

**Centennial Downs Metropolitan District
Arapahoe County, Colorado**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

With Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2017

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Office of the State Auditor

July 31, 2018

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2017

Independent auditor’s report I

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Centennial Downs Metropolitan District
Arapahoe County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Centennial Downs Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Centennial Downs Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Fiscal Focus Partners, LLC

Lakewood, Colorado
July 31, 2018

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 95,945
Cash and investments - Restricted	610,153
Receivable - County Treasurer	6,921
Property taxes receivable	952,126
Total assets	<u>1,665,145</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,624
Accrued interest payable	14,352
General obligation bonds payable:	
Due within one year	815,000
Due in more than one year	6,545,000
Total liabilities	<u>7,376,976</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Gain on bond refunding, net of amortization	95,567
Property tax revenue	952,126
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,047,693</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency reserves	3,000
Debt service	613,444
Unrestricted	(7,375,968)
Total net position	<u>\$ (6,759,524)</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenue</u>		<u>Net (Expense)</u>
		<u>Charges for</u>	<u>Operating</u>	<u>Revenue and</u>
	<u>Services</u>	<u>Grants and</u>	<u>Capital Grants</u>	<u>Changes in</u>
		<u>Contributions</u>	<u>and</u>	<u>Net Position</u>
			<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Governmental</u>
				<u>Activities</u>
Primary government				
General government	\$ (16,055)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (16,055)
Interest on long-term debt and related costs	(180,400)	-	-	(180,400)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ (196,455)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (196,455)</u>
General revenues:				
				1,007,708
Property taxes				87,356
Specific ownership taxes				7,752
Interest income				<u>1,102,816</u>
Total general revenues				
				906,361
Change in net position				
Net position - beginning				(7,665,885)
Net position - ending				<u>\$ (6,759,524)</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

December 31, 2017

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 95,945	\$ -	\$ 95,945
Cash and investments - Restricted	3,000	607,153	610,153
Receivable - County Treasurer	630	6,291	6,921
Property taxes receivable	97,946	854,180	952,126
Total assets	\$ 197,521	\$ 1,467,624	\$ 1,665,145
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	2,624	-	2,624
Total liabilities	2,624	-	2,624
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property tax revenue	97,946	854,180	952,126
Total deferred inflows of resources	97,946	854,180	952,126
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Emergencies	3,000	-	3,000
Debt service	-	613,444	613,444
Unassigned	93,951	-	93,951
Total fund balances	96,951	613,444	710,395
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 197,521	\$ 1,467,624	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	(7,360,000)
Accrued interest payable	(14,352)
Gain on bond refunding, net	(95,567)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (6,759,524)

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 91,723	\$ 915,985	\$ 1,007,708
Specific ownership taxes	7,951	79,405	87,356
Investment earnings	-	7,752	7,752
Total revenues	<u>99,674</u>	<u>1,003,142</u>	<u>1,102,816</u>
Expenditures			
General			
Accounting and management	2,497	-	2,497
Audit	3,600	-	3,600
Directors fees	400	-	400
Insurance	2,488	-	2,488
Legal	5,194	-	5,194
Office expense	500	-	500
Treasurer's fees	1,376	13,739	15,115
Debt service			
Interest	-	190,476	190,476
Principal	-	780,000	780,000
Paying agent fees	-	300	300
Total expenditures	<u>16,055</u>	<u>984,515</u>	<u>1,000,570</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>83,619</u>	<u>18,627</u>	<u>102,246</u>
Other financing sources (uses)			
Operating transfers in (out)	(100,000)	100,000	-
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>(100,000)</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	(16,381)	118,627	102,246
Fund balances - beginning	<u>113,332</u>	<u>494,817</u>	<u>608,149</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 96,951</u>	<u>\$ 613,444</u>	<u>\$ 710,395</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds: \$ 102,246

