

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF
LIMON, COLORADO**

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

Year Ended December 31, 2017

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Office of the State Auditor

May 11, 2018

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**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION-
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**



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LIMON HOUSING AUTHORITY

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Limon, CO 80828

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended December 31, 2017

This section of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2017. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. Please read and consider the information presented in conjunction with the basic financial statements as a whole.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The term "Net Position" refers to the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Authority's total net position as of December 31, 2017 was \$134,862. Of this amount, (\$54,201) was reported as deficit "unrestricted net position". The net position decreased by (\$66,360), a decrease of 33% from the prior year.

Operating income for the Authority was \$170,148 for the year ended December 31, 2017. This was a decrease of (\$998) from the prior year.

Operating expenses for the Authority were \$315,128 for the year ended December 31, 2017. This was an increase of \$14,766 or 5% from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report includes this *management's discussion and analysis* report, the *basic financial statements* and the *notes to the basic financial statements*. This report also contains the Financial Data Schedule (FDS) as referenced in the section of supplemental information. In addition, the Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer's Contributions, Notes to Required Supplementary Information is included as RSI. Since the Authority is comprised of all enterprise funds, no entity-wide basic financial statements are shown.

Required Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - The basic financial statements of the Housing Authority report information of the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and obligations of the Authority creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the Authority and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Year Ended December 31, 2017

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees and other charges, profitability and credit worthiness.

The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

The Authority's Public Housing Program is the only major proprietary fund for presentation purposes. The Authority has no nonmajor funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Supplemental Information

This report also contains the Financial Data Schedule (FDS) as referenced in the section of *supplemental information*. HUD has established *Uniform Financial Reporting Standards* that require Housing Authorities to submit financial information electronically to HUD using the FDS format. The submitted financial information transmitted to the Real Estate Assessment Center (REAC) for the year ended December 31, 2017 is required to be included in the audit reporting package.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	FY 2017	FY 2016	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current and other assets	\$ 175,585	\$ 181,155	\$ (5,570)	-3%
Capital assets	189,063	215,811	(26,748)	-12%
Total Assets	<u>364,648</u>	<u>396,966</u>	<u>(32,318)</u>	<u>-8%</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>46,299</u>	<u>60,011</u>	<u>(13,712)</u>	<u>-23%</u>
Current liabilities	26,037	27,051	(1,014)	-4%
Other liabilities	249,354	224,697	24,657	11%
Total Liabilities	<u>275,391</u>	<u>251,748</u>	<u>23,643</u>	<u>9%</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>694</u>	<u>4,007</u>	<u>(3,313)</u>	<u>-83%</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	189,063	215,811	(26,748)	-12%
Unrestricted	(54,201)	(14,589)	(39,612)	272%
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 134,862</u>	<u>\$ 201,222</u>	<u>\$ (66,360)</u>	<u>-33%</u>

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Year Ended December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

Net Position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Authority, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$134,862 at the close of the year ended December 31, 2017. This represents a decrease of (\$66,360) which is a decrease of 33% from the prior year. The decrease was attributable to depreciation of (\$33,175) and the result of operations for the year end December 31, 2017.

Current and other assets decreased by (\$5,570). This was attributed to operations before depreciation and capital improvements which resulted in a net increase in cash and investments of \$7,289. This was offset by a decrease of (\$13,899) in the amount receivable from HUD which is merely the result of when funds are requisitioned.

Current liabilities decreased by (\$1,014). There was no unusual reason for the change only the typical variability from year to year based on the timing of payments.

Other liabilities increased by \$24,657 which the majority was an increase of \$21,686 in the Net Pension Liability which represents the Authority's proportionate share of Colorado PERA unfunded liability.

The largest portion of the Authority's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and equipment less accumulated depreciation). The Authority uses these capital assets to provide service and consequently these assets are not available to liquidate liabilities or other spending.

Unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2017 was (\$54,201), a decrease of (\$39,612) from the prior year. Unrestricted net position represents the amount available to be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to creditors and operations of facilities. The Authority has sufficient funds to meet requirements for cash outlays in the next fiscal year as well as the financial capacity to sustain operations when not considering the GASB 68 pension related accounts of (\$194,411). The Authority had no restricted net position that is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes.

As can be seen on the next page, total revenues decreased by (\$19,230), primarily due to the decrease in federal operating funds of (\$18,339). In addition, rental income decreased by (\$668) which is the result of the normal fluctuation from year-to-year based on occupancy and rent composition.

