WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Weld County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017





Office of the State Auditor

July 26, 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Directors Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America: this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major funds of Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2, as of December 31, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. This information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Littleton, Colorado July 10, 2018

Hayrie & Co

This section of the annual financial report offers readers of the Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2's ("District") financial statements its management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Background Information

The District, a quasi-municipal corporation, was formed November 23, 1994, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The original consolidated service plan between the District and Poudre Tech Metropolitan District was approved on September 22, 1994, the first modification was approved on March 27, 1995, and the second modification was approved on September 27, 1999. The District's service area is located in Windsor, Colorado.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets at the close of 2017 by \$7.7 million (net deficit). This deficit/negative unrestricted net position is mainly due to the District being responsible for the payment of debt obtained for the construction of public improvements owned or to be owned by Poudre Tech Metropolitan District, and public improvements conveyed or to be conveyed to other governmental entities.
- During 2017, general revenues totaled \$4.0 million and accounted for 100% of all revenues; the District had no program specific revenues in the form of charges for services or operating/capital grants and contributions.
- During 2017, property taxes represent the majority of revenue sources for the District and decreased by \$192 thousand, a 5.8% decrease over the prior year. The decrease in the assessed valuation of properties in the District from \$84,359,680 (2016 tax collection) to \$81,309,260 (2017 tax collection) contributed to this decrease in property taxes. The decrease in assessed valuation was attributable primarily to vacant land.
- During 2017, the District had \$4.0 million in expenditures related to governmental
 activities, of which \$3.7 million represents transfers to Poudre Tech Metropolitan
 District pursuant to a Capital Pledge Agreement and an Amended/Restated Facilities
 Construction and Service Agreement (see Note 7). None of the District's
 expenditures were offset by program specific charges for services and
 operating/capital grants and contributions.
- The District has no capital assets. Pursuant to the Amended/Restated Facilities Construction and Service Agreement, all public improvements constructed within the District will be owned and operated by Poudre Tech Metropolitan District.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual financial report consists of two parts: management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements reflect how basic services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and required and other supplementary information which provide more detailed data. See below for a summary of the major features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide Financial Statements	Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds						
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are not proprietary						
Required Financial	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet						
Statements	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	_						

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2 finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, as well as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2 is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). Included in governmental activities are most of the District's basic services. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The District has only one fund category type, governmental fund types.

• Governmental funds: All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) inflows and outflows of cash and other financial assets and (2) balances remaining at year-end which are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine financial resources that may be available in the near term to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciling schedule is included on the governmental funds statements explaining the relationship (or difference) between them.

Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2 maintains two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, found on pages 3-5 of this report. Budgetary financial statements for the General Fund can be found on page 6 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statement can be found on pages 7-18 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information. This includes the budgetary financial schedule for the Debt Service Fund (page 20) and Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity (page 21).

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position and Changes in Net Position

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	12/31/2017	12/31/2016
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 2,886,037	\$ 3,933,233
Total assets	2,886,037	3,933,233
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	263,158	125,975
Long-term liabilities	8,139,692	8,397,194
Total liabilities	8,402,850	8,523,169
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,224,511	3,171,061
Net position		
Restricted	125,954	227,284
Unrestricted	(7,867,278)	(7,988,281)
Total net position	\$ (7,741,324)	\$ (7,760,997)

Table 2 provides a summary of the changes in net position.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

	12/31/2017			12/31/2016		
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-		
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		
General revenues						
Taxes		3,349,479		3,489,817		
Interest income		5,449		4,290		
Reimbursed expenditures		576,681		-		
Other		105,791		105,791		
Total revenues		4,037,400		3,599,898		
Expenses						
General government		25,154		20,264		
Transfer to Poudre Tech Metro District - operations and capital		2,445,547		1,516,639		
Transfer to Poudre Tech Metro District - Series 2010 Bonds		1,205,733		1,176,329		
Interest and related costs on long-term debt		341,293		543,680		
Total expenses		4,017,727		3,256,912		
Change in Net Position	\$	19,673	\$	342,986		

Property and specific ownership taxes account for most of the District's revenues. The District's expenditures primarily relate to its obligation to Poudre Tech Metropolitan District pursuant to a Capital Pledge Agreement (to pay debt service of 2010 Bonds issued by Poudre Tech Metropolitan District) and an Amended/Restated Facilities Construction and Service Agreement (to construct public improvements benefitting the District).

