

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016



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Dazzio & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 5
Douglas County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 5 as of and for the year December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 5, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 5's basic financial statements. The budget to actual schedules for the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds (Supplementary Information), the Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected (Other Information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Dassio & Associates, P.C.

July 25, 2017

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2016

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 81
Cash and investments - Restricted	26,660
Property taxes receivable	<u>454</u>
Total assets	<u>27,195</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	7,014
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due in more than one year	<u>1,552,165</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,559,179</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property tax revenue	<u>454</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>454</u>
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	<u>(1,532,438)</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ (1,532,438)</u></u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
December 31, 2016

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Net (Expense)</u> <u>Revenue and</u> <u>Changes in</u> <u>Net Position</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Primary government:					
Government activities:					
General government	\$ 10,479	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (10,479)
Interest and related costs on long-term debt	891,119	-	-	-	(891,119)
	<u>\$ 901,598</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(901,598)</u>
General revenues:					
Property taxes					19
Specific ownership taxes					1
Net investment income					57
Total general revenues					<u>77</u>
Change in net position					(901,521)
Net position - Beginning					<u>(630,917)</u>
Net position - Ending					<u>\$ (1,532,438)</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2016

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 81	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81
Cash and investments - Restricted	-	-	26,660	26,660
Deferred property taxes receivable	11	443	-	454
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 92</u>	<u>\$ 443</u>	<u>\$ 26,660</u>	<u>\$ 27,195</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Accounts payable	\$ 81	\$ -	\$ 6,933	\$ 7,014
Total liabilities	<u>81</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,933</u>	<u>7,014</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property tax revenue	11	443	-	454
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>11</u>	<u>443</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>454</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	-	-	19,727	19,727
Total fund balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,727</u>	<u>19,727</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 92</u>	<u>\$ 443</u>	<u>\$ 26,660</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable

in the current period and, therefore, are not recorded as liabilities in the funds.

Bonds payable (1,535,003)

Accrued interest on bonds payable (15,014)

Developer advance payable (2,143)

Accrued interest on developer advance payable (5)

Net position of governmental activities \$ (1,532,438)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 19	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19
Specific ownership taxes	1	-	-	1
Investment income	-	-	57	57
Total revenues	<u>20</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>77</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Intergovernmental - Canyons MD #1	20	-	-	20
Capital				
Accounting	-	-	115	115
Legal	-	-	10,344	10,344
Cost of issuance	-	-	838,377	838,377
Developer advance interest	-	-	90,213	90,213
Total expenditures	<u>20</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>939,049</u>	<u>939,069</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(938,992)</u>	<u>(938,992)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bond proceeds	-	-	1,535,003	1,535,003
Developer advance	-	-	882,832	882,832
Repay Developer advance	-	-	(1,444,790)	(1,444,790)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>973,045</u>	<u>973,045</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,053</u>	<u>34,053</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(14,326)</u>	<u>(14,326)</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,727</u>	<u>\$ 19,727</u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

**THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2016**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$	34,053
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The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bond issuance, developer advance) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bond issuance		(1,535,003)
Developer advance		(882,832)
Repayment of developer advance - principal		1,444,790
Repayment of developer advance - interest		90,213

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest bond payable		(15,014)
Accrued interest on developer advances		(37,728)

Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>(901,521)</u>
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These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property tax	\$ 19	\$ 19	\$ -
Specific ownership tax	1	1	-
Total revenues	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Intergovernmental - Canyons MD #1	20	20	-
Total expenditures	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The District, a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Douglas County, Colorado ("City") on June 4, 2010, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Consolidated Service Plan approved by the City of Castle Pines North in Douglas County, Colorado on October 22, 2009, as amended by a First Amendment thereto approved by the City on December 8, 2015. The District's service area is located in the City of Castle Pines North in Douglas County, Colorado and the District operates in connection with Districts Nos. 1 - 4 and 6 - 11 and serves as a financing District.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction, relocation, redevelopment, and completion of public improvements, covenant enforcement services, and planning services, including water, sanitation, streets, security services, park and recreation, public transportation, traffic and safety, limited fire protection, limited television relay and translation, and mosquito control.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Redemption of bonds are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting, unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Investments are carried at fair value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- *Nonspendable fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.
- *Assigned fund balance* – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed
- *Unassigned fund balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2016, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$ 81
Cash and investments - Restricted	<u>26,660</u>
Total cash and investments	<u><u>\$ 26,741</u></u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2016, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 81
Investments	<u>26,660</u>
Total cash and investments	<u><u>\$ 26,741</u></u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2016, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$336 and a carrying balance of \$81.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

