



BACHELOR GULCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF  
INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

December 31, 2016



**RECEIVED**

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**C O N T E N T S**

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

March 3, 2017

The Board of Directors  
Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

**Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

**Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Board of Directors  
Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
Page Two

## Other Matters

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The Debt Service Fund budgetary schedule and property tax statistical schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Debt Service Fund budgetary schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The property tax statistical schedule has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

*Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C.*

## **Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District**

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2016**

As management of Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are composed of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The governmental activity of the District is primarily financing the construction, operation, and maintenance of the basic public infrastructure within Bachelor Gulch. There are no business-type activities within the District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 6 and 7 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District currently has two funds, the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Both of these funds are governmental fund types.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. A reconciliation of the fund balance as reported in the governmental funds to the net position reported in the government-wide financial statements and a reconciliation of the net change in fund balance to the change in net position has been provided to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The fund financial statements are contained on pages 8 through 12 of the report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 26 of this report.

**Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The following tables show condensed financial information derived from the government-wide financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
<b>Assets:</b>		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,894,277	\$ 4,829,418
Capital assets, net	<u>24,897,832</u>	<u>26,207,081</u>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>\$ 29,792,109</u>	<u>\$ 31,036,499</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Current and other liabilities	\$ 267,830	\$ 303,871
Long-term liabilities (including current portion)	<u>13,569,999</u>	<u>16,446,667</u>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>\$ 13,837,829</u>	<u>\$ 16,750,538</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows:</b>		
Property taxes	<u>\$ 2,365,843</u>	<u>\$ 2,672,614</u>
<b>Net Position:</b>		
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 11,327,833	\$ 9,760,414
Restricted	1,289,982	404,777
Unrestricted	<u>970,622</u>	<u>1,448,156</u>
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<u>\$ 13,588,437</u>	<u>\$ 11,613,347</u>
<b>Program Revenues:</b>		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 111,356	\$ 2,071,897
Charges for services	54,629	52,643
<b>General Revenues:</b>		
Property & Sales taxes	5,110,994	4,383,609
Interest Income	<u>15,516</u>	<u>5,772</u>
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>5,292,495</u>	<u>6,513,921</u>
<b>Expenses:</b>		
General government	383,773	449,393
Public works	2,571,554	2,612,928
Interest on long-term debt	<u>362,078</u>	<u>426,027</u>
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<u>3,317,405</u>	<u>3,488,348</u>
<b>Change in net position</b>	1,975,090	3,025,573
<b>Net Position- Beginning</b>	<u>11,613,347</u>	<u>8,587,774</u>
<b>Net Position- Ending</b>	<u>\$ 13,588,437</u>	<u>\$ 11,613,347</u>

**Government-wide Financial Analysis.** The major activity for 2016 related to operating and maintaining the infrastructure assets of the District and paying the debt service for the bonds used to acquire the infrastructure. The District's overall financial position, as measured by net position, increased by \$1,975,090 due to an increase in the sales tax rate and less than budgeted expenditures. The surplus was used to pay down the principal balance of the District's debt.

**Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,460,544 which reflects an increase of \$365,449. This slight increase is the result of revenues exceeding expenditures.

**Budget variances in the General Fund.** The District's actual total general fund expenditures were \$507,292 less than budgeted with most categories showing favorable variances, with a significant variance (expenditures less than budgeted) resulting from budgeted road repairs that were deferred. The other primary budget variance in general fund expenditures is that the budgeted contingency was not needed. The District also amended the budget to transfer an additional \$1,300,000 from the general fund to the debt service fund and that amount was used in the Debt Service fund to pay down the balance of the 2014 Loan. Additional details for the general fund budget variances can be seen on Page 12 of the financial statements.

**Capital assets.** The District's total capital assets before depreciation increased slightly to \$50.7 million while accumulated depreciation increased from \$24.7 million to \$26.1 million. Additional information related to the capital assets is reflected in Note C on Page 20 of the financial statements.