Governmental Activities

The change in net position for governmental activities was \$19,673 in 2017.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the related charges for services and grant offsetting those costs. Table 3 reflects each program's total cost and net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted property taxes.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services			Net Cost of Services
General government Intergovernmental Interest and related costs on long-term debt	\$	25,154 3,651,280 341,293	\$	(25,154) (3,651,280) (341,293)
Total	\$	4,017,727	\$	(4,017,727)

Financial Analysis of District's Funds

General Fund

The General Fund provides for general operating costs of the District. The primary funding source for the General Fund is property taxes.

As of December 31, 2017, the District has not provided for an emergency reserve fund equal to at least 3% of the fiscal year spending, as defined under TABOR, because all revenues in the General Fund are intended to be and are being transferred to Poudre Tech Metropolitan District, Operating District, which provides for the required reserve amount. However, the District has committed to maintain a reasonable level of unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund to mitigate temporary revenue shortfalls or unplanned one-time expenditures that may occur in the future.

Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transaction on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

Debt Administration

Long-Term Debt

On July 8, 2016, the District issued \$8,125,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (Bonds) to prepay the Loan at First Western Trust Bank. The Bonds are general obligations of the District secured and payable from Pledged Revenue which include Property Tax Revenue, net of costs of collection, and any other legally available amounts.

Table 4 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 2017	 2016	% of Change 2017-2016
Government Activities:	 	 _	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	\$ 8,035,000	\$ 8,125,000	
Total	\$ 8,035,000	\$ 8,125,000	-1.11%

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- The District is a mixed-use community planned to consist of 1,074 single-family detached homes, 150 single-family attached homes (townhomes), and 608 multi-family units (condominiums and apartments). The District also includes approximately 101 acres zoned for commercial/office/retail uses. The development of the District is being undertaken by Trollco, Inc., a Colorado corporation. Trollco or a related entity currently owns all the remaining developable property within the District. With respect to residential development in the District, of the planned 1,074 single-family detached homes, approximately 900 have been constructed and new construction continues at a robust pace. Of the planned 150 single-family attached homes (townhomes), 150 have Of the planned 608 multi-family units (condominiums and been constructed. apartments), 196 apartments, 56 condos and 4 duplex units have been constructed and construction is progressing on a 120-unit age-targeted, luxury rental community. With respect to commercial development in the District, of the 101 acres zoned for commercial/office/retail uses, approximately 21 acres have been developed into a total of approximately 272,573 square feet of commercial/office/retail space.
- The District is in the middle of Northern Colorado, an area that is continuing to enjoy a robust and growing regional economy and an associated material increase in property values. As the regional economy continues to grow, so too should the values of the residential and commercial real estate within the District. Because of new construction, the Assessed Value for real estate within the District grew 19.29% from 2016 (tax collection in 2017) to 2017 (tax collection in 2018) (\$28,771,350 to \$34,320,490). At the District's current mill levy of 39 mills, this increase in value will result in approximately \$216,416 of additional revenue to the District in 2018.

• The financial impact of ad valorem taxes on oil and gas produced from wells within the District is significant. The total Certified Assessed Value of oil and gas production within the District for 2017 (tax collection in 2018) decreased 56.76% from 2016 (tax collection in 2017), going from \$52,537,150 to \$22,717,570. At the District's current mill levy of 39 mills, this decrease in assessed value from oil and gas will result in a reduction of revenue of approximately \$1,162,964 to the District in 2018. Total revenue from oil and gas taxes in 2017 and anticipated taxes for 2018 are \$2,048,949 and \$885,985 respectively. The sharp decline in oil and gas related revenues is the result of oil and gas prices being at remarkably low levels during calendar year 2016. Oil and Gas taxes collected in 2018 are predicated on oil and gas production occurring in calendar year 2016.

After 2018, the financial impact of oil and gas to the District will be predicated on the price of oil and gas over time, the actual amount of oil and gas produced from each well, and the number of new wells, if any, brought on line.