Fair Value Measurement and Application

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments not measured at fair value and not categorized include governmental money market funds (PFM Funds Governmental Select series); money market funds (generally held by Bank Trust Departments in their role as paying agent or trustee); and CSAFE which record their investments at amortized cost.

As of December 31, 2016, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Value
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted average under 60 days	<u>\$ 26,660</u>

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Balance at December 31, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2016	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Limited Tax GO and Special Revenue Bonds					
Series 2016 - principal	\$ -	\$ 1,535,003	\$ -	\$ 1,535,003	\$ -
Limited Tax GO and Special Revenue Bonds					
Series 2016 - interest	-	15,014	-	15,014	-
Developer advance - Capital - Principal	564,101	882,832	1,444,790	2,143	-
Developer advance - Capital - Interest	52,490	37,728	90,213	5	-
Total long term liabilities	<u>\$ 616,591</u>	<u>\$ 2,470,577</u>	<u>\$1,535,003</u>	<u>\$ 1,552,165</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The detail of the District's long-term obligation is as follows:

Series 2016 Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Bonds

On November 10, 2016, the District issued \$68,664,991 of Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Bonds. The Series 2016 Bonds were issued in an aggregate amount of up to \$68,664,991, of which \$1,535,003 was issued on November 10, 2016, and the remainder of which is to be issued from time to time upon satisfaction of the conditions of the Indenture, in payment of the District No. 5 Reimbursement Obligation under the Master Reimbursement Agreement. The issuances of the remaining authorized Bonds are expected to occur on December 15th of each year 2016 through 2019.

The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2016 Bonds will be used to reimburse a portion of the costs of infrastructure improvements to be constructed by the owners of property within the District to the extent of available proceeds.

The Series 2016 Bonds bear interest at 7% per annum and are payable annually on December 15, but only to the extent of available Pledged Revenue, beginning on December 15, 2017. The Series 2016 Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest. To the extent principal of any Bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid. Unpaid interest on the 2016 Bonds compounds annually on each December 15, commencing December 15, 2017. The Series 2016 Bonds mature on December 15, 2057.

The Series 2016 Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Pledged Revenue but on a basis subordinate to Senior Obligations when issued, which includes (i) property taxes derived from the 2016 Bond Required Mill Levy, net of the cost of collection; (ii) Specific Ownership Taxes attributable to the 2016 Bond Required Mill Levy; (iii) Facilities Fees; (iv) Pledged PIF Revenues, and; (v) any other legally available moneys of the District credited to the 2016 Bond Fund.

Due to the uncertainty of the timing of the principal and interest payments on the Series 2016 Bonds, a schedule of the timing of these payments is not available.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2016, the District has authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount Authorized May 4, 2010	Amount Authorized November 4, 2014	Authorization Used - Series 2016 Bonds	Authorized But Unissued
Streets	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 226,000,000	\$ -	\$ 326,000,000
Water	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Sanitation	100,000,000	226,000,000	1,535,003	324,464,997
Parks and recreation	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Public transportation	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Television relay	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Mosquito control	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Security services	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Traffic and safety	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Fire protection	-	226,000,000	-	226,000,000
Operations and maintenance	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Refundings	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Intergovernmental Agreements	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Private Agreements	100,000,000	226,000,000	-	326,000,000
Special Assessment indebtedness	-	226,000,000	-	226,000,000
	<u>\$ 1,300,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,390,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,535,003</u>	<u>\$ 4,688,464,997</u>

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan, the aggregate debt limit is \$226,000,000 for all of District Nos. 2-11 combined, exclusive of refundings.

