<u>\$ 1,709,495</u>	<u>\$ 1,530,432</u>	<u>\$ 3,239,927</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2017**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Pollution Abatement Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,206,014	\$ -	\$ 1,206,014
Cash and investments - Restricted	59,000	664,716	723,716
Receivable - County	12,304	-	12,304
Accounts receivable	-	1,059	1,059
Property tax receivable	1,933,296	-	1,933,296
Prepaid expenses	8,764	-	8,764
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 3,219,378</u>	<u>\$ 665,775</u>	<u>\$ 3,885,153</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 177,610	\$ 64,752	\$ 242,362
Total liabilities	<u>177,610</u>	<u>64,752</u>	<u>242,362</u>
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property tax revenue	1,933,296	-	1,933,296
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,933,296</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,933,296</u>
FUND BALANCE			
Nonspendable	8,764	-	8,764
Restricted for:			
Emergencies	59,000	-	59,000
Pollution abatement	-	601,023	601,023
Assigned to:			
Subsequent year's expenditures	274,649	-	274,649
Unassigned	766,059	-	766,059
Total fund balance	<u>1,108,472</u>	<u>601,023</u>	<u>1,709,495</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 3,219,378</u>	<u>\$ 665,775</u>	<u>\$ 3,885,153</u>

There are no reconciling differences between the fund balance of the governmental fund and the net position of governmental activities.

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Pollution Abatement Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 1,769,270	\$ -	\$ 1,769,270
Specific ownership taxes	176,532	-	176,532
Net investment income	20,685	565	21,250
Reimbursed expenditures	-	1,059	1,059
Contributed capital	9,438	-	9,438
Total revenues	<u>1,975,925</u>	<u>1,624</u>	<u>1,977,549</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting	41,973	-	41,973
Audit	10,773	-	10,773
CC Stewardship Partners	25,000	-	25,000
District management	80,543	157,174	237,717
Dues and subscriptions	1,347	-	1,347
Equipment	9,438	-	9,438
I&E coordination	8,111	-	8,111
Insurance	10,166	-	10,166
Legal	43,678	-	43,678
Office expense	3,833	-	3,833
Pollution reduction facilities	-	10,179	10,179
Reservoir	-	37,951	37,951
Stream corridor preservation	-	438	438
Stream reclamation	-	889,242	889,242
TAC coordination	8,000	-	8,000
Treasurer's fees	26,571	-	26,571
Triennial review hearing	184	-	184
Website	5,050	-	5,050
Watershed management	183,059	-	183,059
Monitoring	282,455	-	282,455
Special projects	98,698	-	98,698
Total expenditures	<u>838,879</u>	<u>1,094,984</u>	<u>1,933,863</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>1,137,046</u>	<u>(1,093,360)</u>	<u>43,686</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in (out)	(1,163,156)	1,462,625	299,469
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,163,156)</u>	<u>1,462,625</u>	<u>299,469</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>(26,110)</u>	<u>369,265</u>	<u>343,155</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	<u>1,134,582</u>	<u>231,758</u>	<u>1,366,340</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,108,472</u>	<u>\$ 601,023</u>	<u>\$ 1,709,495</u>

There are no reconciling differences between the change in fund balance of the governmental fund and the change in net position of governmental activities.

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,775,312	\$ 1,775,312	\$ 1,769,270	\$ (6,042)
Specific ownership tax	142,025	142,025	176,532	34,507
Net investment income	10,000	15,000	20,685	5,685
Contributed capital	-	-	9,438	9,438
Total revenues	<u>1,927,337</u>	<u>1,932,337</u>	<u>1,975,925</u>	<u>43,588</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Administrative and overhead				
Accounting	32,000	32,000	41,973	(9,973)
Audit	13,000	13,000	10,773	2,227
CC Stewardship Partners	25,000	25,000	25,000	-
District management	120,000	120,000	80,543	39,457
Dues and subscriptions	1,500	1,500	1,347	153
I&E coordination	20,000	20,000	8,111	11,889
Insurance	9,200	9,200	10,166	(966)
Legal	55,000	55,000	43,678	11,322
Office expense	5,000	5,000	3,833	1,167
Equipment	5,000	5,000	9,438	(4,438)
TAC coordination	10,000	10,000	8,000	2,000
Treasurer's fees	26,630	26,630	26,571	59
Triennial review hearing	-	-	184	(184)
Website	5,000	5,000	5,050	(50)
	<u>327,330</u>	<u>327,330</u>	<u>274,667</u>	<u>52,663</u>
Watershed management				
Annual report	35,800	35,800	32,118	3,682
Land use referrals	30,500	30,500	-	30,500
General watershed management	161,800	161,800	123,130	38,670
Site application review	10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Data management	15,000	15,000	27,811	(12,811)
	<u>253,100</u>	<u>253,100</u>	<u>183,059</u>	<u>70,041</u>
Monitoring				
Monitoring - reservoir	101,000	101,000	96,383	4,617
General technical support	90,000	90,000	102,731	(12,731)
Monitoring - watershed	84,000	84,000	83,341	659
	<u>275,000</u>	<u>275,000</u>	<u>282,455</u>	<u>(7,455)</u>
Subtotal - Expenditures	<u>855,430</u>	<u>855,430</u>	<u>740,181</u>	<u>115,249</u>

