



**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Eagle County, Colorado  
December 31, 2016**



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**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Financial Report  
December 31, 2016**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### To the Board of Directors Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

*Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants*

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**Other Matters**

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison information in section E is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The budgetary comparison schedule, *Schedule of Debt Payable to Maturity* and *History of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy, and Property Taxes Collected* found in section F are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule, *Schedule of Debt Payable to Maturity* and *History of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy, and Property Taxes Collected* are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

*McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.*

**McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.**  
**August 24, 2017**

## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

# Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District

## Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2016

As management of the Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District ("District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statement, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between the amounts reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's Net Position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in Net Position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include general government and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the District are the operations of the golf course and water services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages C1 and C2 of this report.

**Fund financial statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds:** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

## Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

**Governmental funds (continued):** Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

**Proprietary funds:** Historically the District has maintained two proprietary funds; the Recreation Fund and the Water Fund. The District used the Recreation Fund to account for its golf course operations and the Water Fund to account for water tap fees. At the end of 2009 the District discontinued both proprietary funds and beginning in 2010 all activity is intended to be accounted for in the governmental funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages D1 through D19 of this report.

## Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following tables show condensed financial information derived from the government-wide financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

### Eagle Vail Metropolitan District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
<b>Assets:</b>		
Current and other assets	\$ 5,225,087	\$ 5,200,934
Capital assets	13,287,735	13,442,129
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>18,512,822</b>	<b>18,643,063</b>
<b>Liabilities :</b>		
Long-term liabilities	6,754,030	7,230,745
Other liabilities	177,272	151,693
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>6,931,302</b>	<b>7,382,438</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows:</b>		
Unavailable property tax	1,675,713	1,682,675
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>1,675,713</b>	<b>1,682,675</b>
<b>Net Position:</b>		
Net Investment in capital assets	6,610,083	6,319,763
Restricted for emergencies	100,058	92,126
Restricted for debt service	226,500	226,500
Unrestricted	2,969,166	2,939,561
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	<b>\$ 9,905,807</b>	<b>\$ 9,577,950</b>

## Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

### Eagle Vail Metropolitan District's Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
<b>Revenues:</b>		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,984,416	\$ 1,876,411
Grants and contributions	17,477	72,489
General revenues:		
Property Taxes	1,670,454	1,476,351
Other taxes	79,682	75,617
Interest and other revenue	183,480	244,048
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>3,935,509</u>	<u>3,744,916</u>
<b>Expenses:</b>		
General government	574,927	528,198
Parks and recreation	2,723,693	3,032,001
Interest on long-term debt	309,032	316,159
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<u>3,607,652</u>	<u>3,876,358</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	327,857	(131,442)
<b>Net Position - Beginning</b>	9,577,950	9,709,392
<b>Net Position - Ending</b>	<u>\$ 9,905,807</u>	<u>\$ 9,577,950</u>

### Overall Financial Analysis

The District's overall financial position, as measured by net position, increased from \$9,577,950 at the end of 2015 to \$9,905,807, at the end of 2016. The increase in net position is primarily the result of increased revenues from property taxes and golf revenues.

### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As mentioned previously, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A discussion of the District's funds follows.

**Governmental funds:** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,397,835, an increase of \$4,802 from the prior year. The increase is the result of an operating surplus at the end of 2016. Of this fund balance, \$115,807 is non-spendable because it represents funds already expended for next year's operations, \$100,058 is restricted for emergencies, \$289,638 is restricted for debt service, \$1,064,948 is assigned as an operating reserve and \$1,827,384 is assigned for capital improvements.

## **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds (continued)**

**Budget variances:** Details of budget variances can be seen on pages E1 and F1 of this report. The most significant budget variances were favorable golf and restaurant revenues greater than their related expenses. The District also budgeted for possible receipt of grant funding that was not awarded to the District resulting in a negative variance of \$42,500. There were additional positive variances of \$297,016 in capital expenditures from deferral of capital projects.

**Capital assets:** The District invested \$582,993 in capital asset additions during 2016. This expenditure was primarily for golf course improvements, golf course equipment and operations maintenance equipment. Depreciation expense of \$867,157 was recognized in 2016. Additional information as well as a schedule of the District's net capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on page D11 of this report.

**Long-term debt:** The District reduced its outstanding long-term debt balance by \$476,715 bringing the 2016 year-end balance to \$6,754,030. Additional information can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages D12 and D13 of this report.