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan, the maximum mill levy for general obligation debt and operations and maintenance is 69.000 mills. The debt service portion of the limit is to be adjusted for increases or decreases in the residential assessment ratio so that the actual tax revenues derived from the mill levy, as adjusted, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

Developer Advance

The District has entered into a Reimbursement Agreement with the Developer as follows:

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement–Operations

The District and the Original Landowner (see Note 6) entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance) on October 26, 2016 (“Operations Funding Agreement”) whereby the Original Landowner agreed to loan moneys to the District for the purpose of covering revenue shortfalls with respect to operation and maintenance expenses of the District.

Under the Operations Funding Agreement, the Original Landowner agrees to loan the District up to \$50,000 per year (the “Annual O&M Loan Cap”), for four years (being fiscal years 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019), not to exceed \$200,000 (subject to increase as described below, the “Maximum Loan Amount”). Interest accrues at a rate of 6.5% simple interest, annually. The funds are to be loaned to the District in a series of installments and are to be available to the District through December 31, 2019 (the “O&M Loan Obligation Termination Date”). Thereafter, the O&M Loan Obligation Termination Date will automatically extend for additional one year terms unless the Original Landowner provides written notice to the District of termination at least thirty (30) days prior to December 31st of each year. Upon each automatic one year extension of the O&M Loan Obligation Termination Date, the Original Landowner agrees to loan to the District one or more sums of money up to the Annual O&M Loan Cap, and the Maximum Loan Amount shall be increased by the additional amount of such Annual O&M Loan Cap for each extension year, if any.

Each loan advance made under the Operations Funding Agreement accrues simple interest at the rate of 6.5% per annum from the date of such advance until the date the applicable O&M Reimbursement Obligation is issued (or the date such advance is repaid, if earlier). No amounts are due under this Agreement as of December 31, 2016.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement – Capital

Subsequent to year end, the District and the Original Landowner entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Capital) on February 22, 2017 (the “Capital Funding Agreement”) whereby the Original Landowner agreed to loan moneys to the District for the purpose of funding certain capital costs of the District. The parties to the Capital Funding Agreement acknowledge that the District does not presently have financial resources to provide funding for payment of capital costs relating to certain public infrastructure improvements (collectively, the “Capital Costs”).

Under the Capital Funding Agreement, the Original Landowner agrees to loan the District up to \$60,000 per year (the “Annual Capital Loan Cap”), for four years (being fiscal years 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020), up to the aggregate of \$240,000 (subject to increase as described below, the “Maximum Capital Loan Amount”). Interest accrues at a rate of 6.5% simple interest, annually. The funds are to be loaned to the District in a series of installments and are to be available to the District through December 31, 2020 (the “Capital Loan Obligation Termination Date”). Thereafter, the Capital Loan Obligation Termination Date will automatically extend for additional one year terms unless the Original Landowner provides written notice to the District of termination at least thirty (30) days prior to December 31st of each year. Upon each automatic one year extension of the Capital Loan Obligation Termination Date, the Original Landowner agrees to loan to the District one or more sums of money up to the Annual Capital Loan Cap, and the Maximum Capital Loan Amount shall be increased by the additional amount of such Annual Capital Loan Cap for each extension year, if any.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 4 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District and Original Landowner acknowledge that the Original Landowner has incurred Capital Costs on behalf of the District prior to entering into the Capital Funding Agreement (the “Prior Capital Costs”), and that Prior Capital Costs will be reimbursed under the Capital Funding Agreement in the same manner as the Capital Costs; provided, however, that the Prior Capital Costs will not be included in the Maximum Capital Loan Amount as described above. The balance of costs outstanding as of December 31, 2016 that represent Prior Capital Cost consist of \$2,143 of principal and \$5 of interest.

Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement

The District and the Original Landowner entered into a Public Improvement Reimbursement Agreement, dated as of October 26, pursuant to which the District and the Original Landowner agreed, among other things, that the District No. 5 Reimbursement Obligation (as defined in the Master Reimbursement Agreement – see NOTE 7) will be paid by the District to the Original Landowner from the issuance of Series 2016 Bonds. The Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement also contains provisions relating to the expectation that the Master Builder is expected to carry out its obligations to cause the construction of Public Improvements. District No. 7 shall provide a certificate to the District pertaining to the District-Eligible Public Improvements so constructed for reimbursement. Reimbursement obligations accrue at an interest rate of 7.5% simple interest, annually. As of December 31, 2016, no amounts were outstanding under this Agreement.

NOTE 5 - NET POSITION

The District had a deficit unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2016. The deficit was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements to be constructed and conveyed to other entities by District No. 7.

NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTIES

The Original landowner of the property which constitutes the District is North Canyons, LLLP. During 2016, the Original landowner sold property to Shea Canyons (the “Master Builder”) who will serve as Developer of the project to the first phase of development.

NOTE 7 - DISTRICT AGREEMENTS

Master Reimbursement Agreement

The District entered into a Master Reimbursement Agreement (the “Agreement”) with The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 6 (“District No. 6”) and The Canyons Metropolitan District No. 7 (“District No. 7”), the Original Landowner, the Master Builder, and Oread Canyons, LLC (“Oread”), a Colorado limited liability company. Pursuant to the Agreement, the District and District No. 6 will reimburse Oread and the Original Landowner for the costs of the District-Eligible Public Improvements, which are to be constructed by Shea Canyons or its assignee, all as more particularly described in the Agreement. District No. 7 will own, operate and maintain all District-Eligible Public Improvements within its boundaries that are not dedicated to any other public entity.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 7 - DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Under the Agreement, the Consolidated Service Plan established a combined mill levy limitation (applicable to both debt service and operation and maintenance mill levies imposed by the Districts) of 69 mills. The District will impose 40 mills for debt service and District No. 6 will impose 10 mills for debt service as adjusted for changes in the residential assessment ratio. The District and District No. 6 will each impose 1 mill to pay for the respective District's administrative costs. District No. 7 will impose 17 mills for operations.

The Agreement states that the District is also entitled to 80% of PIF Revenues and Facilities Fees, and is obligated to pay 80% of the Collective Reimbursement Obligation, or the Bonds used for financing District-Eligible Public Improvements.

The Agreement also sets forth the procedures for submittal, review, certification and acceptance of the costs of Public Improvements.

Intergovernmental Agreement with the City

As contemplated by the Service Plan, the Canyons Districts (being District Nos. 1 – 11) and the City entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement for The Canyons Metropolitan District Nos. 1 – 11, dated as of December 6, 2010, as amended pursuant to a First Amendment thereto dated December 11, 2015 (as so amended, the "City IGA"), which, among other things, recites the limitations on the Canyons Districts' provision of services and exercise of powers as set forth in the Service Plan.

In addition to the limitations contained in the Service Plan, the City IGA specifies that completed Public Improvements are to be dedicated to the City, Parker Water and Sanitation District ("Parker Water"), or other appropriate governmental entity. The Canyons Districts are authorized to undertake and coordinate any operational requirements for Public Improvements that will not ultimately be conveyed to the City, Parker Water, or other governmental entity and may also operate and maintain Public Improvements that are pending final acceptance by the City. Upon acceptance by the City, Parker Water, or other appropriate governmental entity, none of the Canyons Districts are authorized to operate or maintain such Public Improvements unless authorized under separate intergovernmental agreement with the City, Parker Water, or such other governmental entity, respectively. The Canyons Districts are specifically authorized to own, operate and maintain park and recreation improvements and landscaped or open space parcels. The City IGA also specifies that none of the Canyons Districts are authorized to engage in the provision of any television relay and translation facilities or services and, subject to certain exceptions for improvements comprising a portion of the water system improvements, shall not be authorized to provide fire protection facilities or services.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, workers compensation, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limits must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 4, 2010 and November 4, 2014, the District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$100,000,000 per election annually as adjusted for inflation, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. District No. 1, which serves as the Operating District, has established an Emergency Reserve for the District.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Series 2017A Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds

