

SILVERTHORNE/DILLON JOINT SEWER AUTHORITY  
SILVERTHORNE, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

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Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority  
Silverthorne, Colorado

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Other Matters (Required Supplementary Information)**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

**Other Matters (Supplementary Information)**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority’s basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

*Ernst & Young LLP*

July 28, 2017

# SILVERTHORNE/DILLON JOINT SEWER AUTHORITY

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

December 31, 2016

As management of the Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority (JSA), we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the JSA for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the JSA exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2016 by \$13,999,085 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$6,456,023 (*unrestricted*) may be used to meet ongoing obligations or unforeseen expenses.
- The following changes, as compared to 2015, occurred during 2016: EQR's (Equivalent Residential Units), increased by 80.34 units, user fees increased by \$18,468 (1%) from prior year and operating expenses decreased \$19,438 (1%).
- Participant Asset Management Plan Fees are now reported under non-operating revenues, and resulted in an operating loss of \$334,393 for the year.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the JSA's basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves:

The ***statement of net position*** presents information on all the JSA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the JSA is improving or deteriorating.

The ***statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position*** presents information showing how the JSA's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future periods.

**Notes to Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 10 -17 of this report.

**Net Position** – As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. In the case of the JSA, assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$14 million at the close of fiscal year 2016.

Net position of the JSA at December 31, was:

	<b>NET POSITION</b>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,579,782	\$ 5,622,457
Capital Assets	<u>7,543,062</u>	<u>8,135,830</u>
Total Assets	14,122,844	13,758,287
Liabilities	<u>123,759</u>	<u>183,616</u>
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital		
Assets	7,543,062	8,135,830
Unrestricted	<u>6,456,023</u>	<u>5,438,841</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 13,999,085</u>	<u>\$ 13,574,671</u>

By far the largest portion of the JSA's net position, 54%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. treatment plant, lines, machinery, etc.), less any related accumulated depreciation. The net investment in capital assets is net of any debt outstanding on the capital assets. It should be noted that the JSA has no debt, long term or current, on any capital assets. The JSA uses these capital assets to provide services to participants; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Unrestricted net position may be used to meet the JSA's ongoing obligations to participants and creditors.

Of the \$6,579,782 current and other assets, \$6,526,645 is cash and investments. This reflects the strong cash balances that the JSA has maintained in 2016.

**Changes in Net Position** – The JSA's net position increased by \$424,414. This increase reflects that the JSA managed to show an increase during a fiscal year that was challenged by aging capital assets.

	<b>CHANGES IN NET POSITION</b>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating Revenues:		
User Fees	\$ 1,619,583	\$ 1,601,115
Miscellaneous & Grants	<u>67,968</u>	<u>77,855</u>
Total Revenues	<u>1,687,551</u>	<u>1,678,970</u>
Operating Expenses:		
Salaries & Benefits	542,535	580,032
Administrative Fees	147,235	145,556
Professional Fees	14,959	20,670
Supplies & Services	597,441	629,805
Depreciation	<u>719,774</u>	<u>665,320</u>
Total Expenses	<u>2,021,944</u>	<u>2,041,383</u>
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Participant Capital Fees	730,368	700,272
Interest Revenue	28,439	11,152
Loss on Disposal of Capital Asset	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,588)</u>
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):	<u>758,807</u>	<u>709,836</u>
Capital Grant	<u>-</u>	<u>896,504</u>
Increase in Net Position	<u>\$ 424,414</u>	<u>\$ 1,243,927</u>

### Operating Revenues Analysis:

- User fees remained constant at \$42.60/EQR/quarter in 2016.
- AMP fees increased from \$15.48/EQR/quarter in 2015 to \$16.14/EQR/quarter in 2016.
- Connected EQR's increased to 8655.9 in the fourth quarter of 2016 from 8575.6 in the fourth quarter of 2015.
- Operating revenues decreased in 2016 due to AMP fees being reclassified as non-operating revenues.

### Operating Expenses Analysis:

- Salaries and benefits decreased due to a vacancy not being filled.
- Professional fees decreased due to a reduction in legal fees.
- Supplies and Services decreased due to a decrease in collection services and maintenance.