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District, c/o Marchetti & Weaver, LLC., 28 Second Street, Suite 213, Edwards, CO 81632, telephone (970) 926-6060.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Statement of Net Position**  
**December 31, 2016**

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>
<b>Assets:</b>	
Cash and equivalents	3,065,553
Restricted cash and equivalents	226,500
Receivables, net:	
Accounts	129,493
Unavailable property tax	1,675,713
Due from County Treasurer	7,065
Deposits	4,956
Prepaid expense	58,593
Inventory	57,214
Capital assets, net	13,287,735
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>18,512,822</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>	
Accounts payable	96,503
Accrued interest payable	25,733
Advance deposits	26,000
Unearned revenue	29,036
Due within one year:	
Certificates of Participation payable	240,000
Capital lease payable	34,406
Bonds payable	205,000
Due beyond one year:	
Certificates of Participation payable	526,630
Capital lease payable	67,705
Bonds payable	5,680,289
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>6,931,302</b>
<b>Deferred Inflow of Resources:</b>	
Unavailable property tax	1,675,713
<b>Total Deferred Inflow of Resources</b>	<b>1,675,713</b>
<b>Net Position:</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	6,610,083
Restricted for emergencies	100,058
Restricted for debt service	226,500
Unrestricted	2,969,166
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>9,905,807</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Statement of Activities  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**

	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<b>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</b>
	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
General government	574,927	-	-	(574,927)
Parks and recreation	2,723,693	1,984,416	-	(721,800)
Interest on long-term debt	309,032	-	-	(309,032)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	<u>3,607,652</u>	<u>1,984,416</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,605,759)</u>
<b>General revenues:</b>				
Taxes:				
Property tax, levied for general purposes				1,670,454
Specific ownership tax				79,682
Investment earnings				31,592
Contributions from EVPOA				103,201
Miscellaneous				48,687
<b>Total general revenues, special items, and transfers</b>				<u>1,933,616</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>				327,857
<b>Net Position - Beginning</b>				<u>9,577,950</u>
<b>Net Position - Ending</b>				<u>9,905,807</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Balance Sheet  
Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**

	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Debt Service Fund</b>	<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>
<b>Assets:</b>			
Cash and equivalents	3,230,921	61,132	3,292,053
Due from County Treasurer	5,059	2,006	7,065
Accounts receivable, net	129,493	-	129,493
Unavailable property tax	1,197,745	477,968	1,675,713
Deposits	4,956	-	4,956
Prepaid expenses	58,593	-	58,593
Inventory	57,214	-	57,214
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>4,683,981</b>	<b>541,106</b>	<b>5,225,087</b>
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances:</b>			
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	96,503	-	96,503
Unearned revenue	29,036	-	29,036
Advanced deposits	26,000	-	26,000
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>151,539</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>151,539</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>			
Unavailable revenue - property tax	1,197,745	477,968	1,675,713
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>1,197,745</b>	<b>477,968</b>	<b>1,675,713</b>
<b>Fund Balances:</b>			
Nonspendable	115,807	-	115,807
Restricted for TABOR reserve	100,058	-	100,058
Restricted for debt service	226,500	63,138	289,638
Assigned for capital improvement	1,827,384	-	1,827,384
Assigned for future operations	1,064,948	-	1,064,948
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>3,334,697</b>	<b>63,138</b>	<b>3,397,835</b>
<b>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</b>	<b>4,683,981</b>	<b>541,106</b>	

**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement  
of Net Position are different because:**

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	13,287,735
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	<u>(6,779,763)</u>
<b>Net Position of Governmental Activities</b>	<u><u>9,905,807</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances**  
**Governmental Funds**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Property tax	1,196,045	474,409	1,670,454
Specific ownership tax	57,053	22,629	79,682
Lottery proceeds	17,477	-	17,477
Interest	31,592	-	31,592
Charges for services:			
Employee Housing	30,389	-	30,389
Golf club	1,270,517	-	1,270,517
Golf pro shop	249,099	-	249,099
Restaurant	240,515	-	240,515
Swim club	135,798	-	135,798
Tennis	300	-	300
Pavilion	57,798	-	57,798
Miscellaneous	48,687	-	48,687
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>3,335,270</u>	<u>497,038</u>	<u>3,832,308</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
General and administrative	559,471	15,456	574,927
Other expenditures:			
Employee Housing	15,901	-	15,901
Golf club	1,252,020	-	1,252,020
Golf pro shop	131,737	-	131,737
Restaurant	217,006	-	217,006
Swim club	189,426	-	189,426
Pavilion	44,399	-	44,399
Tennis club	1,884	-	1,884
Parks	133,606	-	133,606
Capital outlay	583,320	-	583,320
Debt service:			
Principal	-	195,000	195,000
Interest	-	277,513	277,513
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>3,128,770</u>	<u>487,969</u>	<u>3,616,739</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>			
Certificates of participation - principal	(235,000)	-	(235,000)
Certificates of participation - interest	(40,088)	-	(40,088)
Capital lease - principal	(32,735)	-	(32,735)
Capital lease - interest	(6,145)	-	(6,145)
Contribution from EVPOA	103,201	-	103,201
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<u>(210,767)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(210,767)</u>
<b>Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)</b>	(4,267)	9,069	4,802
<b>Fund Balances - Beginning</b>	<u>3,338,964</u>	<u>54,069</u>	<u>3,393,033</u>
<b>Fund Balances - Ending</b>	<u><u>3,334,697</u></u>	<u><u>63,138</u></u>	<u><u>3,397,835</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**

<b>Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds</b>	4,802
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay during the year.	(154,394)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	477,449
<b>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities</b>	<hr/> <u>327,857</u> <hr/>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District (the "District") is a quasi-municipal corporation organized and operated pursuant to provisions set forth in the Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to provide services for fire protection, water distribution, and parks and recreation facilities to its constituents. The District is located in Eagle County, Colorado.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the District are discussed below.