HUD operating subsidy for the Authority was \$33,498 for the year ended December 31, 2017. This was a decrease of (\$9,838) from the prior year. The operating subsidy funding is determined by HUD on an annual basis and is primarily based on income and utility expenses. The Authority also expended \$37,831 of HUD capital grants for operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$46,332 in the previous year. This amount will vary on the approved budget by HUD. The Authority has flexibility in the use of these funds.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Year Ended December 31, 2017**

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

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**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Year Ended December 31, 2017**

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

HUD capital contributions were \$11,687 for the year ended December 31, 2017. This was a decrease of (\$335) from the prior year. The Authority is allocated capital grant money each year as determined by HUD and remains relatively consistent from year to year based on the Authority's number of units. The amount presented will vary from year to year depending on the timing of projects as outlined in the HUD approved capital grant budget.

**CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	<u>Dollar Change</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Rental	\$ 154,562	\$ 155,230	\$ (668)	-0.4%
HUD program contributions	71,329	89,668	(18,339)	-20%
Other	15,586	15,916	(330)	-2%
General revenues				
Interest	864	757	107	14%
Total Revenues	<u>242,341</u>	<u>261,571</u>	<u>(19,230)</u>	<u>-7%</u>
Expenses				
Depreciation	33,175	40,500	(7,325)	-18%
Operating	281,953	259,862	22,091	9%
Nonoperating	5,260	-	5,260	100%
Total Expenses	<u>320,388</u>	<u>300,362</u>	<u>20,026</u>	<u>7%</u>
Excess (deficiency) before contributions	(78,047)	(38,791)	(39,256)	101%
Capital Contributions	11,687	12,022	(335)	
Changes in Net Position	<u>(66,360)</u>	<u>(26,769)</u>	<u>(39,591)</u>	
Beginning Net Position	201,222	227,991	(26,769)	
Ending Net Position	<u>\$ 134,862</u>	<u>\$ 201,222</u>	<u>\$ (66,360)</u>	

Operating expenses for the Authority were \$281,953 for the year ended December 31, 2017. This was an increase of \$22,091 or 9% over the prior year. The majority of the increase was in administrative expenses which increased by \$17,928 which was the majority was an increase in health benefits of \$4,463 and the increase in pension expense related to GASB 68 pension reporting of \$11,882.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Year Ended December 31, 2017**

OCCUPANCY

There were 9 move outs in 2017. Four tenants moved out of town, two tenants moved out of state, two tenants moved in with family and/or significant other and one unit was abandoned.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Authority's net investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2017 amounts to \$189,063. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment and construction in progress, less accumulated depreciation.

The total decrease in the Authority's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 12% in terms of net book value. The actual amount to purchase or construct capital assets was \$11,687 for the year and. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$33,175. Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note F of the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Board of Commissioners and Management of the Housing Authority considered many factors when approving the fiscal year 2018 budget. The user charges are based on a tenant's income as established by HUD guidelines and are not adjustable. Operating subsidy is based on rental income, other income and utility consumption and costs. The amount of funding is also established and approved by HUD. In projecting the amount of rental income, the Authority considered prior year rental income and occupancy rates. The operating expenses are expected to increase by the economy's inflation rate.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Housing Authority of the City of Limon, and 1880 Circle Lane, Limon, CO 80828.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Randal D. Niewedde, CPA
Jeffrey J. Wiens, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado as of December 31, 2017, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of employer's proportionate share of net pension liability, schedule of employer's contributions and notes to required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's basic financial statements. The Financial Data Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Financial Data Schedule is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Financial Data Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2018 on our consideration of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Niewedde & Wiens, CPA's

York, Nebraska
May 4, 2018

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 December 31, 2017

ASSETS	<u>Public Housing</u>
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,904
Investments	104,937
Accounts receivable, net	417
Due from other governments	8,665
Accrued interest receivable	18
Prepaid insurance	11,176
<i>Restricted:</i>	
Cash and cash equivalents	13,468
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>175,585</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS:	
Capital Assets, non-depreciable	6,855
Capital Assets, depreciable, net	182,208
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	<u>189,063</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>364,648</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	46,299
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>46,299</u>
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	4,762
Accrued payroll and benefits payable	4,998
Compensated absences payable	2,809
Tenant security deposits payable	13,468
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>26,037</u>
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Compensated absences payable	9,338
Net pension liability	240,016
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>249,354</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>275,391</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension related deferred inflows of resources	694
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>694</u>
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	189,063
Unrestricted	(54,201)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 134,862</u>