(Continued)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017
(Continued)

	Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Special projects				
Other	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Studies - undesignated	175,000	175,000	98,698	76,302
	<u>200,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>98,698</u>	<u>101,302</u>
Capital projects				
Piney Creek	700,000	-	-	-
Stream stabilization - CC 12 Mile Phase I	50,000	-	-	-
Stream stabilization - CC State Park to Eco Park	150,000	-	-	-
	<u>900,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,955,430</u>	<u>1,055,430</u>	<u>838,879</u>	<u>216,551</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(28,093)	876,907	1,137,046	260,139
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	-	(1,200,000)	(1,163,156)	36,844
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,200,000)</u>	<u>(1,163,156)</u>	<u>36,844</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(28,093)	(323,093)	(26,110)	296,983
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	994,481	1,134,582	1,134,582	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 966,388</u>	<u>\$ 811,489</u>	<u>\$ 1,108,472</u>	<u>\$ 296,983</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
POLLUTION ABATEMENT FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 565	\$ 565
Reimbursed expenditures	-	-	1,059	1,059
Total revenues	-	-	1,624	1,624
EXPENDITURES				
Management / administration	-	250,000	157,174	92,826
Stream corridor preservation	-	1,000	438	562
Pollution reduction facilities				
PRF - monitoring	-	-	1,210	(1,210)
PRF - revegetation	-	15,000	2,343	12,657
PRF - restorative (general & emergencies)	-	25,000	-	25,000
PRF - weed control	-	-	6,626	(6,626)
PRF - rehabilitation	-	35,000	-	35,000
Reservoir				
Utilities - reservoir destratification	-	40,000	33,342	6,658
O&M - reservoir destratification	-	35,000	4,532	30,468
Shoreline stabilization - West Shade Shelter	-	100	77	23
Stream reclamation				
Stream reclamation - Piney Creek	-	725,000	860,815	(135,815)
Stream reclamation - CCSP to Eco Park	-	-	2,858	(2,858)
Stream reclamation - CC 12-Mile Park Phase II	-	-	25,569	(25,569)
Stream reclamation - CCSP Phase I	-	50,000	-	50,000
Stream reclamation - CCSP Phase II	-	155,000	-	155,000
Total expenditures	-	1,331,100	1,094,984	236,116
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				
	-	(1,331,100)	(1,093,360)	(234,492)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	-	1,500,000	1,462,625	(37,375)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,500,000	1,462,625	(37,375)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES				
	-	168,900	369,265	200,365
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	-	231,758	231,758	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 400,658	\$ 601,023	\$ (271,867)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
December 31, 2017
(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2016)

	Water Activity Enterprise Fund	Water Activity Enterprise Fund
	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 1,076,749	\$ 949,328
Cash and investments - Restricted	-	231,758
Accounts receivable	109,697	77,599
Total current assets	<u>1,186,446</u>	<u>1,258,685</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated	350,000	350,000
Total capital assets	<u>350,000</u>	<u>350,000</u>
Total assets	<u>1,536,446</u>	<u>1,608,685</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	6,014	52,865
Total liabilities	<u>6,014</u>	<u>52,865</u>
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	350,000	350,000
Restricted		
Pollution abatement	-	231,758
Unrestricted	1,180,432	974,062
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,530,432</u>	<u>\$ 1,555,820</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017
(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2016)