Contacting the District's Financial Management Team

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2 1625 Pelican Lakes Point, Suite 201 Windsor, Colorado 80550



WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 150,007
Cash and investments - Restricted	494,279
Receivable - County Treasurer	17,240
Property taxes receivable	2,224,511
Total assets	2,886,037
LIABILITIES	
Accrued interest payable - Bonds	28,158
Noncurrent liabilities	,
Due within one year	235,000
Due in more than one year	8,139,692
Total liabilities	8,402,850
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property tax revenue	2,224,511
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,224,511
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Debt service	125,954
Unrestricted	(7,867,278)
Total net position	\$ (7,741,324)

WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net (Expense)

					Program	Revenues	S		C	evenue and Changes in et Position
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmenta Activities	
Primary government: Government activities:										
General government	\$	25,154	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(25,154)
Intergovernmental - Transfers to PTMD - for operations and capital costs Intergovernmental - Transfers to PTMD -		2,445,547		-		-		-		(2,445,547)
for debt service		1,205,733		-		-		-		(1,205,733)
Interest and related costs on										
long-term debt	\$	341,293 4,017,727	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		(341,293) (4,017,727)
	Gen	eral revenues								(1,011,121)
		operty taxes								3,103,222
		ecific owners								246,257
		lyment in lieu erest income	or taxes							105,791 5,449
		eimbursed Exp	penditures	i						576,681
		Total genera								4,037,400
		Change in n		ı						19,673
		position - Beg							Ф.	(7,760,997)
	inet	position - End	irig						Φ	(7,741,324)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2017

		General		Debt Service		Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
First Western Trust Bank - Tax Receipts Account	\$	150,007	\$	145,073	\$	295,080
First Western Trust Bank - Loan Fund UMB Debt Service Reserve Fund - Series 2016		-		60,577 288,450		60,577 288,450
UMB Bond Fund - Series 2016		-		179		200,450 179
Receivable - County Treasurer		9,242		7,998		17,240
Property taxes receivable		659,026	1	,565,485		2,224,511
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	818,275	\$ 2	2,067,762	\$	2,886,037
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	
Total liabilities						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property tax revenue		659,026		,565,485		2,224,511
Total deferred inflows of resources		659,026	1	,565,485		2,224,511
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted Debt service				441,700		441,700
Capital projects (PTMD)		-		60,577		60,577
Committed				00,077		00,077
Operations (PTMD)		159,249		-		159,249
Total fund balances		159,249		502,277		661,526
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		818,275	\$ 2	2,067,762		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the because:	e statement	of net position	on are d	ifferent		
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, a	are not due	and payable	in the c	urrent		
period and, therefore, are not reported as liabili						
Bonds payable						(8,035,000)
Bond premium						(339,692)
Accrued interest payable - Bonds						(28,158)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

Net position of governmental activities

\$ (7,741,324)

WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General			Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	1,663,566	\$	1,439,656	\$	3,103,222	
Specific ownership taxes		132,013		114,244		246,257	
Payment in lieu of taxes		105,791		-		105,791	
Reimbursed expenditures		-		576,681		576,681	
Interest income		1,115		4,334		5,449	
Total revenues		1,902,485		2,134,915		4,037,400	
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's fees		25,016		21,649		46,665	
2016 G.O. Bond interest		-		339,694		339,694	
2016 G.O. Bond principal		-		90,000		90,000	
Miscellaneous		138		102		240	
Paying agent fees		-		2,500		2,500	
Transfers to PTMD - Other		1,874,400		571,147		2,445,547	
Transfers to PTMD - Series 2010 Bonds		-		1,205,733		1,205,733	
Total expenditures		1,899,554		2,230,825		4,130,379	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,931		(95,910)		(92,979)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		156,318		598,187		754,505	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	159,249	\$	502,277	\$	661,526	

WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - Total governmental fund \$ (92,979)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

2016 G.O. Bonds - principal payment

90,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on Bonds - Change in liability
Amortization of bond premium

Change in net position of governmental activities

150
22,502

\$ 19,673

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	1,699,933	\$	1,676,819	\$	1,663,566	\$	(13,253)	
Specific ownership taxes		84,997		123,934		132,013		8,079	
Payment in lieu of taxes		105,791		105,791		105,791		-	
Interest income		900		737		1,115		378	
Total revenues		1,891,621		1,907,281		1,902,485		(4,796)	
EXPENDITURES									
County Treasurer's fees		25,499		25,152		25,016		136	
Miscellaneous		100		100		138		(38)	
Transfers to PTMD - funding for operations		1,866,022		1,888,347		1,874,400		13,947	
Total expenditures		1,891,621		1,913,599		1,899,554		14,045	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(6,318)		2,931		9,249	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		150,000		156,318		156,318			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	159,249	\$	9,249	

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 2 (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for the Town of Windsor, Weld County, Colorado, in 1994, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes).