**Long-term debts.** The District made scheduled payments on the outstanding bonds and also made an additional principal payment on the 2014 Loan in the amount of \$1.3 million. During 2016 the District paid down its total long-term debt outstanding (including bond premium) from \$16,638,872 to \$13,728,777, a net reduction of \$2,910,095. Additional details related to the District's long-term debts can be found in Note D on pages 21-23 of the financial report.

**Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Marchetti & Weaver, LLC 28 Second Street, Suite 213, Edwards, CO 81632 or you may call (970) 926-6060.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2016

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,876,816
Receivables	
Due from county treasurer	11,221
Property taxes receivable	2,365,843
Other	565,389
Prepays	75,008
Capital assets	
Land	311,169
Buildings, net	1,602,551
Roads, net	20,911,916
Parks and recreation, net	1,237,198
Equipment, net	834,998
Total Assets	<u>29,792,109</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accounts and retainage payable	54,207
Accrued payroll	13,683
Accrued interest payable	29,998
Accrued compensated absences	11,164
Bond premium, net	158,778
Long-term liabilities	
Portion due and payable within one year	
Bonds and loan payable	1,563,333
Portion due and payable after one year	
Bonds payable	3,140,000
Loans payable	8,866,666
Total Liabilities	<u>13,837,829</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
Property taxes	<u>2,365,843</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>2,365,843</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>16,203,672</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	11,327,833
Restricted for emergencies	132,634
Restricted for debt service	302,515
Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation	854,833
Unrestricted	970,622
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 13,588,437</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2016

Function/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Total Governmental Activities
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 383,773	\$54,629	\$ 111,356	\$ -	\$ (217,788)
Public works	2,571,554	-	-	-	(2,571,554)
Interest on long-term debt	362,078	-	-	-	(362,078)
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	<b>\$ 3,317,405</b>	<b>\$54,629</b>	<b>\$ 111,356</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>(3,151,420)</b>

General revenues:

Property taxes	2,796,133
Sales taxes	2,314,861
Interest income	15,516
<b>Total general revenues</b>	<b>5,126,510</b>
Change in net position	1,975,090
Net position - beginning	11,613,347
<b>Net position - ending</b>	<b>\$ 13,588,437</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2016

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,577,601	\$ 299,215	\$ 1,876,816
Receivables			
Due from county treasurer	7,921	3,300	11,221
Property taxes receivable	1,892,674	473,169	2,365,843
Other receivables	565,389	-	565,389
Prepays	75,008	-	75,008
Total Assets	<u>4,118,593</u>	<u>775,684</u>	<u>4,894,277</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable	53,082	-	53,082
Retainage payable	1,125	-	1,125
Accrued payroll	13,683	-	13,683
Total Liabilities	<u>67,890</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>67,890</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Property taxes	1,892,674	473,169	2,365,843
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,892,674</u>	<u>473,169</u>	<u>2,365,843</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,960,564</u>	<u>473,169</u>	<u>2,433,733</u>
<b>FUND EQUITY</b>			
Nonspendable, prepaids	75,008	-	75,008
Restricted for emergencies	132,634	-	132,634
Restricted for debt service	-	302,515	302,515
Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation	854,533	-	854,533
Unassigned	1,095,854	-	1,095,854
Total Fund Equity	<u>\$ 2,158,029</u>	<u>\$ 302,515</u>	<u>\$ 2,460,544</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2016

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,460,544
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	24,897,832
Premiums on bonds are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(158,778)
Long-term liabilities such as bonds are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(13,569,999)
Accrued interest and fees are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(29,998)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This is the compensated absences liability as of year-end.	<u>(11,164)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 13,588,437</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES  
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2016