On May 24, 2017 the District issued \$47,500,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the 2017A Bonds were used to:

- (a) finance the acquisition, construction, and installation of certain public improvements;
- (b) refund the outstanding balance on the 2016 Bonds (defined below);
- (c) fund the Capitalized Interest Fund;
- (d) fund the Senior Reserve Fund; and
- (e) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

The Series 2017A Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 6.000% to 6.125%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 each year, to the extent of Senior Pledged Revenue available therefor, beginning on December 1, 2017. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments on the Series 2017A Bonds are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2026. The Series 2017A Bonds mature on December 1, 2047.

The Series 2017A Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of the Senior Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which is defined generally in the 2017A Indenture as:

- (a) the Senior Property Tax Revenues;
- (b) the Senior Specific Ownership Tax Revenues attributable to the Senior Required Mill Levy;
- (c) Capital Fees, including particularly and without limitation, the Facilities Fees;
- (d) Pledged PIF Revenues; and
- (e) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Senior Bond Fund.

Senior Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the Series 2017A Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Senior Surplus Fund, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$2,375,000. The Senior Surplus Fund is established and held as an account of the Trustee, and moneys therein are to be used solely for the purpose of paying the principal of and interest on the Series 2017A Bonds to the extent the moneys in the Senior Bond Fund are insufficient for such purpose. Amounts on deposit in the Senior Surplus Fund (if any) on the maturity date of the Series 2017A Bonds shall be applied to the payment of the Series 2017A Bonds.

The Series 2017A Bonds are further secured by amounts on deposit in the Senior Reserve Fund, which was funded with proceeds from the Series 2017A Bonds in the amount of the Required Reserve of \$4,529,293.76.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT (CONTINUED)

The Series 2017A Indenture provides a Senior Required Mill Levy be imposed in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2017A Bonds as the same become due and payable (less any amount thereof for which amounts are then on deposit in the Senior Bond Fund and, solely to the extent provided in the Senior Indenture, the Senior Surplus Fund and the Senior Reserve Fund) and to replenish the Senior Reserve Fund to the Senior Reserve Requirement, but not in excess of 40 mills (as adjusted). For so long as the Senior Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, the Senior Required Mill Levy shall be equal to 40 mills (as adjusted), or such lesser amount that will generate Senior Property Tax Revenues (i) sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2017A Bonds as the same become due and payable, and to fully fund the Senior Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount, or (ii) which, when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Senior Bond Fund, the Senior Surplus Fund and the Senior Reserve Fund, will pay the Series 2017A Bonds in full. Such maximum and minimum mill levies are subject to adjustment per changes in the residential assessment rate.

Subsequent to year end, the residential assessment rate was changed from 7.96% to 7.20%. Based upon the May 2017 preliminary assessed valuations, the service plan limitation of 40.000 mills could be increased to 44.222 mills. The final adjusted mill levy will be based upon final assessed value for collection in Budget Year 2018.

Series 2017B Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Bonds

On May 24, 2017 the District issued \$11,925,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2017B Bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, and installation of certain public improvements.

The Series 2017B Bonds bear an interest rate of 8.00% per annum and payable annually on December 15, but only to the extent of available Subordinate Pledged Revenue. The Series 2017B Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds, meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest thereof prior to the final maturity date. Rather, principal on the Series 2017B Bonds is payable on each December 15 (if at all) from, and solely to the extent of, Subordinate Pledged Revenue (if any) remaining after the payment of interest then due on the Series 2017B Bonds on December 15 of the then current year. Unpaid interest on the 2017B Bonds compounds annually on each December 15.