The District was organized to provide water and wastewater services, street construction, installation of safety control devices and construction and maintenance of parks and recreation facilities. The District is a Financing District organized in conjunction with two other related Districts — Poudre Tech Metropolitan District and Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 1. Poudre Tech Metropolitan District serves as the Operating District which is responsible for managing the construction and operation of facilities and improvements needed for Water Valley Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2 (Financing Districts) which are responsible for providing the tax base needed to support financing of capital improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal, interest, and other related costs of debts issued by the District and Poudre Tech Metropolitan District (Operating District). Currently, it also accounts for draws previously made on the 2014 General Obligation Loan with First Western Trust Bank, which funds are transferred to the Operating District to pay for costs of public improvements benefitting the District.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Amortization

Original Issue Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position. Net position may be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because
 it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or
 contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the
 government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor
 committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific
 purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed
 or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.
- Unassigned fund balance The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balances are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2017, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$ 150,007
Cash and investments – Restricted	 494,279
Total cash and investments	\$ 644,286

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2017, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 355,657
Investments	 288,629
Total cash and investments	\$ 644,286

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2017, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$355,657.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2017, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Local Government	Weighted average	
Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	under 60 days	\$ 288,629

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Balance at December 31, 2016	Additio	ns	_ Pa	ayments	_	Balance at cember 31, 2017	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	\$ 8,125,000	\$	_	\$	90,000	\$	8,035,000	\$ 235,000
	8,125,000	•	-		90,000		8,035,000	\$ 235,000
Series 2016 Bond Premium	362,194		-		22,502		339,692	
	\$ 8,487,194	\$	-	\$	112,502	\$	8,374,692	

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

On January 31, 2014, the District entered into a loan agreement with First Western Trust Bank to obtain a loan in the aggregate original amount of up to \$8,240,000 (Loan). The maturity date of the Loan is January 31, 2021, with an interest rate of 4.04%, paid semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The proceeds of the initial draw from the Loan were used to finance certain public improvements, reimburse the Developer for prior advances related to public improvements constructed by the Developer on behalf of the District, and pay the costs of issuing the Loan.

On July 8, 2016, the District issued \$8,125,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (2016 Bonds) to prepay the Loan described above. The 2016 Bonds are general obligations of the District secured and payable from Pledged Revenue which include Property Tax Revenue, net of costs of collection, and any other legally available amounts. The 2016 Bonds are due December 1, 2040, with an interest rate of 2.00%-5.25%, paid semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The 2016 Bonds maturing on December 1, 2040, are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity, and in whole of partial maturities (and if in part in such order of maturities as the District is to determine and by lot within maturities), on December 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, and accrued interest thereon, without redemption premium. The 2016 Bonds maturing on December 1, 2033, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, prior to maturity, in part, by lot in such manner as the Trustee is to determine, on December 1 of each year at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof (with no redemption premium), plus accrued interest.

Further, the District entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement in October 2010 as amended in January 2014, pursuant to which the District is obligated to impose an ad valorem property tax levy without limitation as to rate, to pay a portion of principal and accrued interest on Poudre Tech Metropolitan District's Property Tax Supported Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010 A, B, and C in the aggregate principal amount of \$25,675,000 issued pursuant to a 2010 Indenture of Trust with UMB Bank. During 2017, the District transferred \$1,205,733 to Poudre Tech Metropolitan District in compliance of its obligation under the Capital Pledge Agreement.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The 2016 Bonds will mature as follows:

	Principal		Interest	Total		
2018	\$	235,000	\$ 337,894	\$	572,894	
2019		240,000	332,606		572,606	
2020		245,000	326,606		571,606	
2021		255,000	320,175		575,175	
2022		260,000	313,162		573,162	
2023-2027		1,425,000	1,437,312		2,862,312	
2028-2032		1,710,000	1,148,600		2,858,600	
2033-2037		2,115,000	745,938		2,860,938	
2038-2040		1,550,000	165,638		1,715,638	
	\$	8,035,000	\$ 5,127,931	\$	13,162,931	