**A. Reporting Entity**

The District is governed by an elected Board which is responsible for setting policy, appointing administrative personnel and adopting an annual budget in accordance with the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act.

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits, to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria discussed above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

**B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the District's activities are governmental type.

**1. Government-wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in four parts—invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted for emergencies, restricted for debt service, and unrestricted net position. The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2016**  
**(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)**

**2. Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources to be used for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and other related costs.

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation**

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

**1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis**

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

**2. Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis**

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2016**  
**(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)**

**3. Financial Statement Presentation**

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers for goods and services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

**D. Financial Statement Accounts**

**1. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the District.

**2. Receivables**

Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

**3. Property Taxes**

Property taxes are assessed in one year as a lien on the property, but not collected by the governmental entities until the subsequent year. In accordance with GAAP, the assessed but uncollected property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and as deferred revenue.

**4. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses**

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in / first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid expenses are amounts paid in the current year for expenses related to next year.

**5. Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Balances at year-end between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances not eliminated between the governmental and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances" in the government-wide financial statements.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)**

**6. Restricted Assets**

Certain proceeds of the District's certificates of participation are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable covenants. The "restricted cash and equivalents" reported in the District's recreation fund represents amounts held with a trustee and restricted for payment of interest on the District's certificates of participation and for the provision of a debt service reserve as required by covenants related to those certificates of participation.

**7. Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital expenditures for projects are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is capitalized as part of the value of the assets.

Infrastructure, buildings, and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<b>Assets</b>	<b>Years</b>
Infrastructure, buildings, and improvements	5 - 40
Equipment and vehicles	4 - 10

**8. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for "deferred outflows of resources." Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resource (expense/expenditure) until then. This District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category at December 31, 2016.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for "deferred inflows of resources." Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, these items, unavailable property tax and unavailable tap fees, are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available and earned.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)**

**9. Categories and Classifications of Fund Balance**

The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

*Non-spendable* - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

*Restricted* – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority which is the Board of Directors.

*Assigned* – includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Board of Directors or its management designee.

*Unassigned* - includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The District uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District first uses committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy. However, the District's budget includes a calculation of targeted reserve positions and management calculates targets and reports them annually to the Board of Directors.

**II. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

**A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the government-wide Statement of Net Position**

The governmental funds Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – governmental funds* and *net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. One element of that reconciliation explains "Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." This \$13,287,735 difference is related to property and equipment of \$23,433,106 less accumulated depreciation of \$10,145,371.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**II. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)**

**A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the government-wide Statement of Net Position (continued)**

Another element of that reconciliation explains “Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.” The details of this \$6,779,763 difference are bonds payable of \$5,885,289, certificates of participation of \$766,630, lease payable of \$102,111, and accrued interest payable of \$25,733.

**B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the government-wide Statement of Activities**

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes reconciliation between *net change in fund balances of governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains “Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense”. This \$154,394 difference is capital outlay of \$712,762 less depreciation expense of \$867,156.

Another element of this reconciliation explains “The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.” The details of this \$477,449 difference are as follows:

Repayment of principal on debt	\$	462,735
Amortization of premium		13,980
Change in accrued interest		734
		\$ 477,449

**III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability**

**A. Budgetary Information**

In the fall of each year, the District’s Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). The budget for the proprietary funds is adopted on a Non-GAAP budgetary basis and is reconciled to GAAP basis if necessary.

As required by Colorado statutes, the District followed the following time table in approving and enacting a budget for the ensuing year:

- (1) For the 2016 budget year, prior to August 25, 2015, the County Assessor sent to the District the certified assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District’s boundaries and prior to December 10, 2015, the County Assessor sent the final recertified assessed valuation to the District.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)**

**A. Budgetary Information (continued)**

- (2) On or before October 15, 2015, the District's accountant submitted to the District's Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District's operating requirements.
- (3) A public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program was held by the Board no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- (4) For the 2016 budget, prior to December 15, 2015, the District computed and certified to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) For the 2016 budget, the final budget and appropriating resolution was adopted prior to December 31, 2015.

After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund, as determined by the original appropriation level; b) supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of the estimated budget; c) emergency appropriations; and d) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

Taxes levied in one year are collected in the succeeding year. Thus, taxes certified in 2015 were collected in 2016 and taxes certified in 2016 will be collected in 2017. Taxes are due on January 1 in the year of collection; however, they may be paid in either one installment (no later than April 30) or two equal installments (no later than February 28 and June 15) without interest or penalty. Taxes which are not paid within the prescribed time bear interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month until paid. Unpaid amounts and the accrued interest thereon become delinquent on June 15.