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>			
Taxes	\$ 4,288,602	\$ 822,392	\$ 5,110,994
Interest	12,634	2,882	15,516
Water user fees	-	46,085	46,085
Vail Resorts	36,038	-	36,038
Bachelor Gulch Village Association	64,591	-	64,591
Franchise fees	8,544	-	8,544
Miscellaneous income	10,727	-	10,727
Total revenues	<u>4,421,136</u>	<u>871,359</u>	<u>5,292,495</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>			
General government	216,949	23,889	240,838
Public works	1,288,188	-	1,288,188
Debt service			
Principal	-	2,876,668	2,876,668
Interest	-	400,930	400,930
Capital outlay	120,422	-	120,422
Total expenditures	<u>1,625,559</u>	<u>3,301,487</u>	<u>4,927,046</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,795,577	(2,430,128)	365,449
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>			
Transfers in (out)	(2,430,691)	2,430,691	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(2,430,691)</u>	<u>2,430,691</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	364,886	563	365,449
Fund Balance - January 1	<u>1,793,143</u>	<u>301,952</u>	<u>2,095,095</u>
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>\$ 2,158,029</u>	<u>\$ 302,515</u>	<u>\$ 2,460,544</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES  
IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2016

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 365,449

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capitalized outlays in the current period (\$1,461,159 - \$153,400). (1,307,759)

The net effect of disposals of capital assets is to decrease net position (1,490)

Governmental funds report the repayment of principal on long-term debt as expenditures. However, these repayments are not reported as expenses in the statement of activities, but rather a reduction of debt in the statement of net position. This amount is the effect of the difference in the treatment of these repayments. 2,876,668

Governmental funds do not record the amount of interest and fees on long-term debt that has accrued since the end of the year. However, these liabilities are reported in the statement of net position and the related expense is reported in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which accrued interest and fees changed from the prior year. 38,852

Governmental funds do not report accrued compensated absences as part of expenditures. However, they are reported as expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount accrued compensated absences changed from the prior year. 3,370

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 1,975,090

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>Revenues</b>				
Interest income	\$ 3,900	\$ 3,900	\$ 12,634	\$ 8,734
Utility reimbursements	76,000	76,000	100,629	24,629
Property taxes	1,886,551	1,886,551	1,884,350	(2,201)
Specific ownership taxes	90,000	90,000	89,391	(609)
Sales tax revenue	1,700,000	1,700,000	2,314,861	614,861
Franchise fees	8,000	8,000	8,544	544
Miscellaneous income	-	-	10,727	10,727
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>3,764,451</b>	<b>3,764,451</b>	<b>4,421,136</b>	<b>656,685</b>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
<b>General government</b>				
Insurance	55,000	55,000	49,466	5,534
Accounting and audit	88,500	88,500	80,643	7,857
Legal	36,000	36,000	13,288	22,712
Administration and other	72,490	72,490	73,552	(1,062)
<b>Public works</b>				
Road repairs and maintenance	1,534,361	1,534,361	1,137,627	396,734
Equipment maintenance	100,000	100,000	103,543	(3,543)
Administration and other	51,500	51,500	47,018	4,482
Contingency	55,000	55,000	-	55,000
Capital outlay	140,000	140,000	120,422	19,578
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>2,132,851</b>	<b>2,132,851</b>	<b>1,625,559</b>	<b>507,292</b>
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	<b>1,631,600</b>	<b>1,631,600</b>	<b>2,795,577</b>	<b>1,163,977</b>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>				
Transfers in (out)	(1,130,690)	(2,430,691)	(2,430,691)	-
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<b>(1,130,690)</b>	<b>(2,430,691)</b>	<b>(2,430,691)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)</b>				
<b>Expenditures and Other Financing Uses</b>	<b>500,910</b>	<b>(799,091)</b>	<b>364,886</b>	<b>1,163,977</b>
<b>Fund Balance - January 1</b>	<b>1,464,732</b>	<b>1,464,732</b>	<b>1,793,143</b>	<b>328,411</b>
<b>Fund Balance - December 31</b>	<b>\$ 1,965,642</b>	<b>\$ 665,641</b>	<b>\$ 2,158,029</b>	<b>\$ 1,492,388</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1. Organization**

The Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District (the “District”) was established on November 8, 1994, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado. The District was formed to assist in financing the construction and acquisition by Smith Creek Metropolitan District (“Smith Creek”) of water, sanitation, streets, traffic safety, transportation, cable television, parks and recreation, fire protection, and mosquito control facilities in an area of approximately 1,375 acres of land in an unincorporated portion of Eagle County, Colorado on and/or adjacent to Beaver Creek Mountain ski area.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District’s accounting policies are described below.