NOTE 5 - AUTHORIZED DEBT

On November 8, 1994, the District's voters authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$30,405,000. At December 31, 2017, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	 Amount thorized on ember 8, 1994	 thorization Used for 2005 Bonds	Au	ithorization Used for 2008 Bonds	Use Ag Ope	uthorization ed for Pledge reement with rating District 2010 Bonds	!	othorization Used for 2014 Loan	 uthorized But Unissued
Water	\$ 5,720,000	\$ (900,000)	\$	-	\$	(3,076,562)	\$	(565,767)	\$ 1,177,671
Sanitation	6,150,000	(3,075,000)		-		(578,924)		(2,378,342)	117,734
Streets	11,865,000	(2,325,000)		(5,200,000)		(1,883,849)		(2,215,857)	240,294
Parks and Recreation	4,860,000	(1,050,000)		-		-		(2,985,132)	824,868
Traffic/Safety Protection	710,000	(150,000)		-		(291,690)		(94,902)	173,408
Fire Protection	420,000	-		-		-		-	420,000
TV Relay/Translation	680,000	-		-		-		-	680,000
	\$ 30,405,000	\$ (7,500,000)	\$	(5,200,000)	\$	(5,831,025)	\$	(8,240,000)	\$ 3,633,975

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the maximum general obligation bonded indebtedness for Financing Districts is not expected to exceed \$21,000,000 (in 1995 dollars) exclusive of costs of issuance, organization costs, inflation, contingencies and other similar costs.

The electoral authorization used for 2005 Bonds was reallocated in January 2014 through a resolution approved by the District's Board of Directors for the purpose of correlating/adjusting the allocation with the actual uses of net proceeds.

NOTE 5 - AUTHORIZED DEBT (CONTINUED)

The 2016 Bonds constitutes a financing of District indebtedness at a lower interest rate and the principal amount of the Bonds is not in excess of the original principal amount of the Loan; therefore, the issuance of the 2016 Bonds did not require electoral authorization.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area, however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any future debt issuances are not determinable.

NOTE 6 - NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use as imposed by external parties such as creditors, grantors or contributors, or as imposed by laws or regulations of other governments, or as imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2017, the District had restricted net position of \$125,954 for debt service.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This negative net position is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of long-term debt and accrued interest issued to finance public improvements previously constructed and/or acquired by Poudre Tech Metropolitan District, Operating District, for the benefit of the District, which public improvements are either owned and maintained by Poudre Tech Metropolitan District or conveyed to other governmental entities.

NOTE 7 - AGREEMENTS

Amended and Restated Facilities Construction and Service Agreement ("Master IGA")

As contemplated by the Service Plan, the District entered into an Amended and Restated Facilities Construction and Service Agreement ("Master IGA"), dated February 17, 2014, with Water Valley Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District No. 1") and Poudre Tech Metropolitan District ("PTMD") (collectively, the "Districts"), pursuant to which the Districts have agreed that PTMD will own, operate, maintain and construct public improvements benefiting all Districts, and that the District and District No. 1 will pay all costs related to construction, operation and maintenance of such public improvements, through their issuance of general obligation debt and/or the payment to PTMD for debt service of bonds issued by PTMD. In furtherance of the Master IGA, for the purpose of funding costs of public improvements, PTMD entered into a Facilities Acquisition Agreement ("FAA") dated July 7, 2005, with Trollco, Inc. ("Developer"), the payment of which constitutes an obligation of the District under the Master IGA. Per the terms of the FAA, any amounts outstanding as of December 31, 2015, were deemed a contribution to PTMD and PTMD has no continuing obligation to the Developer.

NOTE 7 - AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Pledge Agreement

The District entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement in October 2010 as amended in January 2014, pursuant to which the District is obligated to impose an ad valorem property tax levy without limitation as to rate to pay for a portion of principal and accrued interest payable on PTMD's Property Tax Supported Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2010 A, B, and C in the aggregate principal amount of \$25,675,000 issued pursuant to a 2010 Indenture of Trust with UMB Bank ("2010 Bonds"). The Capital Pledge Agreement, as amended, provides for the allocation between the District and District No. 1 of required debt service on the 2010 Bonds.

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

An Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement (IARA), dated January 30, 2014, was entered into by the District and Trollco, Inc. ("Developer") pursuant to which the District agrees to reimburse the Developer for all District Eligible Costs incurred by the Developer for public infrastructure within the boundaries of the District. "District Eligible Costs" means all costs of any kind related to the provision of the public infrastructure that may be lawfully funded by the District under Colorado's Special District Act and the Service Plan, and with respect to which the District has available electoral authorization to incur indebtedness to finance the same. The provision for repayment of amounts under this agreement shall be subject to annual appropriation by the District.