See accompanying notes.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN
FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017

		<u>Public Housing</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Rental income	\$	154,562
Other income		<u>15,586</u>
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		170,148
 OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administrative		129,008
Tenant services		548
Utilities		31,853
Ordinary maintenance and operations		98,404
General expense		22,140
Depreciation		<u>33,175</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		<u>315,128</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		<u>(144,980)</u>
 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
HUD operating subsidy		33,498
HUD capital grants - operations		37,831
Interest income		864
Loss on capital asset dispositions		<u>(5,260)</u>
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		<u>66,933</u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS		(78,047)
 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
HUD capital fund grants		<u>11,687</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION		(66,360)
 NET POSITION:		
Net position, beginning balance		<u>201,222</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING BALANCE	\$	<u><u>134,862</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2017

		<u>Public Housing</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Rental receipts	\$	154,145
Other receipts		15,586
Tenant security deposits		(436)
Cash payments for goods and services		(74,646)
Cash payments to employees for services		(173,442)
		<u>(78,793)</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(78,793)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
HUD operating subsidy		33,498
HUD capital grants - operations		51,730
		<u>85,228</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		85,228
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases and construction of capital assets		(11,687)
HUD capital fund grants		11,687
		<u>-</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Net (deposits) withdrawals to investments		(825)
Interest received		854
		<u>29</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		29
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		6,464
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>43,908</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	<u><u>50,372</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUND (CONT'D)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Public Housing
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET	
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income (Loss)	\$ (144,980)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	33,175
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(417)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	(614)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	13,712
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	17
Increase (decrease) in tenant security deposits payable	(436)
Increase (decrease) in salaries and benefits payable	(177)
Increase (decrease) in accrued absences payable	2,554
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	21,686
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	(3,313)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (78,793)

See accompanying notes.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The Authority was created under the laws of the State of Colorado. The purpose of the Authority is to administer the Housing programs authorized by the United States Housing Act of 1937 and amendments contained in the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998. These programs are subsidized by the Federal Government through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

Financial Reporting Entity

In determining how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Section 2100 and 2600 of the Government Accounting Standards Board Codification. These criteria state that the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that organization should be included as a component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no additional agencies or entities which should be included in the financial statements of the Authority.

Basis of accounting, measurement focus, and financial statement presentation

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

The Authority distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses in its Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. For this purpose, the Authority's operating revenues result from providing low-income housing services such as tenant rent and other tenant charges. Operating expenses include the cost attributed to administration, tenant services, utilities, maintenance and operations and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position,

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

The model as defined in Statement No. 34 establishes criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for determination of major Funds. If non-major funds exist, these funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements.

The Authority has a sole enterprise fund which includes the activities of the following program:

Public Housing Program - This program accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of housing units which are owned by the Authority. The development of the projects were funded primarily by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development through loans and bonds. The loans have been forgiven by HUD and the bond debt service and repayment requirements are the responsibility of HUD and therefore no outstanding liabilities are recorded. The program is subsidized annually by operating subsidy from HUD and through Capital Grants for capital improvements.

Budgetary Process

The Authority establishes a budget for the fiscal year and is adopted by the Board of Commissioners.

Cash and Investments

All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Cash and Cash Investments are available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents" when preparing these financial statements. In addition, any marketable securities that are owned by a specific amount and that are purchased with a maturity of ninety days or less are also considered to be "cash equivalents".

The Authority's deposits can only be invested in the following HUD approved investments: direct obligations of the federal government backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of federal government agencies, securities of government-sponsored agencies, demand and savings deposits, money-market deposit accounts, municipal depository fund, super now accounts, certificate of deposit, repurchase agreements, sweep accounts, separate trading of registered interest and principal securities (STRIPS), and mutual funds that consist of securities purchased from the HUD approved list.