**2. Reporting Entity**

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations, which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

**3. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The District’s basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District’s major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Currently, the District has only governmental activities.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**Government-wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, receivables, deferred outflows of resources as well as long-term debt, obligations and deferred inflows of resources. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; various restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

**Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures.

The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

**4. Fund Accounting**

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. At this time the District only uses governmental funds.

**Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Colorado and the bylaws of the District.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt including long-term contractual obligations approved by the District’s electorate and revenues generated by property taxes that are required to be used in payment of such long-term debt and contractual obligations.

5. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Long-Term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. “Available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**6. Government-wide Net Position**

- *Net investment in capital assets*—consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- *Restricted net position*—consist of assets that are restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors (those who may donate to the District less related liabilities and deferred inflows of resources).
- *Unrestricted*—all other net position is reported in this category.

**7. Governmental Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- *Non-spendable fund balance* - The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Directors, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.
- *Assigned fund balance* - The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board of Directors or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose.
- *Unassigned fund balance* - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The District will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

**8. Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**9. Property Taxes**

Property taxes are not due and payable until after the assessment year has ended, and are not included in the budget or Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the assessment year. Property taxes are recorded as deferred revenue in the year they are levied and measurable. Property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected. Property taxes are levied on or before December 15 of each year and attach as an enforceable lien on the property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15.

**10. Sales Taxes**

The District imposed a sales tax, beginning January 1, 2011, of 3% on the sale of tangible personal property at retail and on the furnishing of services that are subject to Colorado State sales taxes. The sales tax rate was increased to 4% effective July 1, 2015 and then was increased again to 5% effective July 1, 2016. Sales taxes are collected on behalf of the District by the State in the month following the initial collection of sales taxes from the consumer. The sales taxes are remitted to the District the month following collection by the State.

**11. Capital Assets**

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated lives	
Roads	40 years
Parks and recreation	25 years
Vehicles and equipment	5 to 15 years

Costs related to the construction of assets including engineering, legal, surveying and landscaping that were incurred from the beginning of construction until the assets were substantially complete were capitalized.

**12. Intergovernmental Revenues**

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as contributions awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**13. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**14. Interfund Transactions**

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are also reported as transfers.

**15. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability**

**Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In the fall of each year, the District’s Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”).

As required by the Colorado statutes, the District followed by the following timetable in approving and enacting a budget for the ensuing years:

- (1) For the 2016 budget year, prior to August 23, 2015, the County Assessor sent the District the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District’s boundaries.
- (2) On or before October 15, 2015, the District’s accountant submitted to the District’s Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District’s operating requirements.
- (3) The Board held a public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- (4) For the 2016 budget, prior to December 15, 2015, the District computed and certified to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) For the 2016 budget, the final budget and appropriating resolution was adopted prior to December 31, 2015.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

- (6) After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund, as determined by the original appropriation level; b) supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget; c) emergency appropriations; and d) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year end. Supplemental appropriations were adopted for the general and debt service funds during 2016.

**NOTE B – EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

**Cash Deposits**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. As of December 31, 2016, the District had cash deposits of \$312,978 of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The rest was covered by PDPA.

**Investments**

Colorado state statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, obligations of any other U.S. agency, obligations of the World Bank, general obligation bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, revenue bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, bankers acceptance notes, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts. All investments must be held by the District, in its name, or in custody of a third party on behalf of the local government.

As of December 31, 2016, the District had \$1,586,105 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to Colotrust in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of Colotrust. Substantially all securities owned by Colotrust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by Colotrust. Colotrust funds carry a Standard & Poor's AAAM rating. There is no custodial, interest rate or foreign currency risk exposure. Colotrust is a Level 2 investment in the fair value hierarchy established by GASB 72 and is valued using significant observable inputs other than quoted market prices in active markets for identical securities.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

**NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
<b>Governmental activities</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 311,169	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 311,169
 Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	2,249,194	—	—	2,249,194
Roads	41,389,783	—	—	41,389,783
Parks and recreation	4,444,834	—	—	4,444,834
Equipment	<u>2,556,308</u>	<u>153,400</u>	<u>(71,244)</u>	<u>2,638,464</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>50,640,119</u>	<u>153,400</u>	<u>(71,244)</u>	<u>50,722,275</u>
 Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	590,413	56,229	—	646,642
Roads	19,438,701	1,039,165	—	20,477,866
Parks and recreation	3,029,842	177,793	—	3,207,635
Equipment	<u>1,685,251</u>	<u>187,972</u>	<u>(69,754)</u>	<u>1,803,469</u>
	<u>24,744,207</u>	<u>1,461,159</u>	<u>(69,754)</u>	<u>26,135,612</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>25,895,912</u>	<u>(1,307,759)</u>	<u>(1,490)</u>	<u>24,586,663</u>
 Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 26,207,081</u>	<u>\$ (1,307,759)</u>	<u>\$ (1,490)</u>	<u>\$ 24,897,832</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

<b>Governmental activities:</b>	
General government	\$ 177,793
Public works	<u>1,283,366</u>
 Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,461,159</u>

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

**NOTE D – LONG-TERM DEBT**

2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

The District issued \$7,175,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011. The bonds were issued on September 29, 2011, with interest payments due June 1 and December 1 of each year through December 1, 2021, commencing June 1, 2012. Principal payments are due December 1 of each year commencing December 1, 2012. The bonds were issued with an interest rate of 3.0%.

2012 Loan

The District borrowed \$10,000,000 in July of 2012 to refund 2004 bonds. The interest rate on the loan is fixed at 2.62% with interest payments due June 1, September 1, December 1, and March 1 of every year commencing June 1, 2012 through July 1, 2027. Principal payments are due July 1 of each year.

2014 Loan

The District borrowed \$6,500,000 in July of 2014 to refund 2004 bonds. The interest rate on the loan is variable at 1.17% plus a liquidity premium plus the one-month LIBOR rate multiplied by a bank qualified tax exempt factor. The interest rate in effect as of December 31, 2016 was 1.402%. Interest payments are due March 1, June 1, September 1, and December 1 of every year commencing September 1, 2014 through July 1, 2019. Principal payments are due July 1 of each year.

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	Balance January 1, <u>2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	Balance December 31, <u>2016</u>	<u>Due within one year</u>
2011 General Obligation Bonds	\$ 4,580,000	\$ -	\$ 710,000	\$ 3,870,000	\$ 730,000
2011 Bonds Premium	192,205	-	33,427	158,778	33,427
2012 Loan	8,800,000	-	400,000	8,400,000	400,000
2014 Loan	<u>3,066,667</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,766,668</u>	<u>1,299,999</u>	<u>433,333</u>
<b>Total long-term debt</b>	<u>\$16,638,872</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,910,095</u>	<u>\$ 13,728,777</u>	<u>\$1,596,760</u>

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

**NOTE D – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED**

Debt service requirements are as follows (including mandatory sinking fund requirements):

**2011 Issue:**

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 730,000	\$ 116,100	\$ 846,100
2018	750,000	94,200	844,200
2019	775,000	71,700	846,700
2020	795,000	48,450	843,450
2021	<u>820,000</u>	<u>24,600</u>	<u>844,600</u>
	<u>\$ 3,870,000</u>	<u>\$ 355,050</u>	<u>\$ 4,225,050</u>

**2012 Loan:**

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 400,000	\$ 218,683	\$ 618,683
2018	500,000	206,944	706,944
2019	500,000	193,662	693,662
2020	500,000	180,889	680,889
2021	500,000	167,098	667,098
2022-2026	5,000,000	475,924	5,475,924
2027	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>15,431</u>	<u>1,015,431</u>
	<u>\$ 8,400,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,458,631</u>	<u>\$ 9,858,631</u>

**2014 Loan:**

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest *</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 433,333	\$ 18,222	\$ 451,555
2018	433,333	12,148	445,481
2019	<u>433,333</u>	<u>6,074</u>	<u>439,407</u>
	<u>\$ 1,299,999</u>	<u>\$ 36,444</u>	<u>\$ 1,336,443</u>