Agreement Regarding Payment in Lieu of Taxes

The Developer sold a property to The Evangelical Lutheran Good Samaritan Society ("Society") as evidenced by a Definitive Purchase Agreement, dated February 10, 2004, between the Developer and the Society. The property sold by the Developer to the Society is located within the District and PTMD (collectively, the "Districts"). Under the agreement, the Society, a taxexempt entity, agrees to pay the Districts, on an annual basis, an amount equal to whatever mill levy is assessed by the Districts for other property owners within the Districts, based on the assessed valuation of the property sold to the Society as determined by Weld County.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Trollco Inc., a Colorado corporation (Developer). Certain members of the Board of Directors of the District are officers or employees of or related to the Developer or an entity affiliated with the Developer or the majority owner of the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. As of December 31, 2017, the District has not provided for an emergency reserve equal to at least 3% of fiscal year spending, as defined under TABOR, because net tax revenue is transferred to Poudre Tech Metropolitan District, the Operating District, which provides for the required reserve amount. Additionally, the District has committed to maintain a reasonable level of unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund to mitigate temporary revenue shortfalls or unplanned one-time expenditures that may occur in the future.

The District's management has taken steps it believes are necessary to comply with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	1,471,128	\$	1,451,126	\$ 1,439,656	\$	(11,470)
Specific ownership taxes		73,556		107,253	114,244		6,991
Reimbursed Expenditures		-		576,681	576,681		-
Interest income		1,500		3,662	 4,334		672
Total revenues		1,546,184		2,138,722	2,134,915		(3,807)
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's fees		22,067		21,767	21,649		118
2016 G.O. Bond interest		339,694		339,694	339,694		-
2016 G.O. Bond principal		90,000		90,000	90,000		-
Miscellaneous		2,286		1,368	102		1,266
Paying agent fees		-		2,500	2,500		-
Transfers to PTMD - Other		-		631,718	571,147		60,571
Transfers to PTMD - Series 2010 Bonds		1,205,953		1,205,953	1,205,733		220
Total expenditures		1,660,000		2,293,000	2,230,825		62,175
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(113,816)		(154,278)	(95,910)		58,368
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		522,986		598,187	 598,187		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	409,170	\$	443,909	\$ 502,277	\$	58,368

WATER VALLEY METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2017

\$8,125,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 Dated July 8, 2016 Principal due December 1 Interest Rate 2.00% - 5.25 % Payable June 1 and December 1

Year Ended						
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	235,000	\$	337,894	\$	572 90 <i>4</i>
	Φ	•	Φ	•	Ф	572,894
2019		240,000		332,606		572,606
2020		245,000		326,606		571,606
2021		255,000		320,175		575,175
2022		260,000		313,162		573,162
2023		265,000		305,362		570,362
2024		275,000		297,081		572,081
2025		285,000		288,144		573,144
2026		295,000		278,525		573,525
2027		305,000		268,200		573,200
2028		315,000		256,000		571,000
2029		330,000		243,400		573,400
2030		340,000		230,200		570,200
2031		355,000		216,600		571,600
2032		370,000		202,400		572,400
2033		385,000		187,600		572,600
2034		400,000		172,200		572,200
2035		420,000		151,200		571,200
2036		445,000		129,150		574,150
2037		465,000		105,788		570,788
2038		490,000		81,375		571,375
2039		515,000		55,650		570,650
2040		545,000		28,613		573,613
	\$	8,035,000	\$	5,127,931	\$	13,162,931

AS REQ	CONTINI UIRED BY	UING DISC THE GEN	CLOSURE NERAL OB	ANNUAL I	FINANCIAL REFUNDIN	INFORMAT NG BONDS,	ION SERIES 2016

TABLE II
Construction Activity in First Phase of WV2 Development

Home Type/ Homebuilder	Total Platted Lots/Planned Units ¹	Base Sales Price	Square Footage	Number of Building Permits Issued ²	Remaining Inventory ³
Single-Family Detached:	884				
D.R. Horton	94	\$359,950 - \$469,950	1,782 - 4,130	94	-
Cal Atlantic Homes	117	\$345,490 - \$390,990	1,871 - 2,734	86	31
Lennar	55	\$359,900 - \$379,900	1,671 - 1,988	55	-
JUMA Homes 4	46	\$390,000 - \$479,000	1,325 - 1,771	8	38
Other ⁵	572	unknown	unknown	560	12
Single-Family Attached:	150				
Landmark ⁶	150	\$272,400 - \$339,900	1,455 - 1,794	150	-
Multi-Family:	292				
Apartments	220			-	220
Condos	56	unknown	unknown	56	-
Duplex	16			4	12
Total	1,326			1,013	313

¹ Reflects the total number of lots platted for single-family detached homes, single-family attached homes, and condominiums as well as the total number of apartment units planned.