	Water Activity Enterprise Fund 2017	Water Activity Enterprise Fund 2016
OPERATING REVENUES		
Recreation fees	\$ 212,905	\$ 204,506
Building permit fees	196,569	174,327
Wastewater surcharges	109,463	108,938
Total operating revenues	518,937	487,771
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration	-	62,283
Cottonwood wetland ponds	-	270
I&E - coordination	6,190	550
PRF - general and emergency repairs	-	21,900
PRF - monitoring	-	107,417
PRF - O&M and inspections	-	25
PRF - revegetation	-	4,740
PRF - weed control	-	9,521
Reservoir destratification	-	8,797
Equipment	19,186	-
Stream stabilization - Norton Open Space	-	7,875
Utilities - destratification	-	4,977
Total operating expenses	25,376	228,355
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	493,561	259,416
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Net investment income	12,278	6,766
Total nonoperating revenues	12,278	6,766
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Transfers in (out)	(299,469)	-
Total other financing sources	(299,469)	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	206,370	266,182
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	1,324,062	1,289,638
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,530,432	\$ 1,555,820

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017
(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2016)

	Water Activity Enterprise Fund	Water Activity Enterprise Fund
	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 486,839	\$ 517,411
Payments to suppliers	(72,227)	(240,357)
Net cash provided (required) by operating activities	414,612	277,054
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers to Pollution Abatement Fund	(299,469)	-
Interest received	12,278	6,766
Net cash provided (required) by investing activities	(287,191)	6,766
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	127,421	283,820
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALANTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	949,328	897,266
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,076,749	\$ 1,181,086
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities		
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 493,561	\$ 259,416
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash flows provided by operating activities		
Accounts receivable (increase) decrease	(32,098)	29,640
Accounts payable increase (decrease)	(46,851)	(12,002)
Net cash provided (required) by operating activities	\$ 414,612	\$ 277,054

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority (the Authority) is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado. Formed on June 16, 1988, the Authority was created by Colorado HB1029 to monitor the water quality in the Cherry Creek Basin and to construct facilities to control the accumulation of pollutants. The Authority receives its funding primarily from property taxes assessed and fees charged by other governmental entities for remittance to the Authority.

The Authority follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The Authority has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The Authority is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the Authority a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the Authority are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the Authority. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Both statements distinguish between governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the Authority. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources of the Authority is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Authority. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Pollution Abatement Fund is used to account for revenues earned and expenditures incurred in connection with the reduction of pollutants within the Cherry Creek Basin.

The Authority reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Enterprise Fund accounts for the water activities that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the Authority is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for service provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the Authority's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The Authority's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The Authority has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The Authority follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the Authority's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the Authority.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. water quality improvements, pollution abatement facilities, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the investment in capital assets calculation of the Authority's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful life:

Equipment	8 years
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Water Rights

The cost of water rights includes acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- *Nonspendable fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government’s highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.
- *Assigned fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government’s intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.
- *Unassigned fund balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the Authority’s practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2017, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$ 2,282,763
Cash and investments - Restricted	723,716
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 3,006,479</u>

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2017, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 27,022
Investments	<u>2,979,457</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 3,006,479</u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2017, the Authority's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$27,022.

Investments

The Authority has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the Authority follows state statutes regarding investments.

The Authority generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the Authority is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Authority. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2017, the Authority had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted average under 60 days	\$ 1,801,924
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted average under 60 days	<u>1,177,533</u>
		<u>\$ 2,979,457</u>

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2017, follows:

	<u>Balance at December 31, 2016</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance at December 31, 2017</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Monitoring equipment	\$ 40,889	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,889
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>40,889</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,889</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Monitoring equipment	40,889	-	-	40,889
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	<u>Balance at December 31, 2016</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance at December 31, 2017</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Water rights and interest in real property	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 350,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>\$ 350,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 350,000</u>

The State of Colorado has assumed ownership of the Reservoir Destratification Facility (Facility); however, the Authority retains financial responsibility for operations and maintenance as well as insures the Facility. The Authority also maintains other pollution reduction facilities which are owned by the State but not recorded on the Authority's records.

NOTE 5 - NET POSITION

The Authority has net position consisting of three components – investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. As of December 31, 2017, the Authority had investment in capital assets as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business- type Activities</u>
Investment in capital assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 350,000</u>

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 5 - NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Authority had a restricted net position at December 31, 2017, as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities
Restricted net position:		
Emergencies - TABOR	\$ 59,000	\$ -
Pollution abatement (see Note 10)	601,023	-
Total restricted net position	\$ 660,023	\$ -

The Authority's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2017, is \$2,229,904.