The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District because it is at present considered not necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

**B. TABOR Amendment**

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20; commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple, fiscal-year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)**

**B. TABOR Amendment (continued)**

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). The District has reserved a portion of its December 31, 2016, year-end fund balance in the governmental funds for emergencies as required under TABOR in the amount of \$ 100,058 which is the approximate required reserve at December 31, 2016.

On May 7, 1996, the District's voters authorized the District to collect, retain, and spend all revenue collected from any source, without regard to fiscal year spending limits otherwise imposed by TABOR.

On May 2, 2000, the following question was approved by voters: *Shall property taxes be increased \$300,000 annually in the first full fiscal year, for operating, repair, and maintenance, especially deferred maintenance expenses, and by whatever amounts are raised annually thereafter from an ad valorem property tax rate of up to 7.935 mills, which constitutes an increase of 5.0 mills; with an acknowledgment that it is the intent of the District to reduce the mill levy by 2.5 mills to a net of 5.435 mills should the regional fire district and its mill levy be approved. The proceeds of such taxes and any investment income thereon and any other revenue of the District may be collected and spent by the District without limitation by the revenue and spending limits of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.*

On November 6, 2007, the following question was approved by voters: *Shall Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District taxes be increased by \$915,000 annually commencing in tax collection year 2008, and by such additional annual amounts as may be generated by a mill levy of 9.4 mills to pay the District's operations, maintenance, capital replacement and other expenses with the understanding that the District's debt service mill levy which is currently 9.4 mills will be eliminated after tax collection year 2007 so that the District's current total aggregate mill levy of 14.835 shall not be exceeded without voter approval; and shall the proceeds of such taxes and investment income thereon be collected and spent by the District as a voter-approved revenue change in 2008 and in each year thereafter, without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, or Section 29-1-301, Colorado Revised Statutes, and without limiting in any year the amount of other revenues that may be collected and spent by the District?*

On November 3, 2009, the following question was approved by voters: *Shall Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District debt be increased \$7,500,000 with a repayment cost of \$15,000,000 and shall district taxes be increased by up to \$500,000 annually or such lesser amount as may be necessary for the payment of such debt and any refundings thereof, such debt shall be a general obligation of the district, and may be evidenced by bonds, notes, contracts, loan agreements or other multiple fiscal year obligations of the district, for the purpose of paying, reimbursing or financing all or any part of the costs of designing, permitting, acquiring, constructing, enhancing, repairing, replacing, remodeling, demolishing, installing, equipping and otherwise providing parks and recreational facilities, improvements and programs which include, but are not limited to, swimming, playground, athletic fields and associated facilities and improvements;*

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)**

**B. TABOR Amendment (continued)**

November 3, 2009 (continued)

*such debt to bear interest at a net effective interest rate not in excess of 12%, such interest to be pay able at such time or times and which may compound periodically as may be determined by the District board, such debt to be sold in one series or more at a price above, below, or equal to the principal amount of such debt and on such terms and conditions as the District may determine, including provisions for redemption of the debt prior to maturity with or without payment of a premium in an amount not in excess of 3%; and shall the District be authorized to issue debt to refund the debt authorized in this question, provided that after the issuance of such refunding debt the total outstanding principal amount of all debt issued pursuant to this question does not exceed the maximum principal amount set forth above, and provided further that all debt issued by the District pursuant to this question is issued on terms that do not exceed the authorized repayment costs; and shall the proceeds of such debt, the revenue from such taxes and the investment income thereon be collected, retained and spent by the district as a voter-approved revenue change and exception to any spending, revenue-raising or other limits which would otherwise apply under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or any other law?*

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions will require judicial interpretation.

**IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds**

**A. Deposits and Investments**

**1. Deposits and Investments**

The District's deposits are entirely covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or by collateral held under Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"). The FDIC insures depositors up to \$250,000 for all accounts. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are collateralized as required by PDPA. The carrying amount of the District's demand deposits was \$1,388,655 at year end.

*Fair Value of Investments*

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- *Level 2:* Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- *Level 3:* Unobservable inputs.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)**

**A. Deposits and Investments (continued)**

**1. Deposits (continued)**

At December 31, 2016 the District had the following recurring fair value measurements:

<u>Investments Measured at Fair Value</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Fair Value Measurement Using</u>		
		<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Money Market	-		33,269	
<b>Total</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,269</u>	<u>-</u>

Investments classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Investments classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches

- U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Repurchase Agreements, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, and Collateralized Debt Obligations: matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices;
- Money Market, Bond, and Equity Mutual Funds: published fair value per share (unit) for each fund.

**Interest Rate Risk.** As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the District diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer. The District coordinates its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs and restricts the maximum investment term to less than five years from the purchase date. As a result of the limited length of maturities the District has limited its interest rate risk.

**Credit Risk.** State law and District policy limit investments to those authorized by State statutes including U.S. Agencies and 2a7-like pools. The District's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments.