Accounts Receivable

All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the Authority in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Property and equipment are stated at actual or estimated historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Contributions of assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. The Authority generally capitalized assets with cost of \$500 or more as purchases and construction outlays occur.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	20-40 years
Building improvements	10-40 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
Equipment	3-10 years

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Authority's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, expenditures, expenses, and other disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Grant Revenue

The Authority, a recipient of grant revenues, recognizes revenues (net of estimated uncollectible amounts, if any), when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements are met in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33. Resources transmitted to the Authority before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenue.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods. Deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of the unamortized portions of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, the net difference between actual expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability, changes of

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs and the net effect of the change in the employer's proportion share of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. Deferred outflows also contain employer pension contributions made after the measurement date.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Colorado Public Employees Retirement Association (Colorado PERA) and additions to/deductions from Colorado PERA'S fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Colorado PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of the unamortized portions of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, the net difference between actual expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability, changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs and the net effect of the change in the employer's proportion share of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Compensated Absences

The Authority's policy allows employees to accumulate unused vacation leave. Sick leave may be accumulated but not paid upon termination.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

OPEB benefits are part of an exchange of salaries and/or benefits in a future period as the result of employee services rendered during employment. In accordance with the accrual basis of accounting, generally benefits should be associated with the periods in which the exchange occurs, rather than with the periods when benefits are paid or provided. The Authority has not incurred, adopted a plan or obligated resources to other postemployment benefits as defined in GASB Statement No. 45.

Income Taxes

The Authority is a governmental subdivision of the State of Colorado and is exempt from Federal and State income taxes.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Taxpayer's Bill of Rights

In November, 1992, the voters of the State of Colorado approved an amendment to the State's Constitution limiting the amount of revenue which may be spent or retained by Colorado governmental entities. The amendment is in effect for most governmental entities for the years beginning after 1992, but exempts "enterprise" funds from the limitations. The Board of Commissioners of the Authority believes it is exempt from the provisions of the TABOR amendment because it is an "enterprise" (a business operation able to issue its own revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of its revenue from state and local grants) as defined in the constitutional amendment. The Board also believes it is not subject to the provisions of TABOR because the governing board is not an elected board, does not have an electoral constituency, and does not have the power to impose taxes, all basic operational requirements of TABOR.

NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2017, the Authority's carrying amount of deposits was \$155,234 and the bank balances were \$157,438. As required by the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), any amount in excess of the FDIC insurance threshold shall be collateralized as required by the Public Deposit Protection Acts, article 10.5 of title 11, C.R.S., as amended or article 47 of title 11, C.R.S, as amended. All of the bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance. The Authority had cash on hand of \$75 as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE C – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

A summary of accounts receivable as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Tenants	\$	1,217
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(800)
	\$	<u>417</u>

NOTE D – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

A summary of due from other governments as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

HUD – capital fund grants	\$	<u>8,665</u>
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NOTE E – RESTRICTED ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents of \$13,468 as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2017 is restricted for Tenant Security Deposits.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2017
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 6,059	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,059
Construction in progress	995	11,687	(11,886)	796
Total non-depreciable assets	7,054	11,687	(11,886)	6,855
Depreciable assets				
Buildings	2,740,060	9,729	(10,180)	2,739,608
Equipment - Dwelling	45,019	-	-	45,019
Equipment - Administration	117,404	2,159	-	119,563
Total depreciable assets	2,902,483	11,888	(10,180)	2,904,190
Total Capital Assets	2,909,537	23,575	(22,066)	2,911,045
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	2,552,133	26,838	(4,920)	2,574,051
Equipment - Dwelling	30,511	2,836	-	33,347
Equipment - Administration	111,083	3,501	-	114,584
Total accumulated depreciation	2,693,727	33,175	(4,920)	2,721,982
Depreciable assets, net	208,756	(21,287)	(5,260)	182,208
Capital assets, net	\$ 215,810	\$ (9,600)	\$ (17,146)	\$ 189,063

NOTE G – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

A summary of accounts payable as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Vendors and contractors	\$ <u>4,762</u>
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NOTE H—ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

A summary of accrued compensated absences as presented in the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 9,593	\$ 4,434	\$ (1,880)	\$ 12,147	\$ 2,809

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE I—NET POSITION

The fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets and unrestricted.

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** – This component groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation reduces the balance in this category.
- **Unrestricted** – This category represents net position of the Authority, not restricted for any project or other purposes.