² Represents lots for which the Town of Windsor has issued a building permit, as of March 31, 2018. This includes lots for which title has transferred to individual homeowners as well as lots upon which homes may have been constructed but have not yet been sold to homeowners. No specific information is available to the District with regard to the total number of homes that have been sold and closed to homeowners.

³ Represents lots for which no building permit has been issued by the Town of Windsor.

⁴ Lots replatted from Single-Family Attached to Single-Family Detached in 2017.

⁵ Includes custom homebuilders and other miscellaneous homebuilders, for which no additional information is known or provided.

⁶ The sole active single-family attached builder in the first phase of the WV2 Development is Landmark Construction Solutions, Inc., a Colorado corporation, doing business as Landmark Homes ("Landmark Homes"). Source: The District and the Town of Windsor.

Table III
History of District's Assessed Valuation and Mill Levies

				Mill Levies	
Levy/Collection	Assessed	Percent	General	Debt Service	Total
Year	Valuation	Increase	Fund	Fund	Mill Levy
2010/2011	\$ 20,113,720	-	0.000	20.000	20.000
2011/2012	16,893,730	(16.01)	0.000	26.000	26.000
2012/2013	17,836,630	5.58	0.000	39.000	39.000
2013/2014	18,266,193	2.41	0.000	39.000	39.000
2014/2015	20,326,230	11.28	0.000	39.000	39.000
2015/2016	84,359,680	315.03	15.975	23.025	39.000
2016/2017	81,309,260	(3.62)	20.907	18.093	39.000
2017/2018	57,038,740	(29.85)	11.554	27.446	39.000

Sources: Weld County Assessor's Office and the District.

Table IV 2017 Assessed and "Actual" Valuation of Classes of Property in the District

Class	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Assessed Valuation	"Actual" Valuation	Percent of "Actual" Valuation
Oil & Gas	\$ 22,717,570	39.83%	\$ 29,692,174	6.75%
Residential	27,947,170	49.00%	388,151,771	88.25%
Vacant Land	4,279,080	7.50%	14,755,693	3.35%
Commercial	1,617,130	2.84%	5,576,250	1.27%
State Assessed	441,470	0.77%	1,522,291	0.35%
Agricultural	35,640	0.06%	122,853	0.03%
Minerals	680	0.00%	 2,333	0.00%
Total	\$ 57,038,740	100.00%	\$ 439,823,365	100.00%

Source: Weld County Assessor's Office

Table V History of District's Property Tax Collections

Levy/Collection Year	Tax	ces Levied	Property Tax Collections	Tax Collections as Percent of Tax Levied
2010/2011	\$	402,274	\$ 401,271	99.75%
2011/2012		439,237	435,729	99.20%
2012/2013		695,629	679,303	97.65%
2013/2014		712,382	712,071	99.96%
2014/2015		792,723	787,415	99.33%
2015/2016		3,290,028	3,294,992	100.15%
2016/2017		3,171,061	3,103,222	97.86%

Source: Through 2014/2015 - from the Official Statement for the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016. From 2015/2017 - from the District.

Table VIII
General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,349,679	\$ 1,663,566	
Specific Ownership Taxes	-	-	-	79,803	132,013	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes - Good Samaritan	96,761	95,191	95,191	105,791	105,791	
Interest Income	-	-	-	1,395	1,115	
Total Revenues	96,761	95,191	95,191	1,536,668	1,902,485	
Expenditures:						
General Government	-	-	-	80	138	
County Treasurer's Fees	-	-	-	20,264	25,016	
Transfer to Poudre Tech - Other 1	96,761	95,191	-	1,360,006	1,874,400	
Total Expenditures	96,761	95,191	-	1,380,350	1,899,554	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	95,191	156,318	2,931	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In (Out)	-	-	(95,191)	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(95,191)	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	_	_	156,318	2,931	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	_	-	· -	156,318	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 156,318	\$ 159,249	

¹ Transfer to Poudre Tech for operations and capital costs.

Source: District's audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2013-2017.