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bond, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Bond principal payment	780,000
Current year amortization of gain on refunding	22,594
Change in accrued interest	<u>1,521</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 906,361</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original and Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 92,857	\$ 91,723	\$ (1,134)
Specific ownership taxes	6,100	7,951	1,851
Investment earnings	100	-	(100)
Total revenues	99,057	99,674	617
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting and management	4,000	2,497	1,503
Audit	4,000	3,600	400
Contingency	16,000	-	16,000
Directors fees	1,500	400	1,100
Insurance	2,600	2,488	112
Legal	6,000	5,194	806
Office expense	500	500	-
Repairs and Maintenance	10,000	-	10,000
Treasurer's fees	2,000	1,376	624
Total expenditures	46,600	16,055	30,545
Excess of revenues over expenditures	52,457	83,619	31,162
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfers (out)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
Net change in fund balances	(47,543)	(16,381)	31,162
Fund balances - beginning	103,610	113,332	9,722
Fund balances - ending	\$ 56,067	\$ 96,951	\$ 40,884

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Reporting entity

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District (the District) is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado organized on September 6, 1983. The District was organized to provide water and sanitation facilities and services, street improvements and safety protection for its inhabitants. The District derives its revenue principally from general property taxes.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

As of December 31, 2017 no component unit has been identified as reportable to the District, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of net position reports all financial resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customer or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

December 31, 2017

or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives the cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be reported in another fund.

The debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2017

D. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Pooled cash and investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility.

F. Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

G. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. In accordance with the Colorado State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors follow these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. On or before October 15, the Board prepares a proposed operating budget for each fund, based on their respective basis of accounting, for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2017

3. After considering comments received, the budget is formally adopted by resolution.
4. On or before December 15, the required mill levy is adopted by resolution. The mill levy is then certified to the County Commissioners.
5. Before December 31, the expenditures are appropriated for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund level and lapses at year-end.

H. Fund balances

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-spendable fund balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Directors prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned fund balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned fund balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

December 31, 2017

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

Note 2 – Cash and investments

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2017 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$ 95,945
Cash and investments-Restricted	610,153
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 706,098</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Demand deposits	\$ 24,499
Certificate of deposits	258,507
Investments	423,092
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 706,098</u>

Deposits with financial institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2017, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$285,595 and a carrying balance of \$283,006.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2017

The District generally limits its investment to those which are believed to have minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the district is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2017, the District had the following investment:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Liquid Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust)	Weighted average under 60 days	<u>\$ 423,092</u>

Colotrust

During 2017, the District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, Colotrust Prime and Colotrust Plus. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. Colotrust Plus may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)

December 31, 2017

government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. Colotrust is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's. Colotrust records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in Colotrust using the net asset value method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

Note 3 – Long-term debt

A. Changes in long-term debt

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2017	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
G.O. refunding bonds, Series 2014	\$ 8,140,000	\$ -	\$ (780,000)	\$ 7,360,000	\$ 815,000
	<u>\$ 8,140,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (780,000)</u>	<u>\$ 7,360,000</u>	<u>\$ 815,000</u>

B. Series 2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

Series 2014 bonds are term bonds, initially dated September 3, 2014, aggregating \$9,815,000, in denominations of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple thereof, subject to mandatory redemption (by reference to a debt schedule described below). The bonds shall mature on December 1, 2025 and bear interest at the rate of 2.34% per annum, payable on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2014. The maximum net effective interest rate authorized for this issue of Bonds is 2.50% and the actual net effective interest rate of the Bonds does not and shall not exceed such maximum rate.

C. Refunding

On September 3, 2014, the District advance refunded and defeased (debt legally satisfied) all remaining Series 1999 General Obligation Refunding bonds by the issuance of \$9,815,000 General Obligation Refunding bonds dated September 3, 2014 with an interest rate of 2.34%. The District refunded the 1999 Series bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 14 years by \$3,273,082 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,664,579. The defeased bonds are not considered a liability of the District since sufficient funds in the amount of \$10,918,706 were

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

December 31, 2017

deposited with a trustee in an irrevocable escrow fund for the purpose of paying the principal and interest of the defeased bonds.

In the government-wide statements, the District incurred a gain on bond refunding in the amount of \$176,268, which has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the new debt. The balance as of December 31, 2017 is \$95,567.