NOTE J – CONTINGENCIES

The Authority recognizes as revenue grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain Federal and State programs it administers. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Authority purchases commercial insurance.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Authority did not reduce insurance coverage from levels in place during the prior year. No settlements have exceeded coverage levels in place during the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – DEFICIT UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2017, the Authority had a deficit unrestricted net position of (\$54,201) which is due to GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The Authority plans to fund the deficit with future operations of the Housing Authority.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The Limon Housing Authority participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the LGDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Limon Housing Authority are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the LGDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions. Eligible employees and the Authority are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	Rates
Employer contribution rate ¹	10.00%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f) ¹	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the LGDTF ¹	8.98%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	2.20%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	1.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the LGDTF¹	12.68%

¹Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Limon Housing Authority is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from Limon Housing Authority were \$13,661 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, the Limon Housing Authority reported a liability of \$240,016 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2016. The Limon Housing Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on Authority's contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2016 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2016, the Authority's proportion was .01777449 percent, which was a decrease of .00204525 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$46,701. At December 31, 2017 the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 17,025	\$ 694
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,271	\$ --
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 28,825	\$ --
Changes in proportion differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ (18,438)	\$ --
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date – FYE 2017	\$ 14,616	\$ --
Total	\$ 46,299	\$ 694

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:

2018	\$	17,717
2019		8,036
2020		5,064
2021		172
	\$	30,989

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.80 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.90 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.90 – 10.85 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50 percent
Discount rate	7.50 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	2.00 percent
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

Based on the 2016 experience analysis and the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 18, 2016 and effective as of December 31, 2016. These revised assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll-forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2016:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 10.45 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	2.00 percent
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M– DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Mortality rates used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with Males set back 1 year, and Females set back 2 years. Active member mortality was based upon the same mortality rates but adjusted to 55 percent of the base rate for males and 40 percent of the base rate for females. For disabled retirees, the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 2 years for males and set back 2 years for females) was assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, adopted by PERA's Board on November 13, 2012, and an economic assumption study, adopted by PERA's Board on November 15, 2013 and January 17, 2014.

As a result of the 2016 experience analysis and the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop, revised economic and demographic actuarial assumptions including withdrawal rates, retirement rates for early reduced and unreduced retirement, disability rates, administrative expense load, and pre- and post-retirement and disability mortality rates were adopted by PERA's Board on November 18, 2016 to more closely reflect PERA's actual experience. As the revised economic and demographic assumptions are effective as of the measurement date, December 31, 2016, these revised assumptions were reflected in the total pension liability roll-forward procedures.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016. As a result of the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop and the November 18, 2016 PERA Board meeting, the economic assumptions changed, effective December 31, 2016, as follows:

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M– DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

- Investment rate of return assumption decreased from 7.50 percent per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses to 7.25 percent per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses.
- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.80 percent per year to 2.40 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.70 percent per year, net of investment expenses, to 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.90 percent per year to 3.50 percent per year.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the LGDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the November 18, 2016 adoption of the current long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

- Updated economic and demographic actuarial assumptions adopted by PERA's Board on November 18, 2016.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date, including current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. As the ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases financed by the AIR are defined to have a present value at the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments equal to the amount transferred for their future payment, AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments have no impact on the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) determination process when the timing of AIR cash flows is not a factor (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted). When AIR cash flow timing is a factor in the SEIR determination process (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted), AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2017

NOTE M– DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

As of the prior measurement date, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination did not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate was 7.50 percent, 0.25 percent higher compared to the current measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	353,893	240,016	145,714

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2017, the Authority had payables of \$901 to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employer and employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERA.

NOTE N – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the Limon Housing Authority that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended December 31, 2017, program members contributed \$1,967.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION-
GASB 68 SCHEDULES AND NOTES**

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0177744896%	0.019819696%	0.019644118%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 240,016	\$ 218,330	\$ 176,072
Authority's covered-payroll	\$ 107,736	\$ 112,561	\$ 107,254
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	223%	194%	164%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74%	77%	81%

* - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Pension fiscal year that occurred within the fiscal year. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 14,646	\$ 14,760	\$ 15,421
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	14,646	14,760	15,421
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Authority's covered-payroll	\$ 106,903	\$ 107,736	\$ 112,561
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.70%	13.70%	13.70%

* - The amounts presented were determined as of the Authority's fiscal year. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
December 31, 2017

NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION

2016 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2015

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

2015 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2014

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.
- As required under Section 24-51-401(1.7)e of Colorado Revised Statutes, PERA calculated and provided to the Colorado General Assembly an adjustment to the DPS Division's employer contribution rate to assure the equalization of the School Division's and DPS Division's ratios of unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) to payroll, as of December 31, 2039. Subsequently, the Colorado General Assembly passed HB 15-1391, reducing the employer contribution rate of the DPS Division from 13.75% to 10.15%, effective January 1, 2015.