\*Daily rate subject to adjustment – the rate in effect as of December 31, 2016 of 1.402% per annum is used to estimate future interest requirements.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

**NOTE D – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED**

Total :

Year	
2017	\$ 1,916,338
2018	1,996,625
2019	1,979,769
2020	1,524,339
2021	1,511,698
2022-2026	5,475,924
2027	1,015,431
	\$ 15,420,124

**Remaining Authorized but Unissued Indebtedness and Obligation to Issue Future Bonds.** During 1994 and 1996, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$56,430,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum per the 1994 election and 8.25% per annum per the 1996 election. The voter authorized but unissued indebtedness at December 31, 2016 of \$5,875,000 is calculated as follows:

	1994 Original Voter Authorization	1996 Original Voter Authorization	Authorization Used For	Remaining Unused Authorization
Water System	\$ 8,940,000	\$ –	\$ (7,905,000)	\$ 1,035,000
Road Improvements	34,895,000	–	(34,895,000)	–
Maintenance Facility	–	2,565,000	–	2,565,000
Traffic & Safety Facility & Services, Incl. Entry Bldg.	1,140,000	–	(1,140,000)	–
Fire Stations & Fire Protection Equipment.	775,000	–	–	775,000
TV Relay & Translator Facilities	335,000	–	(335,000)	–
Public Transportation System Improvements	500,000	–	–	500,000
Park & Recreation Facilities	1,850,000	–	(1,850,000)	–
Storm or Sanitary Sewers	5,430,000	–	(4,430,000)	1,000,000
	\$ 53,865,000	\$ 2,565,000	\$ (50,555,000)	\$ 5,875,000

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE E – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and general liability. The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) for property and liability insurance.

The Pool was formed by an intergovernmental agreement to provide public officials, property, general and automobile liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000, except if the claim falls within the government immunity statute, then the coverage is \$150,000 per person and a \$600,000 aggregate claim. The Pool is reinsured for 80% of the first \$250,000 of all claims and 100% for claims in excess of \$250,000. The District may be required to make additional contributions in the event aggregate losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts. Any excess funds, which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Any settled claims are not expected to exceed coverage. A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

Assets	<u>\$ 52,645,796</u>
Liabilities	\$ 28,757,242
Capital and surplus	<u>23,888,554</u>
Total	<u>\$ 52,645,796</u>
Revenues	\$ 18,932,979
Investment income and other	<u>405,790</u>
Total revenue	19,338,769
Expenses	<u>14,100,230</u>
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 5,238,539</u>

**NOTE F – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

During the normal course of business, the District may incur claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives have disclosed that they are not aware of any material outstanding claims against the District at December 31, 2016.

Subsequent to December 31, 2016, the District was notified that the water rights previously conveyed to the Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority on behalf of the District are not adequate to support the District’s current and projected usage. On April 19, 2017, the District entered into an agreement with Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority (UERWA) whereby UERWA agreed to provide water services to the District at full build-out and the District agreed to convey 31 acre-feet of water rights to UERWA. Those water rights were previously owned by Smith Creek Metropolitan District (SCMD) and subsequently conveyed from SCMD to Vail Associates (VA) and are now being purchased by the District from VA for \$21,000.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE G – PENSION PLAN**

The District has a 401(a) Profit Sharing Plan which covers substantially all employees. In addition, a defined contribution 457 plan is available to employees of the District. Participating employees contribute, on a tax-deferred basis to both plans, 6.2% of their compensation for the 401(a) and 3% of their compensation for the 457 with the District matching 100% of the contribution. Participants are 100% vested. The District's matching contribution expense for the year ended December 31, 2016 for both plans was \$38,596.

**NOTE H – TABOR AMENDMENT**

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that of the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a new tax revenue gain to any local government. Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple fiscal year or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocable and held for payments in future years.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of the fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service) for fiscal years ended after December 31, 1994. At December 31, 2016, a reserve of \$132,634 was required.