**Concentration of Credit Risk.** The District diversifies its investments by security type and institution.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)**

**A. Deposits and Investments (continued)**

**2. Pools**

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments, and entities such as the District, may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Banker's acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contract
- Local government investment pools

The District owned the following investments as of December 31, 2016:

	<b>Standard &amp; Poor's Investment Rating</b>	<b>Carrying Balance</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>
Local government investment pool	AAAm	1,903,398	1,903,398

The District had invested \$1,903,398 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"). COLOTRUST is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST.

COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and is valued at net asset value. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank.

COLOTRUST directly holds all repurchase agreements. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. The District does not categorize its participation in COLOTRUST because the investment is not evidenced by securities specifically identifiable to the District.

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the District's investments are in local government investment pools. These investments are 100% of the District's total investments.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2016**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)**

**A. Deposits and Investments (continued)**

**3. Summary of Deposits and Investments**

A summary of the District's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2016, is shown below:

Deposits	1,388,655
Local government investment pool	1,903,398
	<u>3,292,053</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	3,065,553
Restricted cash	226,500
	<u>3,292,053</u>

**B. Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Transfer In/(Out)</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,274,508	-	-	-	2,274,508
Water rights	1,181,678	-	-	-	1,181,678
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>3,456,186</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,456,186</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Improvements	10,582,579	(356,375)	209,577	-	10,435,781
Buildings	6,358,301	356,375	327,991	-	7,042,667
Equipment	2,339,984	-	175,194	(16,705)	2,498,473
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>19,280,864</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>712,762</u>	<u>(16,705)</u>	<u>19,976,921</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Improvements	(5,032,081)	78,982	(375,932)	-	(5,329,031)
Buildings	(2,659,694)	(78,982)	(191,038)	-	(2,929,714)
Equipment	(1,603,146)	-	(300,186)	16,705	(1,886,626)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(9,294,921)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(867,156)</u>	<u>16,705</u>	<u>(10,145,371)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>9,985,943</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(154,394)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,831,550</u>
<b>Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net</b>	<u>\$ 13,442,129</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(154,394)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,287,736</u>
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
Parks and recreation	<u>\$ 867,156</u>				
<b>Total Depreciation Expense</b>	<u>\$ 867,156</u>				

Depreciation expense was charged to parks and recreation and golf operations.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2016**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)**

**C. Long-term Debt**

**1. 2009 General Obligation Bonds**

The District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009, dated December 1, 2009, in the aggregate amount of \$7,000,000. The purpose of the bonds is to finance park and recreation facility improvements, including swimming, playground, athletic field and associated facilities and improvements. The 2009 bonds are due in varying amounts through 2035, with interest payable semiannually at varying interest rates from 2.50% to 5.00%. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as described in the indenture.

**2. Capital Lease Extension – GPS System**

On May 15, 2015, the District extended its capital lease for a GPS system that was originally leased in 2011, and paid in full in 2015. For the extension, the District has capitalized the equipment in 2015 for the amount of \$136,408 and recorded a liability for the principal balance payable under the extension agreement for the same amount.

The extension included an original 2011 deposit of \$7,632 that will be applied as the final payment on October 1, 2019. The extension consists of six monthly payments of \$6,480 for a total of \$38,880 per year over four years. The assumed interest rate on this lease is 5%. The lease expires on October 1, 2019.

**3. 2010 Certificates of Participation**

On January 15, 2010, Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District Building Authority (the "Corporation"), a Colorado non-profit corporation, issued Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2010 (the "Certificates") in the amount of \$2,265,000, to refund the formerly outstanding Certificates of Participation, Series 1999, which financed the acquisition and improvement of 9 holes on the Eagle-Vail golf course (the "Leased Property"). The District will lease the Leased Property from the Corporation in an amount sufficient to pay the debt service requirements on the Certificates.

The terms of the Certificates require the establishment of a reserve fund of \$226,500. This amount is set aside by the District as restricted cash.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)**

**C. Long-term Debt (continued)**

**4. Schedule of Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the District's bonds, certificates, and lease are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	303,512	479,406	782,918
2018	281,905	501,163	783,068
2019	260,821	516,542	777,363
2020	239,913	235,000	474,913
2021	230,513	245,000	475,513
2022-2026	994,713	1,380,000	2,374,713
2027-2031	633,063	1,735,000	2,368,063
2032-2035	169,000	1,485,000	1,654,000
<b>Total</b>	<u>3,113,437</u>	<u>6,577,111</u>	<u>9,690,548</u>

**5. Changes in Long-term Debt**

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
2009 G.O. Bonds	5,920,000	-	(195,000)	5,725,000	205,000
2009 Reoffering Premium	168,725	-	(8,436)	160,289	8,436
Certificates of Participation (COP)	985,000	-	(235,000)	750,000	240,000
COP Premium	22,174	-	(5,544)	16,630	5,544
2015 Capital Lease - Extension	134,846	-	(32,735)	102,111	34,406
Total Governmental Activities	<u>7,230,745</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(476,715)</u>	<u>6,754,030</u>	<u>493,386</u>