2014 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2013

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION:

2016 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2015

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.80 percent to 2.40 percent.
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.90 percent to 3.50 percent.
- The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy lives for the State and Local Government Divisions was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments for credibility and gender adjustments of 73 percent factor applied to ages below 80 and 108 percent factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2018, for males, and a 78 percent factor applied to ages below 80 and a 109 percent factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2020, for females.
- For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF LIMON, COLORADO
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
December 31, 2017

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION (CONT'D)

- The mortality assumption for active members was changed to RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.
- The rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from .35 percent to .40 percent.
- The SEIR for the Local Government Division was lowered from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent reflecting the change in the long-term rate of return.

2015 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2014

The following programming changes were made:

- Valuation of full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
- Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
- Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
- Refinement of the 18-month AI timing.
- Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and pop-up benefit forms.

The following methodology changes were made:

- Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
- Elimination of the assumption that 35 percent of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
- Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
- Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and UAAL payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Housing Authority of the Town of Limon (CO012)
LIMON, CO

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Fiscal Year End: 12/31/2017

	Project Total	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$36,904	\$36,904		\$36,904
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$13,468	\$13,468		\$13,468
100 Total Cash	\$50,372	\$50,372		\$50,372
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$8,665	\$8,665		\$8,665
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$1,217	\$1,217		\$1,217
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Tenants	-\$800	-\$800		-\$800
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0		\$0
128 Accrued Interest Receivable	\$18	\$18		\$18
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$9,100	\$9,100		\$9,100
131 Investments - Unrestricted	\$104,937	\$104,937		\$104,937
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$11,176	\$11,176		\$11,176
150 Total Current Assets	\$175,585	\$175,585		\$175,585
161 Land	\$6,059	\$6,059		\$6,059
162 Buildings	\$2,739,608	\$2,739,608		\$2,739,608
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$45,019	\$45,019		\$45,019
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$119,563	\$119,563		\$119,563
168 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$2,721,982	-\$2,721,982		-\$2,721,982
167 Construction in Progress	\$796	\$796		\$796
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$189,063	\$189,063		\$189,063
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$189,063	\$189,063		\$189,063
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$46,299	\$46,299		\$46,299
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$410,947	\$410,947		\$410,947
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$1,712	\$1,712		\$1,712
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$4,998	\$4,998		\$4,998
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$2,809	\$2,809		\$2,809
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$13,468	\$13,468		\$13,468
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other	\$3,050	\$3,050		\$3,050
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$26,037	\$26,037		\$26,037
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$9,338	\$9,338		\$9,338
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$240,016	\$240,016		\$240,016
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$249,354	\$249,354		\$249,354
300 Total Liabilities	\$275,391	\$275,391		\$275,391
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$694	\$694		\$694
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$189,063	\$189,063		\$189,063
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	-\$54,201	-\$54,201		-\$54,201
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$134,862	\$134,862		\$134,862
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$410,947	\$410,947		\$410,947