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the JSA had one budget revision for carry forward projects from 2015. The \$39,000 carry forward was to complete the digester blower project and paint the tertiary floor

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were less than prior years due to the 2015 carry forward for the Treatment Plant improvements to address Colorado Regulation 85. Actual expenditures were \$1,168,214 below final budget amounts and resources available for appropriation were \$16,794 below the final budgeted amount. Therefore, net changes in fund balance produced \$1,151,420 more than the final budget anticipated.

## **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The JSA's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2016 amounts to \$7,543,062 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes treatment plant, lines, office furniture and equipment, vehicles, machinery and equipment, other improvements, projects in progress and land. The total net decrease in the JSA's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$592,768 due to the addition of capital assets of \$127,006 less net depreciation of \$660,663 and deletions of \$59,111.

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$93,819 for PLC replacement/upgrade.
- \$22,138 for a digester blower manifold.

The table below provides a summary of total capital assets at December 31:

	<b>CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR- END</b>	
	<b>(net of depreciation)</b>	
	<u><b>2016</b></u>	<u><b>2015</b></u>
Land	\$ 57,957	\$ 57,957
Projects in Progress	11,049	-
Treatment Plant	4,640,174	5,028,367
Lines	530,348	567,480
Vehicles	-	-
Furniture & Equipment	10,340	16,595
Machinery & Equipment	1,988,324	2,142,085
Other Improvements	<u>304,870</u>	<u>323,346</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,543,062</u>	<u>\$ 8,135,830</u>

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

- Participant's user fees remain constant at \$42.60/EQR/quarter.
- Participant's capital (AMP) fees will increase to \$16.83/EQR/quarter, a 4.3% increase.
- \$860,000 in capital projects to include a new digester, a biosolids truck, clarifier and controls upgrades.
- \$110,000 for Pumps and VFD's to be replaced as needed.

The JSA's discharge permit was reissued and expires in July of 2020. The renewed permit was modified in 2017 to include nutrient limits, effective June 1, 2017.

The JSA is in a strong financial position. The JSA is under the management of the Town of Silverthorne, and as such, reserves are at levels required in the Town's financial policies (equal to six months of operations expenditures). While this strong financial position is reassuring; the fact remains that annual operation expenditures must be paid for from revenues earned during this same period, not from reserves.

All these factors were considered in preparing the JSA's budget for the 2017 fiscal year.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the JSA's finances for all those with an interest in the JSA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, PO Box 1309, Silverthorne, Colorado 80498.

**SILVERTHORNE/DILLON JOINT SEWER AUTHORITY  
SILVERTHORNE, COLORADO**

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

**December 31, 2016**

**ASSETS**

Current Assets

Cash and Investments	\$ 6,526,645
Accounts Receivable	14,860
Prepaid Expenses	<u>38,276</u>

Total Current Assets 6,579,781

Capital Assets

Non-Depreciable Assets	69,006
Depreciable Assets, Net	<u>7,474,056</u>
	<u>7,543,062</u>

Total Assets 14,122,843

**LIABILITIES**

Current Liabilities

Accounts Payable	56,580
Accrued Liabilities	19,070
Compensated Absences	<u>41,315</u>

Total Current Liabilities 116,965

Noncurrent Liabilities

Compensated Absences	<u>6,794</u>
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Total Liabilities 123,759

**NET POSITION**

Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,543,062
Unrestricted	<u>6,456,023</u>

Total Net Position \$ 13,999,085

The accompanying notes are an integral  
part of the financial statements.

**SILVERTHORNE/DILLON JOINT SEWER AUTHORITY  
SILVERTHORNE, COLORADO**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN  
NET POSITION**

**Year Ended December 31, 2016**

**OPERATING REVENUES**

User Fees	\$	1,619,583
Miscellaneous		67,968
		1,687,551
Total Operating Revenues		1,687,551

**OPERATING EXPENSES**

Salaries & Benefits		542,535
Administrative Fees		147,235
Professional Fees		14,959
Supplies & Services		597,441
Depreciation		719,774
		2,021,944
Total Operating Expenses		2,021,944
Net Operating (Loss)		(334,393)

**NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)**

Interest Revenue		28,439
		28,439
Total Nonoperating Revenues/(Expenses)		28,439
Net (Loss) Before Capital Contributions		(305,954)

**CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS**

Participant Asset Management Plan Fees		730,368
		730,368

**CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 424,414

**NET POSITION - Beginning of Year** 13,574,671

**NET POSITION - End of Year** \$ 13,999,085

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**SILVERTHORNE/DILLON JOINT SEWER AUTHORITY  
SILVERTHORNE, COLORADO**

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

Year Ended December 31, 2016

**CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Cash Received from Users	\$ 1,973,073
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(827,256)
Cash Paid to Employees	<u>(535,736)</u>

Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	<u>610,081</u>
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**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Purchase of Capital Assets	(127,006)
Capital Grant Received	112,500
Participant Asset Management Plan Fees	<u>730,368</u>

Net Cash Provided By (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>715,862</u>
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**CASH FLOWS FROM NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Interest Received on Investments	<u>28,439</u>
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**NET INCREASE IN CASH AND  
CASH EQUIVALENTS**

1,354,382

**Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year**

5,172,263

**Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year**

\$ 6,526,645

**RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING (LOSS) TO  
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Net Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ <u>(334,393)</u>
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Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating (Loss) to Net Cash

Provided by Operating Activities:

Depreciation	719,774
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	285,522
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(965)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(68,529)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities	1,873
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	<u>6,799</u>

Total Adjustments	<u>944,474</u>
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Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	<u><u>\$ 610,081</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority  
Silverthorne, Colorado

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

**NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements of Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority (the JSA) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

**1. Financial Reporting Entity**

The JSA is a joint venture, which provides wastewater treatment facilities for the central basin of Summit County, Colorado. The joint venture participants are the Towns of Silverthorne and Dillon. The JSA has participation contracts with Dillon Valley Metropolitan District, Buffalo Mountain Metropolitan District and the Mesa Cortina Metropolitan District. The JSA is accountable to the entities mentioned here. It has no authority over or significant influences upon those entities, nor is it financially dependent upon any one of the entities.

The Silverthorne Town Council and Dillon Town Council govern the JSA. The Town of Silverthorne retains all responsibilities for the JSA operating and construction funds. The JSA follows the financial policies of the Town of Silverthorne.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

Based on the above definition, the JSA is not considered a component unit of any other entity. In addition, no other entities are included as component units in the JSA's financial statements.

**2. Basis of Accounting**

The JSA is accounted for as an Enterprise Fund (Proprietary Fund type). Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred and net earnings is appropriate for the capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

**NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Accordingly, the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus are used, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific use, it is the JSA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**3. Cash & Investments**

The JSA pools available funds with the Town of Silverthorne's pooled investments and considers all pooled cash and investments as cash equivalents.

Earnings on pooled investments are recognized when earned and include realized and unrealized gains on investments.

**4. Accounts Receivable and Prepaid Expenses**

Accounts receivable are rendered from services and recorded in the period in which the transactions are earned. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses.

**5. Capital Assets and Depreciation**

Capital assets are reported at historical cost, except for donations which are stated at the acquisition value at the time received. The JSA policy is to capitalize all assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense is reflected as an operating expense. Estimated useful lives for asset types are as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Treatment plant	10-40
Machinery & Equipment	5-25
Vehicles	5-10
Lines	10-100
Furniture & Equipment	3-25
Other Improvements	10-25

**6. Compensated Absences**

Employees accrue personal leave time which may be used in place of traditional sick and vacation time. Personal leave accrues to employees based on a sliding scale, and may be carried over to subsequent periods. Upon termination in good standing, employees are compensated for 100% of unused personal time.

Compensation time is earned when a full time employee works over 40 hours in a week. The time is figured at time and one half for each hour worked over 40 hours. The JSA personnel policies state that "an employee may not work over 80 hours of compensation time in a year and they may not accrue more than 80 hours on the records at any time."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

**NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**7. Net Position**

In the JSA financial statements, restricted net position is reported when amounts are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

**NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

**1. Budgetary Information**

The budget for the JSA is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except that the budgeted expenditures also include capital outlay and exclude depreciation. The Silverthorne Town Council legally adopts JSA budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

During the year, the Town Council meets with the JSA to approve policy, identify goals and performance measures. The JSA prepares an annual budget to implement policy and accomplish the goals identified. Each year the Financial Policies are presented to Council in August, the Capital Budget in September and the Operating Budget in October. The Council holds two public hearings prior to the Council's adoption of the Budget Resolution schedule to be completed on or before the first regular Council meeting in November of each year.

**NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The JSA is required to comply with State statutes for Investments. The JSA follows the Town of Silverthorne's formal investment policy. The investment choices are within the limitations of state laws and include:

- Direct obligations of the US government and certain US agency securities;
- Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions;
- With certain limitations, commercial paper and money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC);
- Local government investment pools.

The JSA had no investments at December 31, 2016.

Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority  
Silverthorne, Colorado

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

**NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS**

	Balance 1/1/16	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/16
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 57,957	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,957
Projects in Progress	-	11,049	-	11,049
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>57,957</u>	<u>11,049</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>69,006</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Treatment Plant	16,338,827	-	-	16,338,827
Lines	1,330,138	-	-	1,330,138
Furniture & Equipment	84,363	-	-	84,363
Vehicles	70,672	-	-	70,672
Machinery & Equipment	3,643,353	115,957	(59,111)	3,700,199
Other Improvements	369,538	-	-	369,538
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>21,836,891</u>	<u>115,957</u>	<u>(59,111)</u>	<u>21,893,737</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Treatment Plant	(11,310,460)	(388,193)	-	(11,698,653)
Lines	(762,658)	(37,132)	-	(799,790)
Furniture & Equipment	(67,768)	(6,255)	-	(74,023)
Vehicles	(70,672)	-	-	(70,672)
Machinery & Equipment	(1,501,268)	(269,718)	59,111	(1,711,875)
Other Improvements	(46,192)	(18,476)	-	(64,668)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(13,759,018)</u>	<u>(719,774)</u>	<u>59,111</u>	<u>(14,419,681)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>8,077,873</u>	<u>(603,817)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,474,056</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 8,135,830</u>	<u>\$ (592,768)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 7,543,062</u>

**NOTE E – PARTICIPATION**

The JSA facility will process four million gallons per day (4 MGD) of wastewater.

The percentage of ownership in the current facility, which is based on *capital investment & equity*, is as follows:

Town of Silverthorne	67.17 %
Town of Dillon	13.10
Dillon Valley Metro District	2.71
Buffalo Mountain Metro District	15.88
Mesa Cortina Metro District	.82
JSA – De-watering Facility	.32

Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority  
Silverthorne, Colorado

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

**NOTE E – PARTICIPATION (CONTINUED)**

The percentage of ownership in the current facility, which is based on *reserved capacity*, is as follows:

Town of Silverthorne	46.11 %
Town of Dillon	21.08
Dillon Valley Metro District	10.38
Buffalo Mountain Metro District	20.04
Mesa Cortina Metro District	2.39

The participants are charged for their proportional share of the operating costs based on the number of EQR's (equivalent residential units) that they have connected to the system. As of December 31, 2016 that participation was as follows:

	<u>EQR's</u>	<u>%</u>
Town of Silverthorne	3465.60	40.0
Town of Dillon	1745.36	20.2
Dillon Valley Metro District	1024.96	11.9
Buffalo Mtn. Metro District	2184.23	25.2
Mesa Cortina Metro District	<u>235.80</u>	<u>2.7</u>
Total	<u>8655.95</u>	<u>100.0</u>

**NOTE F - PENSION PLAN**

**ICMA Retirement Prototype Money Purchase Plan and Trust (A 401 Qualified Plan)**

All full-time employees participate in a Section 401(A) defined contribution money purchase retirement plan. The plan, administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation, requires the JSA to contribute monthly an amount equal to 10.5% of each employee's salary. Each participant is required to contribute 7.5% of earnings for the plan year as a condition of participation in the plan. All amounts contributed are vested immediately.

Contribution requirements of the JSA and the employee are established and may be amended by the managing agency, the Town of Silverthorne. Total contributions by the JSA and the employees for the year ended December 31, 2016 were \$42,111 and \$30,080, respectively.