NOTE 6 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Non-Point Source Pollution Reduction Facility Maintenance Agreement

On January 12, 2006, the Authority entered into a non-point source pollution reduction facility maintenance agreement with the State of Colorado for the use and benefit of the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation (the State).

The purpose of this agreement is to further the ongoing cooperation between the parties with respect to Pollution Reduction Facilities (PRFs) located within the Cherry Creek State Park (CCSP) that, in addition to abating pollution and protecting the quality of the water in the Reservoir, enhance the aesthetic, natural, and recreation values associated with the use of CCSP and promote terrestrial and aquatic life. In particular, this agreement is entered into for the purpose of allocating maintenance responsibilities between the parties with regard to the PRFs and the ancillary facilities within CCSP in a way that encourages the efficient use of public resources, fosters public accountability, and enhances the cooperation between the parties.

Under the terms of this agreement, the Authority shall share maintenance expenditures with the State regarding the specifically identified PRFs; however, all PRFs shall be deemed to be the property of the State.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 6 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reservoir Destratification Facilities Operation and Maintenance Agreement

On March 7, 2007, the Authority entered into a reservoir destratification facilities operation and maintenance agreement with the State of Colorado for the use and benefit of the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation (the State).

The purpose of this agreement is to further the ongoing cooperation between the parties with respect to Reservoir Destratification Facilities (Facilities) located within the Cherry Creek State Park (CCSP) that, in addition to abating pollution and protecting the quality of the water in the Reservoir, enhance the aesthetic, natural, and recreation values associated with the use of CCSP and promote terrestrial and aquatic life. In particular, this agreement is entered into for the purpose of furthering and promoting construction, operation, and maintenance of the Facilities in a way that encourages the efficient use of public resources, fosters public accountability, and enhances the cooperation between the parties.

Under the terms of this agreement, the Authority shall be responsible for the design, construction and operation of the Facilities, routine inspections, restorative and rehabilitative maintenance, park visitor information and removal of the Facilities, when and if the Facilities are no longer necessary. The State shall be responsible for routine maintenance and regular inspections of the Facilities. The Facilities shall be deemed to be the property of the State.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The Authority is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Authority pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, workers compensation and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 8 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The Authority's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The Authority's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits and qualification as an Enterprise will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 9 - ESTABLISHMENT OF WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE

On February 15, 2001, the Authority established the Cherry Creek Basin Water Activity Enterprise (the Enterprise). Under the Enterprise Act of the Colorado Revised Statutes (part 1 of article 45.1 of title 37), water activity enterprises are excluded from the provisions of Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado State Constitution (the TABOR amendment). The Enterprise will be wholly owned by the Authority and not combined with any water activity enterprise owned by another district. The Enterprise may conduct one or more water activities as determined by the governing body (the Authority Board), including, but not limited to, the diversion, storage, carriage, delivery, distribution, collection, and treatment of water. The fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund was transferred to the Enterprise Fund on January 1, 2001.

NOTE 10 - MINIMUM SPENDING REQUIREMENTS

Colorado Revised Statute 25-8.5-111(3), as amended by Senate Bill 01-066 in 2001, states that the Authority must spend, on an annual basis, a minimum of 60% of revenues collected from fees, tolls, and property tax sources (Revenue) on the construction and maintenance of pollution abatement projects in the Cherry Creek Basin or on payments due on debt incurred entirely for such projects. During 2017, the Authority spent \$1,094,984 on pollution abatement projects (amounting to 44% of total 2017 revenue).

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE 10 - MINIMUM SPENDING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

In 2003, the Board adopted a resolution establishing a restricted reserve fund to be funded on an annual basis in the full amount of any spending deficiency under said Section and into which the Authority transfers, if necessary, on an annual basis sufficient funds to comply with the 60% spending requirement. All monies in the reserve fund can be spent only for the construction and maintenance of pollution abatement projects in the Cherry Creek Basin or for payments due under loans or other debt incurred by the Authority entirely for such projects. All monies in the reserve fund must be spent within five years from the end of the calendar year in which said monies were initially transferred into the fund. As of December 31, 2017, the total amount spent by the Authority on pollution abatement projects was \$601,023 less than the total funds designated for such purposes as reflected by the following analysis of the changes in the pollution abatement reserve fund:

Pollution abatement reserve fund balance - December 31, 2016	\$	231,758
60% of current year revenue		1,464,249
Current year pollution abatement expenditures		<u>(1,094,984)</u>
Pollution abatement reserve fund balance - December 31, 2017	<u>\$</u>	<u>601,023</u>

NOTE 11 - RESTATEMENT

Effective January 1, 2017, the Authority established the Pollution Abatement Fund in order to account for pollution abatement activity separate from other funds.