Table IX

Debt Service Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Revenues:									
Taxes ¹	\$ 72	23,406	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Property Taxes ¹		-		712,774		788,365	1	1,945,313	1,439,656
Specific Ownership Taxes ¹		-		60,032		52,886		115,022	114,244
Interest Income		5,124		1,576		1,182		2,895	4,334
Reimbursed Expenditures		-		-		-		-	576,681
Total Revenues	72	28,530		774,382		842,433	2	2,063,230	2,134,915
Expenditures:									
General Government ²	•	10,241		-		-		-	-
County Treasurer's Fees 2		-		10,715		11,840		29,207	21,649
Transfer to Poudre Tech - Other ³		-	5	,237,493		2,344,223		156,633	571,147
Miscellaneous ²		-		143		40		60	102
Debt Service									
Bond Interest		-		167,297		295,409		202,398	339,694
Bond Principal		-		-		-	8	3,240,000	90,000
Bond Cost of Issuance		-		279,347		-		-	-
Paying agent fees		-		-		-		-	2,500
Loan interest		-		-		-		134,934	-
Loan Cost of Issuance		-		-		-		185,373	-
Transfer to Poudre Tech - 2010 PTMD Bonds		21,751		759,776		687,234		1,176,329	1,205,733
Total Expenditures		31,992	6	,454,771		3,338,746	10	0,124,934	 2,230,825
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,462)	(5	,680,389)	(2,496,313)	(8	3,061,704)	(95,910)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Loan Proceeds		-	5	,619,727		2,620,273		-	-
Bond Issuance		-		-		-	8	3,125,000	-
Bond Premium		-		-		-		371,133	-
Transfers In		-		<u>-</u>		95,191		<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			5	,619,727		2,715,464	8	3,496,133	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,462)		(60,662)		219,151		434,429	(95,910)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		8,731		5,269		(55,393)		163,758	 598,187
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	5,269	\$	(55,393)	\$	163,758	\$	598,187	\$ 502,277

¹ In 2014, the District began to separately account for property tax and specific ownership tax revenue.

Source: District's audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2013-2017.

² In 2014, the District began to separately account for general government expenditures.

³ Transfer to Poudre Tech for capital costs.

Table X
General Fund Budget Summary and Comparison

	2016 Budget (as amended)	2017 Budget (as amended)	2017 Year-To-Date Actual		
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 156,318	\$ 156,318		
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	1,347,646	1,676,819	1,663,566		
Specific Ownership Taxes	69,461	123,934	132,013		
Payment in Lieu of Taxes - Good Samaritan	105,791	105,791	105,791		
Cost reimbursement	650,000	-	-		
Interest Income	900	737	1,115		
Total Revenues	2,173,798	1,907,281	1,902,485		
Total Funds Available	2,173,798	2,063,599	2,058,803		
Expenditures:					
County Treasurer's Fees	20,215	25,152	25,016		
Miscellaneous	80	100	138		
Transfer to Poudre Tech	2,003,503	1,888,347	1,874,400		
Total Expenditures	2,023,798	1,913,599	1,899,554		
Total Expenditures and Transfers					
Out Requiring Appropriation	2,023,798	1,913,599	1,899,554		
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 159,249		

Sources: District's adopted 2016 and 2017 budgets and the District's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Table XI

Debt Service Fund Budget Summary and Comparison

	2016 Budget (as amended)		2017 Budget (as amended)		2017	Year-To-Date Actual
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	163,758	\$	598,187	\$	598,187
Revenues:						
Property Taxes		1,942,382		1,451,126		1,439,656
Specific Ownership Taxes		100,113		107,253		114,244
Interest income		1,600		3,662		4,334
Reimbursed Expenditures Bond Issuance		8,125,000		576,681		576,681
Bond Premium		371,133		-		-
Total Revenues	1	0,540,228		2,138,722		2,134,915
Total Funds Available	1	0,703,986		2,736,909		2,733,102
Expenditures:						
County Treasurer's Fees		29,136		21,767		21,649
Loan Principal		8,240,000		-		-
Loan Interest		202,398		-		-
Miscellaneous		1,236		1,368		102
Paying agent fees		-		2,500		2,500
Cost of issuance		185,373				
Bond interest - Series 2016		134,934		339,694		339,694
Bond principal - Series 2016		-		90,000		90,000
Transfer to Poudre Tech - Other		211,640		631,718		571,147
Transfer to Poudre Tech - 2010 PTMD Bonds		1,176,283		1,205,953		1,205,733
Total Expenditures	1	0,181,000		2,293,000		2,230,825
Total Expenditures Requiring Appropriation	1	0,181,000		2,293,000		2,230,825
Ending Fund Balance	\$	522,986	\$	443,909	\$	502,277
•						

Sources: District's adopted 2016 and 2017 budgets and the District's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.