**NOTE G – PARTICIPANT ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN**

Due to the age of the facility the participants determined there was a need to accumulate funds to make necessary improvements and replacements to existing capital assets. JSA members are assessed a capital fee based on the number of EQR's of reserve capacity each member has. Capital fees may cover new assets or maintenance on an existing asset. The following is a summary of the capital replacement reserve:

Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority  
Silverthorne, Colorado

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

**NOTE G – PARTICIPANT ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)**

Capital Replacement Reserve Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 3,187,475
Participant Asset Management Plan Fees	730,368
Interest Income & Miscellaneous Income	28,439
Capital Replacement Outlays	<u>(127,006)</u>
Capital Replacement Reserve Balance December 31, 2016	<u>\$ 3,819,276</u>

**NOTE H – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The JSA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Town of Silverthorne provides health insurance coverage for each employee up to \$65,000 and aggregate losses for all employees up to \$1,000,000, for the year ended December, 31, 2016. The Town purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Town.

For the JSA's short-term disability program, the Town provides coverage equal to the coverage that was provided by the private insurance industry. The coverage has a low risk to the Town. There is no excess coverage insurance for these plans. The short-term disability insurance covers a maximum of 12 weeks of 60% of weekly salary with a maximum of \$1,000 per week.

The JSA participates in this group insurance and makes payments to the Town based on prior claims experience in amounts needed to pay current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. Claims liabilities, including estimated incurred but not reported claims (IBNR), are reported in the Town's financial statements if it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The JSA does not believe that JSA IBNR claims can be reasonably estimated. Therefore no liability is reported in the financial statements.

Of the total, the JSA 2016 premiums paid were \$46,121 and claims paid were \$10,781.

The JSA is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (CSD), a member-owned public entity pool created to provide insurance for property, liability and workers compensation coverage for special districts.

The purposes of CSD are to provide members the broadest coverage forms, helping members maintain a culture of training, assisting members with Best Practices and customizing unique coverage for special districts.

The deductible varies from none to \$1,000, based on the type of loss. The JSA had no property/liability claims in 2016. CSD is a separate legal entity and the JSA does not approve budgets nor does it have the ability to significantly affect the operations of the CSD.

Silverthorne/Dillon Joint Sewer Authority  
Silverthorne, Colorado

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016

**NOTE I - TAXPAYER BILL OF RIGHTS**

At the November 3, 1992 general election, Colorado voters approved an amendment to the Colorado Constitution commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (the Amendment). The Amendment was effective December 31, 1992, and its provisions limit government taxes, spending, revenues and debt without electoral approval.

The Amendment by its terms applies to local governments but excludes "enterprises" which are defined as a (1) government owned business, (2) authorized to issue its own debt and (3) receives less than 10% of its annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments. The JSA is considered to be an "enterprise" and, therefore, is excluded from the provisions of the Amendment.

**SILVERTHORNE/DILLON JOINT SEWER AUTHORITY  
SILVERTHORNE, COLORADO**

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

**Year Ended December 31, 2016**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts Budget Basis</u>	<u>Variance - favorable (unfavorable)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<b>Revenues</b>				
User Fees	\$ 1,605,149	\$ 1,605,149	1,619,583	\$ 14,434
Participant Asset Management Plan Fees	730,231	730,231	730,368	137
Miscellaneous	45,000	45,000	67,968	22,968
Interest	<u>82,772</u>	<u>82,772</u>	<u>28,439</u>	<u>(54,333)</u>
Total Revenues	<u>2,463,152</u>	<u>2,463,152</u>	<u>2,446,358</u>	<u>(16,794)</u>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Salaries & Benefits	622,587	622,587	542,535	80,052
Administrative Fees	145,923	145,923	147,235	(1,312)
Professional Fees	64,000	64,000	14,959	49,041
Supplies & Services	830,880	830,880	597,441	233,439
Capital Outlay	<u>895,000</u>	<u>934,000</u>	<u>127,006</u>	<u>806,994</u>
Total Expenses	<u>2,558,390</u>	<u>2,597,390</u>	<u>1,429,176</u>	<u>1,168,214</u>
Change in Net Position, Budgetary Basis	<u>\$ (95,238)</u>	<u>\$ (134,238)</u>	1,017,182	<u>\$ 1,151,420</u>
<b>Adjustments to GAAP Basis:</b>				
Capital Outlay			127,006	
Depreciation			(719,774)	
Loss on Sale/Disposal of Capital Assets			<u>-</u>	
Total Adjustments to GAAP Basis			<u>(592,768)</u>	
<b>Change in Net Position, GAAP Basis</b>			<u>\$ 424,414</u>	

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

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