The effect of the restatement is as follows:

	Pollution Abatement Fund	Enterprise Fund
Net Position - December 31, 2016, as originally stated	\$ -	\$ 1,555,820
Restatement to establish Pollution Abatement Fund	231,758	<u>(231,758)</u>
Net Position - December 31, 2016, as restated	<u>\$ 231,758</u>	<u>\$ 1,324,062</u>
Fund balance/available - December 31, 2016, as originally stated	\$ -	\$ 1,205,820
Restatement to establish Pollution Abatement Fund	231,758	<u>(231,758)</u>
Fund balance/available - December 31, 2016, as restated	<u>\$ 231,758</u>	<u>\$ 974,062</u>

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Recreation fees	\$ 200,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 212,905	\$ (12,095)
Building permit fees	150,000	160,000	196,569	36,569
Wastewater surcharges	120,000	120,000	109,463	(10,537)
Net investment income	5,000	15,000	12,278	(2,722)
Other income	100	100	-	(100)
Total revenues	<u>475,100</u>	<u>520,100</u>	<u>531,215</u>	<u>11,115</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	50,000	-	-	-
I&E - coordination	12,000	16,000	6,190	9,810
Equipment	10,000	10,000	19,186	(9,186)
PRF - restorative (general and emergency)	46,000	-	-	-
PRF - rehabilitation	15,000	-	-	-
PRF - revegetation	28,000	-	-	-
PRF - weed control	25,000	-	-	-
O&M - reservoir destratification	50,000	-	-	-
Metrological station	20,000	-	-	-
Utilities - destratification	36,000	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>292,000</u>	<u>26,000</u>	<u>25,376</u>	<u>624</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	183,100	494,100	505,839	11,739
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	-	(300,000)	(299,469)	531
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>(300,000)</u>	<u>(299,469)</u>	<u>531</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	183,100	194,100	206,370	12,270
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	<u>1,103,193</u>	<u>974,062</u>	<u>974,062</u>	<u>-</u>
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,286,293</u>	<u>\$ 1,168,162</u>	<u>\$ 1,180,432</u>	<u>\$ 12,270</u>

Funds available are defined as follows:

Current assets and restricted investments	\$ 1,186,446
Less: Current liabilities	(6,014)
Funds available	<u>\$ 1,180,432</u>

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017**

Reconciliation of budgetary basis (actual) to Statement of Revenues,
Expenses and Changes in Net Position:

Revenues (budgetary basis)	\$ 531,215
Transfers to other funds	<u>(299,469)</u>
Total revenue per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	<u>231,746</u>
Expenditures (budgetary basis)	<u>25,376</u>
Total expenses per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	<u>25,376</u>
Change in net position per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	<u><u>\$ 206,370</u></u>

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY
 FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION,
 MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
 December 31, 2017**

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy		Mills Levied for General Fund		Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
	Arapahoe	Douglas	Arapahoe	Douglas	Levied	Collected ^(a)	
2013	\$1,320,001,510	\$1,692,797,891	0.500	0.500	\$1,506,400	\$1,482,893	98.4%
2014	\$1,354,812,240	\$1,727,252,970	0.500	0.500	\$1,541,032	\$1,526,995	99.1%
2015	\$1,355,506,785	\$1,775,055,739	0.500	0.500	\$1,565,281	\$1,550,976	99.1%
2016	\$1,608,635,437	\$2,071,753,264	0.449 (1)	0.449	\$1,652,495	\$1,646,469	99.6%
2017	\$1,628,470,103	\$2,124,832,857	0.473 (2)	0.473	\$1,775,312	\$1,769,270	99.7%

Estimated for
 calendar year ending
 December 31,

2018	\$1,867,730,696	\$2,400,030,110	0.453 (3)	0.453	\$1,933,296		
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Note:

Property taxes collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

- (1) The Authority levied 0.004 mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2016, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2016 by 0.055 (\$202,421 total) in both counties.
- (2) The Authority levied 0.002 mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2017, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2017 by 0.029 (\$108,846 total) in both counties.
- (3) The Authority levied 0.002 mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2018, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2018 by 0.049 (\$209,120 total) in both counties.