**V. Other Information**

**A. Intergovernmental Agreements**

**1. Eagle River Fire Protection District**

Eagle River Fire Protection District (the "Fire District") was formed to provide fire protection service beginning January 1, 2001, to the Town of Avon, various metropolitan districts, including the District, and portions of unincorporated areas of Eagle County. In connection with the formation of the Fire District, but under a separate intergovernmental agreement dated January 1, 2001, the District conveyed its real property, vehicles, and equipment relating to fire protection to the Fire District.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**V. Other Information (continued)**

**A. Intergovernmental Agreements (continued)**

**2. Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority**

The District is a participant in the Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority was formed pursuant to an establishing contract on September 18, 1984, by the following quasi-municipal corporations ("districts") and the Town of Avon ("Town") located in Eagle County, Colorado (Contracting Parties):

Arrowhead Metropolitan District  
Town of Avon  
Beaver Creek Metropolitan District  
Berry Creek Metropolitan District  
Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Edwards Metropolitan District

The purposes of the Authority are to supply water for domestic and other public and private purposes; to provide all necessary water diversion works, reservoirs, treatment works and facilities, equipment and appurtenances incident thereto; to effect the development of water resources, systems or facilities, in whole or in part, for the use and benefit of the Contracting Parties, their inhabitants, and others; and to provide efficient, effective, and reliable water service.

The Authority is to remain in effect until it has no bonds, notes or other obligations outstanding and the Contracting Parties unanimously consent to its dissolution. The initial term of this Authority Agreement shall be ten (10) years ending on December 31, 2023, but such term shall be subject to automatic renewal and extension for successive ten (10) year terms thereafter unless all of the Contracting Parties unanimously approve changes to this Authority Agreement during any extended term, to be effective on the first day of the extended term, including provision for payment of all bonds, notes and other obligations outstanding in accordance with their terms. At December 31, 2015, the Authority had debt with maturities through the year 2042.

Dissolution of the Authority requires the unanimous consent of the Contracting Parties and provision for a successor entity that will continue to provide service to the water service customers. Any provision for dissolution shall provide either that all the Authority's financial obligations be paid in full or that funds sufficient for the payment of the Authority's obligations be placed in escrow. Upon dissolution without conveyance of all water rights and assets to a successor entity, the interest in the net assets of the Authority including interests in unallocated water rights shall be distributed to each contracting party in proportion to the average annual amount of treated water sold within the boundaries of each Contracting Party.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**V. Other Information (continued)**

**A. Intergovernmental Agreements (continued)**

**2. Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority**

The Contracting Parties (including the District) and other parties served by contract have previously conveyed to the Authority their individual water systems, except for certain golf course water systems, raw water storage and raw water irrigation systems, subject to existing agreements between the Authority and any Contracting Party. The customers of the Contracting Parties thereby became water service customers of the Authority. The Authority shall make Rules and Regulations concerning the operation of the Authority's Water System. These water systems were accepted by the Authority in "as is" condition and (subject to any contract obligations) all future maintenance, repair and upgrade expenses became the obligations of the Authority, and not the obligations of the Contracting Parties or the third party served by contract. In connection therewith, on February 25, 2015 the District adopted a resolution terminating collection of future water tap fees by the District (except for tap fees for properties on Arrowhead Mountain which will continue until the District's 2011 bonds are paid off; current maturity is December 1, 2031).

The Contracting Parties have leased and/or conveyed to the Authority all of the Contracting Parties' right, title and interests in and to the Contracting Parties' water rights, including the right to use all diversion ditches, pipelines, headgates and structures, reservoirs or other storage structures, pumps, casings, and other improvements and easements associated or used in connection with the water rights, for the Authority's use in carrying out its functions and providing water service.

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**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
December 31, 2016  
(Continued)**

**V. Other Information (continued)**

**A. Intergovernmental Agreements (continued)**

**2. Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority**

A summary of audited financial information for the Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the latest audited information available) is as follows:

**Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority**

**Assets:**

Current	\$ 15,326,638
Other	4,935,902
Property and equipment	73,842,451
Deferred outflows of resources	251,849
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b><u>\$ 94,356,840</u></b>

**Liabilities and Net Position:**

Current	\$ 2,394,322
Long-term debt	33,872,921
Net assets	58,089,597
<b>Total Liabilities and Net Position</b>	<b><u>\$ 94,356,840</u></b>

**Operations:**

Operating revenues	\$ 10,550,610
Operating expenses	12,237,237
<b>Operating income</b>	<b><u>(1,686,627)</u></b>

**Other income** 361,054

**Other expense** (1,762,311)

**Net (loss)** (3,087,884)

**Capital contributions** 910,888

**Net Position -- Beginning** 60,266,593

**Net Position -- Ending** \$ 58,089,597

**B. Risk Management**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; general liability unemployment; and employee benefit expenses related to health, dental and vision programs. The District carried commercial coverage for employee benefit expenses and workers compensation. Any settled claims are not expected to exceed the commercial insurance coverage. All other risks described above were covered by the pool described below.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2016**  
**(Continued)**