D. Debt maturities

Debt maturities for the next five years and to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 815,000	\$ 172,224	\$ 987,224
2019	840,000	153,153	993,153
2020	875,000	133,497	1,008,497
2021	900,000	113,022	1,013,022
2022	935,000	91,962	1,026,962
2023-2025	2,995,000	141,804	3,136,804
Total	<u>\$ 7,360,000</u>	<u>\$ 805,662</u>	<u>\$ 8,165,662</u>

Note 4 - Tax, spending and debt limitation

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

In November 1993, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and other revenue of the District for 1993 and any year thereafter, without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Ultimate implementation may depend upon litigation and legislative guidance.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

December 31, 2017

Note 5 – Net position

The District's net position consists of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position of \$616,444 as of December 31, 2017 as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Restricted net position:	
Emergency reserve	\$ 3,000
Debt service	<u>613,444</u>
Total restricted net position	<u><u>\$ 616,444</u></u>

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2016 totaled (\$7,375,968). This deficit is primarily due to the effects of the District's bond indebtedness, which remain the obligation of the District. The proceeds were used to construct capital assets which were deeded over to the City of Littleton for care and maintenance when construction was complete.

Note 6 – Interfund Transfers

During 2017, \$100,000 was transferred from the general fund to the debt service fund for purposes of assisting with bond principal and interest payments.

Note 7 - Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to personnel, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2017. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)**

December 31, 2017

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and worker's compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	<u>Original and Final Budget Amounts</u>	<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 927,301	\$ 915,985	\$ (11,316)
Specific ownership taxes	61,000	79,405	18,405
Investment earnings	3,500	7,752	4,252
Total revenues	<u>991,801</u>	<u>1,003,142</u>	<u>11,341</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Paying agent fees	2,500	300	2,200
Treasurer's fees	13,500	13,739	(239)
Interest	190,476	190,476	-
Principal	780,000	780,000	-
Total expenditures	<u>986,476</u>	<u>984,515</u>	<u>1,961</u>
Excess of expenditures over (under) revenues	5,325	18,627	13,302
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfers in	100,000	100,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>105,325</u>	<u>118,627</u>	<u>13,302</u>
Fund balances - beginning	<u>484,072</u>	<u>494,817</u>	<u>10,745</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 589,397</u>	<u>\$ 613,444</u>	<u>\$ 24,047</u>

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

December 31, 2017

\$9,815,000

General Obligation

Refunding Bond, Series 2014

Dated September 3, 2014

Bonds
and Interest
Maturing
in the
Year Ending
December 31,

Interest Payable on June 1 and
Principal and Interest Payable December 1

	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 815,000	\$ 172,224	\$ 987,224
2019	840,000	153,153	993,153
2020	875,000	133,497	1,008,497
2021	900,000	113,022	1,013,022
2022	935,000	91,962	1,026,962
2023	960,000	70,083	1,030,083
2024	1,005,000	47,619	1,052,619
2025	1,030,000	24,102	1,054,102
	<u>\$ 7,360,000</u>	<u>\$ 805,662</u>	<u>\$ 8,165,662</u>

Centennial Downs Metropolitan District

**FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION,
MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED**

December 31, 2017

Year ended December 31,	Prior year assessed valuation for current year property tax levy		Mills levied for General fund	Mills levied for Debt Service fund	Total property taxes		Percent collected to levied
	General	Debt Service			Levied	Collected	
2013	\$ 33,241,360	\$ 33,241,360	3.000	25.000	\$ 930,758	\$ 929,855	99.9%
2014	\$ 36,210,000	\$ 36,210,000	2.500	25.000	\$ 995,775	\$ 959,230	96.3%
2015	\$ 35,159,657	\$ 35,159,657	2.500	25.000	\$ 966,890	\$ 1,007,708	104.2%
2016	\$ 42,082,647	\$ 42,082,647	2.203	22.000	\$ 1,018,526	\$ 1,018,311	100.0%
2017	\$ 42,149,638	\$ 42,149,638	2.203	22.000	\$ 1,020,148	\$ 1,007,708	98.8%
Estimated for calendar year ending December 31, 2018	\$ 47,454,431	\$ 47,454,431	2.064	18.000	\$ 952,126		

Note:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.