Housing Authority of the Town of Limon (CO012)
LIMON, CO

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Fiscal Year End: 12/31/2017

	Project Total	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$147,473	\$147,473		\$147,473
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$7,089	\$7,089		\$7,089
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$154,562	\$154,562	\$0	\$154,562
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$71,329	\$71,329		\$71,329
70610 Capital Grants	\$11,687	\$11,687		\$11,687
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$864	\$864		\$864
71500 Other Revenue	\$15,586	\$15,586		\$15,586
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	-\$5,260	-\$5,260		-\$5,260
70000 Total Revenue	\$248,768	\$248,768	\$0	\$248,768
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$62,193	\$62,193		\$62,193
91200 Auditing Fees	\$3,810	\$3,810		\$3,810
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$100	\$100		\$100
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$54,155	\$54,155		\$54,155
91600 Office Expenses	\$4,598	\$4,598		\$4,598
91700 Legal Expense	\$181	\$181		\$181
91900 Other	\$3,971	\$3,971		\$3,971
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$129,008	\$129,008	\$0	\$129,008
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$548	\$548		\$548
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$548	\$548	\$0	\$548
93100 Water	\$4,438	\$4,438		\$4,438
93200 Electricity	\$15,850	\$15,850		\$15,850
93300 Gas	\$10,719	\$10,719		\$10,719
93600 Sewer	\$846	\$846		\$846
93000 Total Utilities	\$31,853	\$31,853	\$0	\$31,853
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$46,533	\$46,533		\$46,533
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$4,386	\$4,386		\$4,386
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$6,897	\$6,897		\$6,897
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$40,588	\$40,588		\$40,588
94000 Total Maintenance	\$98,404	\$98,404	\$0	\$98,404
96110 Property Insurance	\$9,297	\$9,297		\$9,297
96120 Liability Insurance	\$2,737	\$2,737		\$2,737
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$3,014	\$3,014		\$3,014
96140 All Other Insurance	\$1,694	\$1,694		\$1,694
96100 Total Insurance Premiums	\$16,742	\$16,742	\$0	\$16,742
96210 Compensated Absences	\$4,434	\$4,434		\$4,434
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$964	\$964		\$964
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$5,398	\$5,398	\$0	\$5,398
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$281,953	\$281,953	\$0	\$281,953
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	-\$33,185	-\$33,185	\$0	-\$33,185
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$33,175	\$33,175		\$33,175
90000 Total Expenses	\$315,128	\$315,128	\$0	\$315,128
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$37,831	\$37,831	-\$37,831	\$0
10020 Operating transfer Out	-\$37,831	-\$37,831	\$37,831	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$66,360	-\$66,360	\$0	-\$66,360
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0		\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$201,222	\$201,222		\$201,222
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$0	\$0		\$0
11190 Unit Months Available	468	468		468
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	461	461		461
11270 Excess Cash	\$114,876	\$114,876		\$114,876
11620 Building Purchases	\$9,529	\$9,529		\$9,529
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$2,158	\$2,158		\$2,158

Housing Authority of the Town of Limon (CO012)

LIMON, CO

Single Project Revenue and Expense

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Fiscal Year End: 12/31/2017

Project: CO01200001 LIMON HOUSING AUTHORITY

	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$147,473		\$147,473
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$7,089		\$7,089
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$154,562	\$0	\$154,562
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$33,498	\$37,831	\$71,329
70610 Capital Grants		\$11,687	\$11,687
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$864		\$864
71500 Other Revenue	\$15,586		\$15,586
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	-\$5,260		-\$5,260
70000 Total Revenue	\$199,250	\$49,518	\$248,768
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$62,193		\$62,193
91200 Auditing Fees	\$3,810		\$3,810
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$100		\$100
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$54,155		\$54,155
91600 Office Expenses	\$4,598		\$4,598
91700 Legal Expense	\$181		\$181
91900 Other	\$3,971		\$3,971
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$129,008	\$0	\$129,008
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$548		\$548
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$548	\$0	\$548
93100 Water	\$4,438		\$4,438
93200 Electricity	\$15,850		\$15,850
93300 Gas	\$10,719		\$10,719
93600 Sewer	\$846		\$846
93000 Total Utilities	\$31,853	\$0	\$31,853
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$46,533		\$46,533
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$4,386		\$4,386
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$6,897		\$6,897
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$40,588		\$40,588
94000 Total Maintenance	\$98,404	\$0	\$98,404
96110 Property Insurance	\$9,297		\$9,297
96120 Liability Insurance	\$2,737		\$2,737
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$3,014		\$3,014
96140 All Other Insurance	\$1,694		\$1,694
96100 Total Insurance Premiums	\$16,742	\$0	\$16,742
96210 Compensated Absences	\$4,434		\$4,434
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$964		\$964
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$5,398	\$0	\$5,398
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$281,953	\$0	\$281,953
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	-\$82,703	\$49,518	-\$33,185
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$33,175		\$33,175
90000 Total Expenses	\$315,128	\$0	\$315,128
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$37,831		\$37,831
10020 Operating transfer Out		-\$37,831	-\$37,831
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$37,831	-\$37,831	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$78,047	\$11,687	-\$66,360
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$201,222	\$0	\$201,222
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$11,687	-\$11,687	\$0
11190 Unit Months Available	468		468
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	461		461
11270 Excess Cash	\$114,876		\$114,876
11620 Building Purchases	\$0	\$9,529	\$9,529
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$0	\$2,158	\$2,158

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS SECTION

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT
AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditors Report

To the Board of Commissioners
Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 4, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonably possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Housing Authority of the Town of Limon, Colorado's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Niewedde & Wiens, CPA's

York, Nebraska
May 4, 2018