Under TABOR, the initial base for local government spending and revenue limits is December 31, 1992 fiscal year spending. The District's first year of operations ended December 31, 1995. Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

The electorate of the District approved that for purposes other than enterprises, the District be permitted to maintain fiscal year spending and annual District revenues from sources not excluded from fiscal year spending in an amount not to exceed \$65,000,000 in 1994 and each year thereafter, such amount to increase annually in each year after 1994 in an amount not to exceed the applicable limitations of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution and Colorado law.

The District's electorate further approved that the District's taxes be increased \$65,000,000 annually, or by such lesser annual amount as may be necessary to pay the District's general costs, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness. Such taxes may consist of an ad valorem property tax mill levy imposed without limitation of rate and in amounts sufficient to produce the annual increase set forth above or such lesser amount as may be necessary. The revenue from such taxes and any other monies used to pay such general costs, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, and investment income thereon, may be collected and spent by the District without regard to any expenditure, revenue raising, or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

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**NOTE H – TABOR AMENDMENT – CONTINUED**

In 2004 the District's electorate approved the imposition of a mill levy of 12 mills to be used for general operating purposes. The electorate authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all tax revenue received from this mill levy and all revenue received from any source commencing January 1, 2004 as a voter approved exception to the TABOR limits and as a permanent waiver of the 5.5% limitation under Section 29-1-301, C.R.S.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

Year ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property taxes	\$ 786,063	\$ 786,063	\$ 785,146	\$ (917)
Specific ownership taxes	40,233	40,233	37,246	(2,987)
Water user fees	44,500	44,500	46,085	1,585
Interest income	1,500	1,500	2,882	1,382
Total revenues	<u>872,296</u>	<u>872,296</u>	<u>871,359</u>	<u>(937)</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
General government				
Treasurer's fee	23,582	23,582	23,614	(32)
Agent fee	1,000	1,000	275	725
Debt service				
Interest expense	425,071	425,682	400,930	24,752
Principal reduction	1,543,333	2,876,668	2,876,668	-
Contingency	10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Total expenditures	<u>2,002,986</u>	<u>3,336,932</u>	<u>3,301,487</u>	<u>35,445</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,130,690)	(2,464,636)	(2,430,128)	34,508
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>				
Transfers in (out)	1,130,690	2,430,691	2,430,691	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,130,690</u>	<u>2,430,691</u>	<u>2,430,691</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	-	(33,945)	563	34,508
Fund Balance - January 1	<u>290,716</u>	<u>290,716</u>	<u>301,952</u>	<u>11,236</u>
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>\$ 290,716</u>	<u>\$ 256,771</u>	<u>\$ 302,515</u>	<u>\$ 45,744</u>

Bachelor Gulch Metropolitan District

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS

December 31, 2016

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied	Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
			Levied	Collected	
2000	\$ 42,886,320	45.000	\$ 1,929,884	\$ 1,929,884	100.00%
2001	49,293,310	45.000	2,218,199	2,218,199	100.00%
2002	78,713,280	42.500	3,345,314	3,345,315	100.00%
2003	97,058,000	38.000	3,688,204	3,687,707	99.99%
2004	122,451,970	36.000	4,408,271	4,396,163	99.73%
2005	120,297,170	33.000	3,969,807	3,967,165	99.93%
2006	136,096,320	30.000	4,082,889	4,068,857	99.66%
2007	140,587,630	27.000	3,795,866	3,795,581	99.99%
2008	172,540,330	24.000	4,140,967	4,134,006	99.83%
2009	175,913,270	21.000	3,694,179	3,682,201	99.68%
2010	185,494,850	21.000	3,895,392	3,727,297	95.68%
2011	185,760,410	20.000	3,715,208	3,708,781	99.83%
2012	147,705,890	20.000	2,954,118	2,907,233	98.41%
2013	144,880,060	20.000	2,897,601	2,897,601	100.00%
2014	146,331,940	19.000	2,780,307	2,738,657	98.50%
2015	145,137,900	19.000	2,757,620	2,753,993	99.87%
2016	157,212,620	17.000	2,672,615	2,669,496	99.88%
2017	157,722,840	15.000	2,365,843		

NOTE:

Property tax collections in any one year include collection of delinquent taxes assessed in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.