**V. Other Information (continued)**

**B. Risk Management (continued)**

**Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or injuries to employees. The District is insured for such risks as a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool"). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property and general liability, automobile physical damage and liability, public officials liability and boiler and machinery coverage to its members. The Pool provides coverage for property claims up to the values declared and liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public official's coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the latest audited information available) is as follows:

<b>Admitted Assets</b>	<u>\$ 44,054,744</u>
Liabilities	24,739,781
Surplus	19,314,963
<b>Total</b>	<u>44,054,744</u>
Revenue	16,356,266
Underwriting expenses	14,839,993
Underwriting gain	1,516,273
Other income	205,186
<b>Net Income</b>	<u>\$ 1,721,459</u>

**C. Deferred Compensation Plan**

The District adopted an employees' deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a). The Plan is a defined contribution plan with no liability to the District for further pension benefits in excess of contributions made by the District. A total of up to 25% of an employees' taxable income may be contributed to the Plan. The employees may also contribute after-tax money to the Plan, up to 10% of salary, provided that the overall plan limit of 25% is not exceeded.

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2016**  
**(Continued)**

**V. Other Information (continued)**

**C. Deferred Compensation Plan (continued)**

The Plan is available to all employees, with a minimum age of 18. For full-time, year round employees, the District has elected to contribute 8% of earnings; each participant is required to contribute 4% of their individual earnings. For seasonal and part-time employees, the District has elected to contribute 1.3%; these participants are required to contribute 6.2 % of their earnings. The employee's and employer's contributions fully vest at the date of the contribution. The investments acquired for each employee are self-directed by the employee under various investment options offered by the Plan. The total salaries paid by the District and covered under the plan in 2016 were \$686,462. The District's contributions to the Plan for 2016 were \$57,541.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance**  
**Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual**  
**General Fund**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**  
**(With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2015)**

	<b>2016</b>			<b>2015</b>
	<b>Original and Final Budget</b>	<b>Actual</b>	<b>Variance Positive (Negative)</b>	<b>Actual</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Property tax	1,204,753	1,196,045	(8,708)	998,456
Specific ownership tax	48,190	57,053	8,863	51,140
Capital grants and contributions	42,500	-	(42,500)	-
Lottery proceeds	14,000	17,477	3,477	14,991
Tap fees	-	-	-	57,498
Interest	15,009	31,592	16,583	19,187
Other revenue:				
Employee Housing	18,000	30,389	12,389	-
Golf club	1,272,500	1,270,517	(1,983)	1,239,941
Golf pro shop	218,000	249,099	31,099	232,926
Restaurant	225,500	240,515	15,015	224,354
Swim club	137,200	135,798	(1,402)	134,062
Pavilion	57,000	57,798	798	44,743
Tennis	-	300	300	385
Miscellaneous	22,650	48,687	26,037	53,174
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>3,275,302</u>	<u>3,335,270</u>	<u>59,968</u>	<u>3,070,857</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
General and administrative	567,148	559,471	7,677	512,617
Other expenses:				
Employee Housing	8,700	15,901	(7,201)	-
Golf club	1,265,420	1,252,020	13,400	1,232,134
Golf pro shop	119,000	131,737	(12,737)	131,133
Restaurant	214,538	217,006	(2,468)	220,277
Swim club	180,921	189,426	(8,505)	175,409
Pavilion	51,820	44,399	7,421	48,430
Tennis club	3,650	1,884	1,766	2,293
Parks	143,800	133,606	10,194	142,816
Capital outlay	880,336	583,320	297,016	1,106,381
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>3,435,333</u>	<u>3,128,770</u>	<u>306,563</u>	<u>3,571,490</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Certificates of participation - principal	(235,000)	(235,000)	-	(225,000)
Certificates of participation - interest	(40,088)	(40,088)	-	(47,963)
Capital lease - principal	(45,792)	(32,735)	13,057	(44,698)
Capital lease - interest	-	(6,145)	(6,145)	(94)
Contribution from EVPOA	209,250	103,201	(106,049)	171,687
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<u>(111,630)</u>	<u>(210,767)</u>	<u>(99,137)</u>	<u>(146,068)</u>
<b>Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures</b>				
	(271,661)	(4,267)	267,394	(646,701)
<b>Fund Balance - Beginning</b>				
	<u>2,775,224</u>	<u>3,338,964</u>	<u>563,740</u>	<u>3,985,665</u>
<b>Fund Balance - Ending</b>				
	<u><u>2,503,563</u></u>	<u><u>3,334,697</u></u>	<u><u>831,134</u></u>	<u><u>3,338,964</u></u>

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance**  
**Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual**  
**Debt Service Fund**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2016**  
**(With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2015)**