In the event that, on December 15, 2057 any amount of principal of or interest on the Series 2017B Bonds remains unpaid after application of all Subordinate Pledged Revenue available therefor in accordance with the Subordinate Indenture, the Series 2017B Bonds and the lien of the Subordinate Indenture securing payment thereof is to be deemed discharged.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2016

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT (CONTINUED)

The Series 2017B Bonds are secured by and payable solely from the following sources, net of any costs of collection, to the extent not previously deducted by definition, (the "Subordinate Pledged Revenue"):

- (a) all Subordinate Property Tax Revenues;
- (b) all Subordinate Specific Ownership Tax Revenues attributable to the Subordinate Required Mill Levy;
- (c) all Subordinate Capital Fee Revenue, including particularly and without limitation, the Facilities Fees;
- (d) all Subordinate PIF Revenue; and
- (e) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Subordinate Bond Fund.

Pursuant to the Series 2017B Indenture, the District has further covenanted to levy a Subordinate Required Mill Levy each year in the amount equal to (i) 40 mills (as adjusted from January 1, 2009) less the Senior Required Mill Levy, or (ii) such lesser amount that will generate Subordinate Property Tax Revenues which, when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Subordinate Bond Fund, will pay the 2017B Bonds in full.

Series 2016 Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Bonds

The District previously authorized its Limited Tax General Obligation and Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$68,664,991 and, of such amount, the District has issued \$1,535,003 in aggregate principal amount. The Series 2016 Bonds were authorized to be issued from time to time in accordance with an Indenture of Trust between the District and UMB Bank, n.a., as trustee thereunder (the "2016 Trustee") dated as of November 1, 2016, as amended by the First Supplemental Indenture of Trust between the District and the 2016 Trustee dated as of the date of issuance of the Bonds (the "2016 First Supplement" and, as so supplemented, the "2016 Indenture").

Proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds will be used to refund the outstanding balance of the Series 2016 Bonds in the principal amount of \$1,535,003. As a result of the provisions of the 2016 First Supplement, the Series 2016 Bonds will thereafter have a reduced aggregate principal amount. The 2016 Indenture and related documents will allow additional draws on the 2016 Bonds of up to \$9,950,000 in aggregate principal amount for the purpose of paying the Original Landowner amounts due pursuant to the District's Reimbursement Obligation under the Master Reimbursement Agreement to the extent proceeds of the Series 2017A and 2017B Bonds are insufficient for such purpose. Repayment of the Series 2016 Bonds is fully subordinate and junior to the payment of the 2017A Bonds and the 2017B Bonds.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Specific ownership taxes	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Total revenues	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's fee	-	-	-
Bonds - principal	-	-	-
Bonds - interest	-	-	-
Paying agent fees	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	-	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Budgets		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
				Positive
				(Negative)
REVENUES				
Net investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57	\$ 57
Total revenues	-	-	57	57
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting	-	2,000	115	1,885
Legal	-	20,000	10,344	9,656
Cost of issuance	-	900,000	838,377	61,623
Repay Developer advance interest	-	100,000	90,213	9,787
Capital outlay	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Total expenditures	-	3,022,000	939,049	2,082,951
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	-	(3,022,000)	(938,992)	2,083,008
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bond proceeds	-	2,750,000	1,535,003	(1,214,997)
Developer advance	-	2,750,000	882,832	(1,867,168)
Repay developer advance	-	(2,478,000)	(1,444,790)	1,033,210
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	3,022,000	973,045	(2,048,955)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	34,053	34,053
FUND BALANCES -				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	-	(14,326)	(14,326)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,727	\$ 19,727

OTHER INFORMATION

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 5
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY
AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
December 31, 2016

Year Ended December 31	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
		General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	
2014	\$ 250	69.000	0.000	\$ 17	\$ 17	100.00%
2015	\$ 250	69.000	0.000	\$ 17	\$ 17	100.00%
2016	\$ 270	69.000	0.000	\$ 19	\$ 19	100.00%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2017	\$ 11,080	1.000	40.000	\$ 454		

Property taxes collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years.