	<b>2016</b>		<b>Variance Positive (Negative)</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>Original and Final Budget</b>	<b>Actual</b>		<b>Actual</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Property tax	477,922	474,409	(3,513)	477,895
Specific ownership tax	19,117	22,629	3,512	24,477
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>497,039</b>	<b>497,038</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>502,372</b>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
General and Administrative:				
Paying agent fees	1,200	1,200	-	1,219
Treasurer's fees	14,338	14,256	82	14,362
Bond principal payments	195,000	195,000	-	190,000
Bond interest payments	277,513	277,513	-	283,213
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>488,051</b>	<b>487,969</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>488,794</b>
<b>Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)</b>	<b>8,988</b>	<b>9,069</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>13,578</b>
<b>Fund Balance - Beginning</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>54,069</b>	<b>54,069</b>	<b>40,491</b>
<b>Fund Balance - Ending</b>	<b>8,988</b>	<b>63,138</b>	<b>54,150</b>	<b>54,069</b>

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District  
Schedule of Bonds Payable to Maturity  
December 31, 2016**

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the Calendar Year Ending December 1	\$7,000,000		\$2,265,000		Totals		
	General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2009		Certificates of Participation Series 2010				
	Dated December 15, 2009		Dated January 15, 2010				
	Interest Rate 2.50% - 5.00%		Interest Rate 2.50% - 4.00%				
	Interest Due June 1 and December 1	Principal Due December 1	Interest Due May 15 and November 15	Principal Due November 15	Interest	Principal	Grand Total
2017	267,763	205,000	31,275	240,000	299,038	445,000	744,038
2018	257,513	215,000	21,675	250,000	279,188	465,000	744,188
2019	248,913	225,000	11,050	260,000	259,963	485,000	744,963
2020	239,913	235,000	-	-	239,913	235,000	474,913
2021	230,513	245,000	-	-	230,513	245,000	475,513
2022	220,713	255,000	-	-	220,713	255,000	475,713
2023	210,513	265,000	-	-	210,513	265,000	475,513
2024	199,913	275,000	-	-	199,913	275,000	474,913
2025	188,913	285,000	-	-	188,913	285,000	473,913
2026	174,663	300,000	-	-	174,663	300,000	474,663
2027	159,663	315,000	-	-	159,663	315,000	474,663
2028	143,913	330,000	-	-	143,913	330,000	473,913
2029	127,413	345,000	-	-	127,413	345,000	472,413
2030	110,163	365,000	-	-	110,163	365,000	475,163
2031	91,913	380,000	-	-	91,913	380,000	471,913
2032	72,913	400,000	-	-	72,913	400,000	472,913
2033	52,912	420,000	-	-	52,912	420,000	472,912
2034	32,362	440,000	-	-	32,362	440,000	472,362
2035	10,813	225,000	-	-	10,813	225,000	235,813
Totals	<u>3,041,387</u>	<u>5,725,000</u>	<u>64,000</u>	<u>750,000</u>	<u>3,105,387</u>	<u>6,475,000</u>	<u>9,580,387</u>

**Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District**  
**History of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected**  
**December 31, 2016**

Calendar Year Ended December 31	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied	Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
			Levied	Collected	
1990	\$ 30,203,650	17.237	\$ 520,620	\$ 516,933	99.3%
1991	30,659,510	17.195	527,190	512,426	97.2%
1992	32,862,950	16.727	549,699	547,247	99.6%
1993	33,250,340	16.727	556,178	551,738	99.2%
1994	34,012,630	16.727	568,929	564,445	99.2%
1995	34,395,170	17.904	615,811	611,640	99.3%
1996	36,130,610	16.574	598,829	597,905	99.8%
1997	37,074,710	19.800	734,079	746,731	101.7%
1998	48,063,260	16.300	783,431	781,253	99.7%
1999	48,353,530	16.300	788,163	780,559	99.0%
2000	57,667,160	13.635	786,292	785,784	99.9%
2001	57,691,600	15.435	890,470	890,227	100.0%
2002	65,210,400	15.435	1,006,523	1,004,510	99.8%
2003	65,840,480	15.435	1,016,247	1,014,970	99.9%
2004	60,929,880	16.135	983,104	981,658	99.9%
2005	60,306,930	16.535	997,175	996,672	99.9%
2006	67,832,410	14.835	1,006,294	1,005,003	99.9%
2007	68,152,280	14.835	1,011,039	1,027,499	101.6%
2008	96,804,440	14.835	1,436,094	1,434,240	99.9%
2009	98,678,150	14.835	1,463,890	1,452,271	99.2%
2010	97,870,440	19.719	1,929,907	1,926,224	99.8%
2011	97,843,400	19.720	1,929,472	1,929,460	100.0%
2012	80,481,880	20.774	1,671,931	1,670,730	99.9%
2013	80,582,710	20.766	1,673,381	1,671,054	99.9%
2014	67,304,110	21.937	1,476,450	1,476,439	100.0%
2015	67,307,110	21.936	1,476,449	1,476,351	100.0%
2016	81,210,180	20.720	1,682,675	1,670,454	99.3%
2017	80,737,790	20.755	1,675,713	N/A	N/A

**NOTE:**

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the Eagle County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.